UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

☑ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUA	ANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECUR	LITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
	For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2022	
	OR	
☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUA	ANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECU	RITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
	For the transition period from to	
	Commission File Number: 001-39405	
	MarketWise, Inc.	
(E	xact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charte	r)
Delaware		87-1767914
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)		(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)
1125 N. Charles Street Baltimore, Marylar (Address of principal executive offices)	nd	21201 (Zip Code)
	(Address of principal executive offices, including zip code)	
	(888) 261-2693	
	(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)	
	(Former name or former address, if changed since last report)	
Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:		
Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Class A common stock, \$0.0001 par value per share Warrants to purchase Class A common stock	MKTW MKTWW	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all remonths (or for such shorter period that the registrant was requir Yes \square No	1 1	
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted ele (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for		
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is large accelerate company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accel-		
	1	

Large accelerated filer		Accelerated filer	✓										
Non-accelerated filer		Smaller reporting company											
		Emerging growth company	\square										
If an emerging growth company, in accounting standards provided pure	,	registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new Exchange Act. \Box	ew or revised financial										
Indicate by check mark whether the	Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). \square Yes \square No												
As of August 3, 2022, there were 2 value of \$0.0001 per share, outstan	, ,	istrant's Class A common stock and 291,092,303 shares of the registrant's Class B common	on stock, each with a par										
		2											

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CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains statements that are forward-looking statements within the meaning of federal securities law, and as such are not historical facts. This includes, without limitation, statements regarding our financial position and business strategy, and the plans and objectives of management for our future operations. Such statements can be identified by the fact that they do not relate strictly to historical or current facts. When used in this report, words such as "anticipate," "believe," "continue," "could," "estimate," "expect," "intend," "may," "might," "plan," "possible," "potential," "predict," "project," "should," "strive," "would," and similar expressions may identify forward-looking statements, but the absence of these words does not mean that a statement is not forward-looking. Forward-looking statements are predictions, projections, and other statements about future events that are based on current expectations and assumptions and, as a result, are subject to risks and uncertainties. Many factors could cause actual future events to differ materially from the forward-looking statements in this report, including, but not limited to:

- our ability to attract new subscribers and to persuade existing subscribers to renew their subscription agreements with us and to purchase additional products and services from us:
- · our ability to adequately market our products and services, and to develop additional products and product offerings;
- our ability to manage our growth effectively, including through acquisitions;
- failure to maintain and protect our reputation for trustworthiness and independence;
- our ability to attract, develop, and retain capable management, editors, and other key personnel;
- our ability to grow market share in our existing markets or any new markets we may enter;
- · adverse or weakened conditions in the financial sector, global financial markets, and global economy;
- our ability to respond to and adapt to changes in technology and consumer behavior;
- failure to successfully identify and integrate acquisitions, or dispose of assets and businesses;
- our public securities' potential liquidity and trading;
- the impact of the regulatory environment and complexities with compliance related to such environment;
- the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic;
- · our future capital needs;
- our ability to maintain an effective system of internal control over financial reporting, and to address and remediate existing material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting;
- · our ability to maintain and protect our intellectual property; and
- other factors detailed under the section of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q entitled "Risk Factors."

These forward-looking statements are based on information available as of the date of this report and current expectations, forecasts, and assumptions, and involve a number of judgments, risks, and uncertainties. Additionally, as a result of a number of known and unknown risks and uncertainties, our actual results or performance may be materially different from those expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. Accordingly, forward-looking statements should not be relied upon as representing our views as of any subsequent date, and we do not undertake any obligation to update forward-looking statements for any reason, except as may be required under applicable securities

PART 1—FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements.

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (Unaudited) (In thousands, except share and per share data)

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 151,185	\$ 139,078
Accounts receivable	3,310	7,805
Prepaid expenses	9,241	13,043
Related party receivables	345	496
Related party notes receivable, current	291	298
Restricted cash	_	500
Deferred contract acquisition costs	94,092	82,685
Other current assets	3,261	2,484
Total current assets	261,725	246,389
Property and equipment, net	1,030	1,188
Operating lease right-of-use assets	10,436	10,901
Intangible assets, net	7,660	8,612
Goodwill	23,288	23,288
Deferred contract acquisition costs, noncurrent	114,596	120,386
Related party notes receivable, noncurrent	574	861
Deferred tax assets	6,510	8,964
Other assets	803	965
Total assets	\$ 426,622	\$ 421,554
Liabilities and stockholders' deficit		
Current liabilities:		
Trade and other payables	\$ 1,822	\$ 4,758
Related party payables, net	340	970
Accrued expenses	43,867	46,453
Deferred revenue and other contract liabilities	318,911	317,133
Operating lease liabilities	1,398	1,274
Other current liabilities	19,497	24,905
Total current liabilities	385,835	395,493
Deferred revenue and other contract liabilities, noncurrent	382,145	393,043
Derivative liabilities, noncurrent	1,160	2,015
Warrant liabilities	10,533	29,332
Operating lease liabilities, noncurrent	6,556	6,933
Total liabilities	786,229	 826,816
Commitments and Contingencies		 5_0,010
Stockholders' deficit:		
Common stock - Class A, par value of \$0.0001 per share, 950,000,000 shares authorized; 22,505,103 and 24,718,402 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively	2	2
Common stock - Class B, par value of \$0.0001 per share, 300,000,000 shares authorized; 291,092,303 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively	29	29

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share, unit, per share, and per unit data)

Preferred stock - par value of \$0.0001 per share, 100,000,000 shares authorized; 0 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively	_	_
Additional paid-in capital	90,048	97,548
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(115)	(9)
Accumulated deficit	(128,409)	(146,115)
Total stockholders' deficit attributable to MarketWise, Inc.	(38,445)	(48,545)
Noncontrolling interest	(321,162)	(356,717)
Total stockholders' deficit	(359,607)	(405,262)
Total liabilities, noncontrolling interest, and stockholders' deficit	\$ 426,622	\$ 421,554

 $\label{thm:companying} \textit{In accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements}.$

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (Unaudited)

(In thousands, except per share data)

Three Months Ended June 30. Six Months Ended June 30 2022 2021 2022 2021 Net revenue 127,466 141.884 \$ 264,086 \$ 261,225 726 Related party revenue 548 246 619 Total net revenue 128,014 142,130 264,812 261,844 Operating expenses: Cost of revenue (1)(2) 16,229 26,826 33,846 159,638 Sales and marketing (1)(2) 65,050 56,926 133,287 148,711 General and administrative (1)(2) 20,364 50,909 572,090 64,661 Research and development (2) 2,289 1,927 4,567 3,705 Depreciation and amortization 613 696 1,217 1,447 Related party expense 97 27 194 47 104,642 151,063 224,020 885,638 Total operating expenses 23,372 (8,933)40,792 (623,794)Income (loss) from operations Other income (expense), net 11,923 530 19,219 303 (389)Interest (expense) income, net (218)7 12 35,077 (8,396)59,622 (623,479)Income (loss) before income taxes Income tax expense 1,040 2,562 34,037 (8,396) 57,060 (623,479) Net income (loss) (1,131) Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests 22,156 (501) 39,354 (622,348) 11,881 (7,895)17,706 Net income (loss) attributable to MarketWise, Inc.

Earnings per share - for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022:		
	Three Months Ended June 30, 2022	Six Months Ended June 30, 2022
Net income per Class A common share - basic and diluted	\$ 0.53	\$ 0.77
Weighted average shares outstanding, basic (in thousands)	22,288	23,065
Weighted average shares outstanding, diluted (in thousands)	22,296	23,069

As a result of the Transactions, the capital structure has changed and earnings per share information is only presented for the period after the date of the Transactions. See Note 11 – Earnings Per Share.

(1) Included within cost of revenue, sales and marketing, and general and administrative expenses are stock-based compensation expenses as follows (see Note 10 – Stock-Based Compensation):

Three Months Ended June 30.

	Three Months	Ended June 30,	Six Months E	nded June 30,
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Cost of revenue	525	10,568	1,059	124,916
Sales and marketing	577	840	1,142	14,910
General and administrative	1,347	36,037	2,836	508,694
Total stock based-compensation expense	2,449	47,445	5,037	648,520

⁽²⁾ Cost of revenue, sales and marketing, general and administrative, and research and development expenses are exclusive of depreciation and amortization shown as a separate line item

 $\label{thm:companying} \textit{The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements}.$

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) (Unaudited)

(In thousands)

	Three Months	Ended	l June 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,			
	 2022		2021	2022		2021	
Net income (loss)	\$ 34,037	\$	(8,396)	\$ 57,060	\$	(623,479)	
Other comprehensive loss:							
Cumulative translation adjustment	(89)		(84)	(106)		(101)	
Total comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 33,948	\$	(8,480)	\$ 56,954	\$	(623,580)	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Deficit / Members' Deficit (Unaudited) (In thousands, except share, unit, per share, and per unit data)

		A Members'	Cla	on Stock -	Cla	on Stock -		red Stock	Additional paid-in	Accumulated	Accumulated Other Comprehensive		Noncontrolling	Total Stockholders' Deficit / Members'
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Snares	Amount	Snares	Amount	capital	deficit	Income (Loss)	Inc.	Interest	Deficit
Balance at April 1, 2021	528,519	\$(1,543,098)	_	\$ —	_	\$ —	_	s —	\$ —	s —	\$ (34)	\$ (1,543,132)	\$ (5,935)	\$ (1,549,067)
Foreign currency translation														
adjustments	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(84)	(84)	_	(84)
Distributions	_	(1,181)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(1,181)	(581)	(1,762)
Net loss	_	(7,895)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(7,895)	(501)	(8,396)
Balance at June 30, 2021	528,519	\$(1,552,174)		s —		s —		s —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ (118)	\$ (1,552,292)	\$ (7,017)	\$ (1,559,309)

	Common Stock - Class A Common Stock - Class						Preferred Stock Additional paid-in Accumulated				ccumulated	Accumulated Other Comprehensive	Total Stockholders' Deficit Attributable to MarketWise,	Noncontrolling	Total Stockholders'	
	Shares	Amo	ount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amoun	t	capital		deficit	Income (Loss)	Inc.	Interest	Deficit	
Balance at April 1, 2022	22,574,956	\$	2	291,092,303	\$ 29	_	s –	- \$	88,645	\$	(140,290)	\$ (26)	\$ (51,640)	\$ (342,371)	\$ (394,011)	
Equity-based compensation	_		_	_	_	_	_		2,449		_	_	2,449	_	2,449	
Proceeds from issuance of common stock			_	_	_	_	_	-	517		_	_	517	_	517	
Repurchases of stock	(341,271)		_	_	_	_	_	-	(1,563)		_	_	(1,563)	_	(1,563)	
Vesting of restricted stock units	110,240		_	_	_	_	_	-	_		_	_	_	_	_	
Distributions	_		_	_	_	_			_		_		_	(947)	(947)	
Foreign currency translation adjustments	_		_	_	_	_	_	-	_		_	(89)	(89)	_	(89)	
Net income (see note below)	_		_	_	_	_	_		_		11,881	_	11,881	22,156	34,037	
Balance at June 30, 2022	22,505,103	\$	2	291,092,303	\$ 29		\$ –	- \$	90,048	\$	(128,409)	\$ (115)	\$ (38,445)	\$ (321,162)	\$ (359,607)	

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Deficit / Members' Deficit (Unaudited) (In thousands, except share, unit, per share, and per unit data)

		A Members' units Amount	Cla	on Stock - ass A Amount	Cla	on Stock - ass B Amount	Prefer	red Stock Amount	Additional paid-in capital	Accumulated deficit	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Total Stockholders' Deficit / Members' Deficit Attributable to MarketWise, Inc.	Noncontrolling Interest	Total Stockholders' Deficit / Members' Deficit
Balance at January 1, 2021	547,466	\$ (914,728)	_	\$ —	_	\$ —	_	\$ —	s —	\$ —	\$ (17)	\$ (914,745)	\$ (5,865)	\$ (920,610)
Class A units transferred to Class B	(18,947)		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Acquisition of Chaikin	f 	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	810	810
Foreign currency translation adjustments	s —	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(101)	(101)	_	(101)
Distributions	_	(15,098)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(15,098)	(831)	(15,929)
Net loss	_	(622,348)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(622,348)	(1,131)	(623,479)
Balance at June 30, 2021	528,519	\$(1,552,174)		\$ —		\$ —		\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ (118)	\$ (1,552,292)	\$ (7,017)	\$ (1,559,309)

		nmon Stock - Common Stock - Class Class A B Preferred Sto					Additional paid-in	Accumulated	Accumulated Other Comprehensive	Total Stockholders' Deficit Attributable to MarketWise,	Noncontrolling	Total Stockholders'
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	capital	deficit	Income (Loss)	Inc.	Interest	Deficit
Balance at January 1, 2022	24,718,402	\$ 2	291,092,303	\$ 29	_	s —	\$ 97,548	\$ (146,115)	\$ (9)	\$ (48,545)	\$ (356,717)	\$ (405,262)
Equity-based compensation	_	_	_	_	_	_	5,037	_	_	5,037	_	5,037
Proceeds from issuance of common stock		_	_	_	_	_	517	_	_	517	_	517
Repurchases of stock	(2,484,717)	_	_	_	_	_	(13,054)	_	_	(13,054)	_	(13,054)
Vesting of restricted stock units	110,240	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Distributions	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(3,799)	(3,799)
Foreign currency translation adjustments	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(106)	(106)	_	(106)
Net income (see note below)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	17,706	_	17,706	39,354	57,060
Balance at June 30, 2022	22,505,103	\$ 2	291,092,303	\$ 29		s –	\$ 90,048	\$ (128,409)	\$ (115)	\$ (38,445)	\$ (321,162)	\$ (359,607)

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Deficit / Members' Deficit (Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share, unit, per share, and per unit data)

Note: The Transactions occurred on July 21, 2021. As a result, net loss for the six months ended June 30, 2021 was attributed to the pre-Transaction period and net income for the six months ended June 30, 2022 was attributed to the post-Transaction period. During the pre-Transaction period, net loss was attributable to consolidated MarketWise, LLC and its respective noncontrolling interests. During the post-Transaction period, net income was attributable to consolidated MarketWise, Inc. and its respective noncontrolling interests. As of June 30, 2022, MarketWise, Inc.'s controlling interest in MarketWise, LLC is 7.2% and the noncontrolling interest was 92.8%. For the three months ended June 30, 2022, net income attributable to controlling interests included a \$12.1 million gain on warrant liabilities and a \$1.0 million tax provision, both of which are 100% attributable to the controlling interest.

		interests	N	interests		Total
Net loss of MarketWise, LLC attributed to the pre-Transaction period from April 1, 2021 through June 32021	30,	\$ (7,895) \$	(501)	\$	(8,396)
Net income of MarketWise, Inc. attributed to the post-Transaction period from April 1, 2022 through Jul 30, 2022	ine	\$ 11,881	\$	22,156	\$	34,037
Net loss of MarketWise, LLC attributed to the pre-Transaction period from January 1, 2021 through Jun 30, 2021		\$(622,348) \$	(1,131)	\$(623,479)
Net income of MarketWise, Inc. attributed to the post-Transaction period from January 1, 2022 through $30,2022$	June	§ 17,706	\$	39,354	\$	57,060

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

(In thousands)

		Six Months Ended June 30,		
		2022		2021
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Net income (loss)	\$	57,060	\$	(623,479)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization		1,217		1,447
Impairment of right-of-use assets		287		_
Stock-based compensation		5,037		43,880
Change in fair value of derivative liabilities – Class B Units		_		598,533
Change in fair value of derivative liabilities – other		(19,654)		(1,726)
Deferred taxes		2,454		_
Unrealized gains on foreign currency		(132)		(79)
Noncash lease expense		906		908
Gain on sale of cryptocurrencies		_		(105)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable		4,495		3,433
Related party receivables and payables, net		(479)		(1,185)
Prepaid expenses		3,802		619
Other current assets and other assets		(615)		(83)
Cryptocurrency intangible assets				109
Deferred contract acquisition costs		(5,617)		(74,341)
Trade and other payables		(2,804)		(7,172)
Accrued expenses		(2,586)		32,946
Deferred revenue		(9,120)		172,849
Operating lease liabilities		(981)		(565)
Other current and long-term liabilities		(5,408)		5,229
Net cash provided by operating activities		27.862	-	151,218
Cash flows from investing activities:		.,,		
Cash paid for Chaikin acquisition, net of cash acquired		_		(7,139)
Purchases of property and equipment		(26)		(62)
Purchases of intangible assets		()		(857)
Capitalized software development costs		(81)		(20)
Net cash used in investing activities		(107)	-	(8,078)
Cash flows from financing activities:		(107)		(0,070)
Issuance of related party notes receivable		_		(292)
Proceeds from related party notes receivable, net		294		287
Proceeds from issuance of common stock		517		_
Repurchases of stock		(13,054)		_
Distributions to members		(15,051)		(15,098)
Distributions to noncontrolling interests		(3,799)		(831)
Net cash used in financing activities		(16,042)		(15,934)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash		(106)		(101)
Net increase in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash		11,607		127,105
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash — beginning of period		139,578		114,927
	<u> </u>		Φ.	
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash — end of period	\$	151,185	\$	242,032

 $\label{thm:companying} \textit{The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements}.$

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except share, unit, per share, and per unit data)

1. Organization

Description of Business and Basis of Presentation

MarketWise, Inc. ("MarketWise," "the Company," "we," "us," or "our") is a holding company that has no material assets other than its ownership in MarketWise, LLC (formerly Beacon Street Group, LLC), and operates and controls all of the businesses and operations of MarketWise, LLC and its subsidiaries. The Company provides independent investment research for investors around the world. We believe we are a leading content and technology multi-brand platform for self-directed investors. We offer a comprehensive portfolio of high-quality, independent investment research, as well as several software and analytical tools, on a subscription basis.

While our headquarters are in Baltimore, Maryland, we operate multiple subsidiaries in the United States.

Reverse Recapitalization with Ascendant Digital Acquisition Corp.

On July 21, 2021, as contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement, dated as of March 1, 2021, by and among Ascendant Digital Acquisition Corp. ("ADAC"), MarketWise, LLC, all of the members of MarketWise, LLC (the "MarketWise Members"), and Shareholder Representative Services LLC, (as amended, the "Transaction Agreement"), ADAC was domesticated and continues as a Delaware corporation, changing its name to "MarketWise, Inc."

As a result of, and upon the effective time thereof, among other things, (1) each of the then issued and outstanding Class A ordinary shares, par value \$0.0001 per share, of ADAC (the "ADAC Class A ordinary shares") automatically converted, on a one-for-one basis, into a share of Class A common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share, of MarketWise, Inc. (the "Class A common stock"); (2) each of the then issued and outstanding redeemable warrants of ADAC automatically converted into a redeemable warrant to acquire one share of Class A common stock (the "warrants"); and (3) each of the then issued and outstanding units of ADAC that had not been previously separated into the underlying ADAC Class A ordinary shares and underlying warrants upon the request of the holder thereof were cancelled and entitled the holder thereof to one share of Class A common stock and one-half of one warrant. No fractional warrants were issued upon such separation.

On July 21, 2021, as contemplated by the Transaction Agreement, MarketWise, Inc. and MarketWise, LLC consummated the business combination contemplated by the Transaction Agreement whereby (i) MarketWise, LLC restructured its capitalization, appointed MarketWise, Inc. as its managing member, and issued to MarketWise, Inc. 28,003,096 common units of MarketWise, LLC (the "MarketWise Units"), and 30,979,993 warrants to purchase MarketWise Units and (ii) MarketWise, Inc. issued 291,092,303 shares of Class B common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share, of MarketWise, Inc. (the "Class B common stock" and, together with the Class A common stock, the "common stock" to the MarketWise Members.

As previously announced, on March 1, 2021, concurrently with the execution of the Transaction Agreement, ADAC entered into subscription agreements (the "Subscription Agreements") with certain investors (collectively, the "PIPE Investors") who subscribed for 15,000,000 shares of Class A common stock at \$10.00 per share for an aggregate commitment amount of \$150 million (the "PIPE Investment" and, together with the other transactions described above and all transactions contemplated by or pursuant to the Transaction Agreement, the "Transactions"). The PIPE Investment was consummated on July 21, 2021 substantially concurrently with the closing of the other Transactions.

Immediately after giving effect to the Transactions, there were 28,003,096 shares of Class A common stock (including 3,051,000 Sponsor Earn Out Shares (as defined and discussed in our Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") on July 28, 2021) the "Original Report"), 291,092,303 shares of Class B common stock, and 30,979,993 warrants outstanding (including 10,280,000 Private Placement Warrants (as defined in the Original Report)). Upon the consummation of the Transactions, ADAC's ordinary shares, warrants, and units ceased trading on The New York Stock Exchange, and MarketWise, Inc.'s Class A common stock and warrants began trading on the Nasdaq under the symbols "MKTW" and "MKTW W," respectively.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except share, unit, per share, and per unit data)

Immediately after giving effect to the Transactions, (1) ADAC's public shareholders owned approximately 0.1% of the outstanding MarketWise, Inc. common stock, (2) the MarketWise Members owned approximately 91.2% of the outstanding MarketWise, Inc. common stock, (3) Ascendant Sponsor LP, a Cayman Islands exempted limited partnership and related parties (the "Sponsor") collectively owned approximately 3.2% of the outstanding MarketWise, Inc. common stock (including 3,051,000 Sponsor Earn Out Shares), and (4) the PIPE Investors owned approximately 4.7% of the outstanding MarketWise, Inc. common stock.

The Transaction was accounted for as a reverse recapitalization in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("GAAP"). Under the guidance in Accounting Standards Codifications ("ASC") Topic 805, MarketWise, LLC is treated as the "acquirer" for financial reporting purposes. As such, MarketWise, LLC is deemed the accounting predecessor of the combined business and MarketWise, Inc. the successor registrant for SEC purposes, meaning that MarketWise, LLC's financial statements for previous periods will be disclosed in the registrant's future periodic reports filed with the SEC. The reverse recapitalization was treated as the equivalent of MarketWise, LLC issuing stock for the net assets of ADAC, accompanied by a recapitalization.

As part of the recapitalization Transactions, we recorded net cash proceeds from the Transactions of \$113.6 million in equity. This cash amount includes: (1) the reclassification of ADAC's Trust Account of \$414.6 million to cash and cash equivalents that became available at the time of the Transactions; (2) proceeds of \$150.0 million from the issuance and sale of MarketWise Class A common stock in the PIPE investment; (3) payment of \$48.8 million in non-recurring transaction costs; (4) settlement of \$14.5 million in deferred underwriters' discount; and (5) the payment of \$387.7 million to redeeming shareholders of ADAC. We also recorded (1) \$45.0 million in equity related to the establishment of the initial value of deferred taxes.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Consolidation

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of MarketWise, Inc. and its subsidiary, MarketWise, LLC, a variable interest entity ("VIE") for which MarketWise, Inc. is deemed to be the primary beneficiary.

MarketWise, Inc. is a holding company that owns a minority economic interest in MarketWise, LLC but, through its role as the managing member of MarketWise, LLC, controls all of the business and operations of MarketWise, LLC. Therefore, MarketWise, LLC and its subsidiaries are included in the Company's consolidated financial statements. As of June 30, 2022, MarketWise, Inc. had a 7.2% ownership interest in MarketWise, LLC.

The Company determined that MarketWise, LLC is the primary beneficiary of a VIE, Stansberry Pacific Research, and therefore, the assets, liabilities, and results of operations of the VIE are included in the Company's consolidated financial statements. For more information on Stansberry Pacific Research, see *Note 14 – Variable Interest Entities*.

The condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

The accompanying statements of operations include expenses for certain functions historically performed by a related party, including general corporate services, such as legal, accounting, treasury, information technology, human resources and administration. These expenses are based primarily on direct usage when identifiable, direct capital expenditures or other relevant allocations during the respective periods. We believe the assumptions underlying the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements, including the assumptions regarding these expenses from this related party, are reasonable. Actual results may differ from these expenses, assumptions and estimates. The amounts recorded in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements are not

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except share, unit, per share, and per unit data)

necessarily indicative of the actual amount of such indirect expenses that would have been recorded had we been a separate independent entity.

Unaudited Interim Financial Information

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and the related footnote disclosures have been prepared by us in accordance with GAAP for interim financial reporting and as required by Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements may not include all of the information and notes required by GAAP for audited financial statements. The year-end December 31, 2021 condensed consolidated balance sheet data included herein was derived from audited financial statements but does not include all disclosures required by GAAP for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments, consisting of items of a normal and recurring nature, necessary to present fairly our financial position as of June 30, 2022, the results of operations, comprehensive income (loss), stockholders' deficit / members' deficit, and cash flows for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021. The results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year. The information contained herein should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021 filed with the SEC. Management considers events or transactions that occur after the balance sheet date but before the financial statements are issued to provide additional evidence relative to certain estimates or to identify matters that require additional disclosure. Subsequent events have been evaluated through the date of issuance of these financial statements.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Significant estimates and assumptions made in the accompanying financial statements include, but are not limited to, the fair value of common units, derivatives, warrants, valuation of assets acquired and liabilities assumed in business combinations, useful lives of intangible assets with definite lives, benefit period of deferred contract acquisition costs, determination of standalone selling prices, estimated life of membership customers, recoverability of goodwill and long-lived assets, valuation allowances on deferred tax assets, the incremental borrowing rates to calculate lease liabilities and right-of-use ("ROU") assets and certain accruals. We evaluate our estimates and assumptions on an ongoing basis using historical experience and other factors and adjust those estimates and assumptions when facts and circumstances dictate. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Emerging Growth Company

We are an "emerging growth company," as defined in Section 2(a) of the Securities Act, as modified by the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act of 2012 (the "JOBS Act"), and we may take advantage of certain exemptions from various reporting requirements that are applicable to other public companies that are not emerging growth companies including, but not limited to, not being required to comply with the independent registered public accounting firm attestation requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, reduced disclosure obligations regarding executive compensation in its periodic reports and proxy statements, and exemptions from the requirements of holding a nonbinding advisory vote on executive compensation and stockholder approval of any golden parachute payments not previously approved.

Further, Section 102(b)(1) of the JOBS Act exempts emerging growth companies from being required to comply with new or revised financial accounting standards until private companies (that is, those that have not had a Securities Act registration statement declared effective or do not have a class of securities registered under the Exchange Act) are required to comply with the new or revised financial accounting standards. The JOBS Act provides that an emerging growth company can elect to opt out of the extended transition period and comply with the requirements that apply to non-emerging growth companies but any such election to opt out is irrevocable. We have elected not to opt out of such extended transition period, which means that when a standard is issued or revised

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except share, unit, per share, and per unit data)

and it has different application dates for public or private companies, we, as an emerging growth company, can adopt the new or revised standard at the time private companies adopt the new or revised standard. This may make comparison of our unaudited condensed financial statements with another public company that is neither an emerging growth company nor an emerging growth company that has opted out of using the extended transition period difficult or impossible because of the potential differences in accounting standards used.

Segment Information

Operating segments are components of an enterprise for which separate financial information is available and is evaluated regularly by our chief operating decision-maker ("CODM") in deciding how to allocate resources and assess performance. Our Chief Executive Officer serves as the CODM.

Based on the financial information presented to and reviewed by our CODM in assessing our performance and for the purposes of allocating resources, we have determined our operating subsidiaries represent individual operating segments with similar economic characteristics that meet the criteria for aggregation into a single reporting segment for financial statement purposes. Accordingly, we have a single reportable segment.

Long-lived assets outside the United States were immaterial as of June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021.

Stock-Based Compensation

Stock-based compensation expenses are included in cost of revenue, sales and marketing, and general and administrative expenses in a manner consistent with the employee's salary and benefits in the condensed consolidated statements of operations.

2021 Incentive Award Plan

On July 21, 2021, the MarketWise, Inc. 2021 Incentive Award Plan (the "2021 Incentive Award Plan") became effective. MarketWise has reserved a total of 32,045,000 shares of MarketWise Class A common stock for issuance pursuant to the 2021 Incentive Award Plan and the maximum number of shares that may be issued pursuant to the exercise of incentive stock options granted under the 2021 Incentive Award Plan is 32,045,000, in each case, subject to certain adjustments set forth therein. See also *Note 10 – Stock-Based Compensation*.

The 2021 Incentive Award Plan provides for the grant of stock options, including incentive stock options, or ISOs, and nonqualified stock options, or NSOs; restricted stock; restricted stock units, or RSUs; stock appreciation rights, or SARs; and other stock or cash-based awards.

Equity-based compensation with service conditions made to employees is measured based on the grant date fair value of the awards and recognized as compensation expense over the period during which the recipient is required to perform services in exchange for the award (the requisite service period). We have elected to use a straight-line attribution method for recognizing compensation costs relating to awards that have service conditions only. Forfeitures are recorded as they occur.

2021 ESPP

As a result of the Transactions, we adopted the 2021 Employee Stock Purchase Plan ("ESPP"). Under the ESPP, the Company authorizes the grant of the right to purchase shares of Class A common stock by employees who qualify under the ESPP. The Company has reserved for issuance a total of 6,409,000 shares of Class A common stock for the ESPP. The ESPP became effective on January 1, 2022 and the initial offering period began on January 1, 2022 and ended on June 30, 2022.

The ESPP is implemented through a series of offerings under which eligible employees are granted purchase rights to purchase shares of the Company's Class A common stock on specified dates during such offerings. Under the ESPP, the Company has determined the offering period to occur in six month intervals, with the purchase occurring as of the last trading day of each offering period. On each purchase date, eligible employees will purchase the shares at a price per share equal to 85% of the lesser of (1) the fair market value of the Company's Class A common stock on the first trading day of the offering period, or (2) the fair market value of the Company's Class A

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except share, unit, per share, and per unit data)

common stock on the purchase date, as defined in the ESPP. The fair value of the ESPP is determined using the Monte Carlo model as of the beginning of each offering period and is expensed ratably over the six month offering period.

Class B Units

As more fully described above, we completed our Transactions in July 2021, and all Class B Units fully vested as of the transaction date, and the original operating agreement was terminated and replaced by a new operating agreement consistent with the Company's Up-C structure. This new operating agreement does not contain the put and call options that existed under the previous operating agreement, and the Common Units are treated as common equity under the new operating agreement and do not generate stock-based compensation expense.

Prior to the Transactions, under the old operating agreement, and as part of our compensation and retention strategy, we granted incentive compensation units ("Class B Units") to certain key employees, which are profit interests for United States federal income tax purposes. The Class B Units were accounted for as a substantive class of equity and allowed the recipient to realize value only to the extent that the value of the award appreciated.

The Class B Units contained service-based vesting conditions and had different vesting terms depending upon the employee which ranged from vesting immediately to eight years; vesting was accelerated upon the completion of the Transactions. Compensation cost was recognized on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period until vesting for the entire award, but at least equaled the number of vested units determined by the underlying vesting schedule. Forfeitures were accounted for in the period in which they occurred

The Class B Units were subject to a put and call option whereby we could elect to redeem or be required to redeem these units at a value determined by a predefined formula based on a multiplier of our net income as defined by management. Employees may not exercise the put option until 25 months have elapsed from the issuance date. Since the redemption price is not representative of fair value, the employees are not considered to be subject to the risks and rewards of share ownership, and the Class B Units were classified as liabilities in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet. Prior to the completion of the Transactions, the liability for Class B units was remeasured to fair value at the end of each reporting period.

Since Class B Units were classified as liabilities, all cash distributions made to the unitholders of the Class B Units pursuant to our operating agreement were considered to be stock-based compensation expenses. Upon consummation of the Transactions, the old operating agreement was terminated and a new operating agreement was adopted. This new operating agreement does not contain the put and call options that existed under the previous operating agreement, and the Common Units are treated as common equity under the new operating agreement and do not generate stock-based compensation expense.

Noncontrolling Interest

Noncontrolling interest represents the Company's noncontrolling interest in consolidated subsidiaries which are not attributable, directly or indirectly, to the controlling Class A common stock ownership of the Company.

The Transactions occurred on July 21, 2021. As a result, net income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2021 was attributed to the pre-Transaction period from January 1, 2021 through July 21, 2021 and to the post-Transaction period from July 22, 2021 through December 31, 2021.

Net income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 was fully in the post-Transaction period and therefore attributable to consolidated MarketWise, Inc. and its respective noncontrolling interests. As of June 30, 2022, MarketWise, Inc.'s controlling interest in MarketWise, LLC was 7.2% and the noncontrolling interest was 92.8%. For the three months ended June 30, 2022 net income attributable to controlling interests included a \$12,082 gain on warrant liabilities and a \$1,040 tax provision, and for the six months ended June 30, 2022 net income attributable to controlling interests included a \$18,799 gain on warrant liabilities and a \$2,562 tax provision, both of which are 100% attributable to the controlling interest.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except share, unit, per share, and per unit data)

Net loss for three and six months ended June 30, 2021 was fully in the pre-Transaction period and therefore attributable to consolidated MarketWise, LLC and its respective noncontrolling interests.

Earnings Per Share

Basic net income per share is based on the weighted average number of shares of Class A common stock issued and outstanding during the period. Diluted net income per share is based on the weighted average number of shares of Class A common stock issued and outstanding and the effect of all dilutive common stock equivalents and potentially dilutive share based compensation awards outstanding during the period.

3. Revenue Recognition

Disaggregation of revenues

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The following table depicts the disaggregation of revenue according to customer type and is consistent with how we evaluate our financial performance. We believe this depicts how the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows are affected by economic factors.

Advertising

Subscriptions

Three Months Ended June 30, 2022

Revenue Share (Related Party)

Revenue Share (Third-

party)

Total

Timing of transfer:						
Transferred over time	\$	127,231	\$	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 127,231
Transferred at a point in time		_	160	548	75	783
Total	\$	127,231	\$ 160	\$ 548	\$ 75	\$ 128,014
			T	aree Months Ended June 30, 2	2021	
	Su	bscriptions	Advertising	Revenue Share (Related Party)	Revenue Share (Third- party)	Total
Timing of transfer:						
Transferred over time	\$	140,884	\$	\$ —	\$	\$ 140,884
Transferred at a point in time			635	246	365	1,246
Total	\$	140,884	\$ 635	\$ 246	\$ 365	\$ 142,130
			5	Six Months Ended June 30, 20)22	
	Su	bscriptions	Advertising	Revenue Share (Related Party)	Revenue Share (Third- party)	Total
Timing of transfer:	Su	bscriptions	Advertising			Total
Timing of transfer: Transferred over time	Su \$	bscriptions 263,331	Ü			* 263,331
		•	Ü	Party) `	party) `	
Transferred over time		•	\$ —	Party) \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	party) _	\$ 263,331
Transferred over time Transferred at a point in time		263,331	\$ — 437 \$ 437	Party) - 726	\$ — 318 \$ 318	\$ 263,331 1,481
Transferred over time Transferred at a point in time	\$	263,331	\$ — 437 \$ 437	\$ — 726 \$ 726	\$ — 318 \$ 318	\$ 263,331 1,481
Transferred over time Transferred at a point in time	\$	263,331 ——————————————————————————————————	\$ 437 \$ 437	Party) \$ — 726 \$ 726 \$ 726 Six Months Ended June 30, 20 Revenue Share (Related	\$ — 318 \$ 318 \$ 318 \$ STATE OF THE	\$ 263,331 1,481 \$ 264,812
Transferred over time Transferred at a point in time Total	\$	263,331 ——————————————————————————————————	\$ — 437 \$ 437 Advertising	Party) \$ — 726 \$ 726 \$ 726 Six Months Ended June 30, 20 Revenue Share (Related	\$ — 318 \$ 318 \$ 318 \$ STATE OF THE	\$ 263,331 1,481 \$ 264,812

Revenue recognition by subscription type was as follows:

Transferred at a point in time

Total

258,531

1,545

1,545

619

619

1,149

1,149

261,844

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except share, unit, per share, and per unit data)

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,			
	 2022		2021		2022		2021	
Membership subscriptions	\$ 49,852	\$	49,867	\$	101,304	\$	90,031	
Term subscriptions	77,379		91,017		162,027		168,500	
Non-subscription revenue	783		1,246		1,481		3,313	
Total	\$ 128,014	\$	142,130	\$	264,812	\$	261,844	

Revenue for the Membership and Term subscription types are determined based on the terms of the subscription agreements. Non-subscription revenue consists of revenue from advertising and other revenue.

Net revenue by principal geographic areas was as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,				
		2022		2021		2022		2021	
United States	\$	128,001	\$	141,599	\$	264,712	\$	260,873	
International		13		531		100		971	
Total	\$	128,014	\$	142,130	\$	264,812	\$	261,844	

Revenue by location is determined by the billing entity for the customer.

Contract Balances

The timing of revenue recognition, Billings, cash collections and refunds affects the recognition of accounts receivable, contract assets and deferred revenue. Our current deferred revenue balance in the condensed consolidated balance sheets includes an obligation for refunds for contracts where the provision for refund has not lapsed. Accounts receivable, deferred revenue and obligation for refunds are as follows:

		As of			
	J	June 30, 2022		December 31, 2021	
Contract balances					
Accounts receivable	\$	3,310	\$	7,805	
Obligations for refunds	\$	5,373	\$	5,590	
Deferred revenue – current	\$	313,538	\$	311,543	
Deferred revenue – non-current	\$	382,145	\$	393,043	

We recognized \$83,664 and \$81,840 of revenue during the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, and \$193,394 and \$176,678 during the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, that was included within the beginning contract liability balance of the respective periods. The Company has collected all amounts included in deferred revenue other than \$3,310 and \$7,805 as of June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively, related to the timing of cash settlement with our credit card processors.

Assets Recognized from Costs to Obtain a Contract with a Customer

The following table presents the opening and closing balances of our capitalized costs associated with contracts with customers:

Balance at January 1, 2022	\$ 203,071
Royalties and sales commissions – additions	19,942
Revenue share and cost per acquisition fees – additions	32,228
Amortization of capitalized costs	(46,553)
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$ 208,688

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except share, unit, per share, and per unit data)

We did not recognize any impairment on capitalized costs associated with contracts with customers for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021.

Remaining Performance Obligations

As of June 30, 2022, the Company had \$701,056 of remaining performance obligations presented as deferred revenue in the condensed consolidated balance sheets. We expect to recognize approximately 45% of that amount as revenues over the next twelve months, with the remainder recognized thereafter.

4. Acquisitions

Chaikin

On January 21, 2021, we acquired 90% ownership of Chaikin Holdings LLC ("Chaikin") a provider of analytical tools and software for investors, for cash of \$7,139, net of cash acquired. We acquired Chaikin to expand our product offerings and our customer base. The Chaikin acquisition was accounted for using the acquisition method of accounting for business combinations. The following table summarizes the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed as of the acquisition date:

Cash	\$ 151
Other current assets	138
Customer relationships	3,664
Tradenames	657
Software	247
Goodwill	5,187
Other noncurrent assets	 443
Total assets acquired	10,487
Liabilities assumed	(2,387)
Net assets acquired	\$ 8,100
Cash consideration	\$ 7,290
Noncontrolling interest	810
Total consideration	\$ 8,100

The excess purchase consideration over the fair values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed was recorded as goodwill. The goodwill arising from the acquisition is largely attributable to synergies which we expect to achieve from cross-marketing and providing complementary products to our existing and acquired customers, and is expected to be fully deductible for tax purposes. The acquired intangible assets of Chaikin are amortized over their estimated useful lives. Accordingly, the trade name will be amortized over 8.5 years and customer relationships will be amortized over 6 years. Amortization for the acquired intangible assets was \$171 and \$206 for the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, and \$341 and \$362 for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

5. Goodwill and Intangible Assets, Net

Goodwill

The carrying amounts of goodwill are as follows:

Balance at December 31, 2021	\$ 23,288
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$ 23,288

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except share, unit, per share, and per unit data)

June 30, 2022

1,087

1,087

8,612

Intangible assets, net

Internet domain names

Intangible assets, net

Indefinite-lived intangible assets, net

Intangible assets, net consisted of the following as of the dates indicated:

		Cost	Accumulated Amortization	Net Book Value		Weighted-Average Remaining Useful Life (in years)
Finite-lived intangible assets:						
Customer relationships	\$	12,368	\$ (8,709)	\$	3,659	4.0
Tradenames		3,578	(2,033)		1,545	4.9
Capitalized software development costs		2,947	(1,578)		1,369	2.5
Finite-lived intangible assets, net		18,893	(12,320)		6,573	
Indefinite-lived intangible assets:						
Internet domain names		1,087			1,087	
Indefinite-lived intangible assets, net		1,087	_		1,087	
Intangible assets, net	\$	19,980	\$ (12,320)	\$	7,660	
			Dec	emb	per 31, 2021	
		Cost	Accumulated Amortization		Net Book Value	Weighted-Average Remaining Useful Life (in years)
Finite-lived intangible assets:						
Customer relationships	\$	12,368	\$ (8,105)	\$	4,263	4.4
Tradenames		3,578	(1,838)		1,740	5.3
Capitalized software development costs		2,866	(1,344)		1,522	3.1
Finite-lived intangible assets, net	_	18,812	(11,287)		7,525	
Indefinite-lived intangible assets:						

We recorded amortization expense related to finite-lived intangible assets of \$531 and \$582 for the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, and \$1,033 and \$1,223 for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, within depreciation and amortization in the accompanying condensed consolidated statement of operations. These amounts include amortization of capitalized software development costs of \$130 and \$102 for the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, and \$235 and \$203 for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

1,087

1,087

19,899

(11,287)

We recorded additions to capitalized software development costs of \$50 and \$81 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, respectively. We recorded additions to capitalized software development costs of \$267 for the six months ended June 30, 2021, which includes acquired software of \$247.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except share, unit, per share, and per unit data)

As of June 30, 2022, the total expected future amortization expense for finite-lived intangible assets is as follows:

Remainder of 2022	\$ 1,095
2023	1,990
2024	1,500
2025	993
2026	745
Thereafter	250
Finite-lived intangible assets, net	\$ 6,573

6. Fair Value Measurements

The following tables summarize our financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis by level within the fair value hierarchy as of the dates indicated:

June 30, 2022

	<u></u>	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Aggregate Fair Value
Assets:					
Money market funds	\$	40,501	\$	\$ —	\$ 40,501
Total assets		40,501	_	_	40,501
Liabilities:					
Derivative liabilities, noncurrent		_	_	1,160	1,160
Warrant liabilities - Public Warrants		7,038	_	_	7,038
Warrant liabilities - Private Placement Warrants		_	_	3,495	3,495
Total liabilities	\$	7,038	<u> </u>	\$ 4,655	\$ 11,693
			Decemb	per 31, 2021	
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Aggregate Fair Value
Assets:					
M 1 4 6 1	Φ.	25.001	Φ.	Φ	0.5.001

Fair Value
25,001
25,001
2,015
19,599
9,733
31,347

The level 3 liabilities that related to our Class B Units and certain employee and non-employee contracts with embedded derivatives, see *Note 8 – Derivative Financial Instruments* and *Note 10 – Stock-Based Compensation*.

The fair value of the Public Warrants was measured based on the listed market price of such warrants at the end of the reporting period. The fair value of the Private Placement Warrants was estimated using a Monte Carlo simulation model at the end of the reporting period. The Company estimates the fair value of the warrants at each reporting period, with changes in fair value recognized in the condensed consolidated statements of operations.

The estimated fair value of the warrant liabilities – Public Warrants is determined using Level 1 inputs. The estimated fair value of the warrant liabilities – Private Placement Warrants is determined using Level 3 inputs.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except share, unit, per share, and per unit data)

Inherent in a Monte Carlo simulation are assumptions related to expected stock-price volatility, expected life and risk-free interest rate. The Company estimates the volatility of its ordinary shares based on historical volatility of select peer companies that matches the expected remaining life of the warrants. The risk-free interest rate is based on the U.S. Treasury zero-coupon yield curve on the grant date for a maturity similar to the expected remaining life of the warrants. The expected life of the warrants is assumed to be equivalent to their remaining contractual term.

> As of June 30, 2022

The following table provides quantitative information regarding Level 3 fair value measurements inputs at their measurement dates:

	our	10 50, 2022
Stock price	\$	3.60
Exercise Price	\$	11.50
Expected life of the warrants to convert (years)		4.06
Volatility		47.00 %
Risk-free rate		2.96 %
The following table summarizes the change in fair value of the derivative liabilities during the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021:		
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$	31,347
Change in fair value of derivative instruments		(19,654)
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$	11,693
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$	597,578
Incremental Class B Units		(1,726)
Change in fair value of derivative instruments		43,880
Change in fair value of Class B Units		598,533
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$	1,238,265

The following table summarizes the change in fair value of the Class B Units by income statement line item during the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021:

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,			
		2022		2021		2022		2021
Cost of revenue	\$		\$	10,446	\$	_	\$	112,389
Sales and marketing		_		840		_		8,263
General and administrative		_		35,703		_		477,881
Total change in fair value of Class B Units	\$	_	\$	46,989	\$	_	\$	598,533

To derive the fair value of the Class B Units, we estimated the fair value of Class B Units using a valuation technique. For more information regarding the valuation of the Class B Units, see Note 10 - Stock-Based Compensation.

As more fully described in Note 1, we completed our Transactions in July 2021, and all Class B Units fully vested as of the transaction date, and the original operating agreement was terminated and replaced by a new operating agreement consistent with the Company's Up-C structure. This new operating agreement does not contain the put and call options that existed under the previous operating agreement, and the Common Units under the new operating agreement are treated as common equity and do not generate stock-based compensation expense. The Class B Units liability was reclassified to equity as of the transaction date.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except share, unit, per share, and per unit data)

7. Balance Sheet Components

Capitalized Implementation Costs

We capitalized cloud computing implementation costs for customer-relationship management, revenue management, and enterprise resource planning systems of \$492 and \$56 for the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, and \$1,032 and \$93 for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The capitalized implementation costs are capitalized within other current assets and other assets on the condensed consolidated balance sheets. Amortization expense related to capitalized cloud computing implementation costs was \$10 and \$12, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, respectively.

Property and Equipment, Net

Property and equipment, net consists of the following:

		As	of	
	Estimated Useful Lives	 June 30, 2022		December 31, 2021
Furniture and fixtures	5 years	\$ 960	\$	960
Computers, software and equipment	3 years	1,449		1,423
	Shorter of estimated useful life or remaining			
Leasehold improvements	term of lease	1,278		1,278
		3,687		3,661
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization		(2,657)		(2,473)
Total property and equipment, net		\$ 1,030	\$	1,188

Depreciation and amortization expense for property and equipment was \$81 and \$114 for the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, and \$184 and \$224 for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Accrued Expenses

Accrued expenses consist of the following:

	As	of	
	 June 30, 2022		December 31, 2021
Commission and variable compensation	\$ 19,014	\$	22,155
Payroll and benefits	4,714		5,164
Other accrued expenses	20,139		19,134
Total accrued expenses	\$ 43,867	\$	46,453

8. Derivative Financial Instruments

Prior to the closing of the Transactions, as part of our compensation and employee retention strategy, we entered into contracts with key employees and independent contractors which contain embedded derivatives. These contracts are intended to compensate the employees or independent contractors for services provided and retain their future services. These embedded derivative instruments are issued in the form of phantom interests in Net Income, as defined by our board of directors, that grant the holder value equal to a percentage of Net Income multiplied by a price multiple, or contain an option that granted appreciation rights upon exercise, and which become exercisable upon occurrence of an initial public offering. All derivative instruments are recorded at fair value as derivative liabilities on our condensed consolidated balance sheets.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except share, unit, per share, and per unit data)

As of June 30, 2022, there are both Private Placement Warrants and Public Warrants outstanding; each of which is exercisable for one share of Class A common stock of MarketWise, Inc. Additionally, there are embedded derivative instruments outstanding. The following table presents information on the location and amounts of derivative instruments gains and losses:

		Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months E	nded	June 30,
		 2022		2021	2022		2021
Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments	Location of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Income Statement						
Warrants	Other income, net	\$ 12,082	\$	_	\$ 18,799	\$	_
Phantom Interests in Net Income	Other income, net	_		394	_		_
Phantom Interests in Net Income	General and administrative	441		2,388	855		2,388
Option	General and administrative	_		(662)	_		(662)
Total		\$ 12,523	\$	2,120	\$ 19,654	\$	1,726

See Note 6 - Fair Value Measurements for more information regarding the valuation of our derivative instruments.

9. Debt

On October 29, 2021, MarketWise, LLC, entered into a loan and security agreement (the "Loan and Security Agreement") providing for up to \$150 million of commitments under a revolving credit facility (the "Credit Facility"), including a \$5 million letter of credit sublimit, and allows for revolving commitments under the Credit Facility to be increased or new term commitments to be established by up to \$65 million. The existing lenders under the Credit Facility are entitled, but not obligated, to provide such incremental commitments. The Credit Facility has a term of three years, maturing on October 29, 2024.

The Credit Facility is guaranteed by MarketWise, LLC's direct and indirect material U.S. subsidiaries, subject to customary exceptions (the "Guarantors"), pursuant to a guaranty by the Guarantors in favor of HSBC Bank USA, National Association, as agent (the "Guaranty"). Borrowings under the Credit Facility are secured by a first-priority lien on substantially all of the assets of MarketWise, LLC and the Guarantors, subject to customary exceptions.

Borrowings will bear interest at a floating rate depending on MarketWise, LLC's Net Leverage Ratio (as defined in the Loan and Security Agreement). As of June 30, 2022, there were no outstanding advances under the Credit Facility.

The Loan and Security Agreement contains customary affirmative and negative covenants for transactions of this type, and contains financial maintenance covenants that require MarketWise, LLC to maintain an Interest Coverage Ratio and Net Leverage Ratio (both as defined in the Loan and Security Agreement), and provides for a number of customary events of default, which could result in the acceleration of obligations and the termination of lending commitments under the Loan and Security Agreement. As of June 30, 2022, we were in compliance with these covenants.

10. Stock-Based Compensation

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 we recorded stock-based compensation related to our 2021 Incentive Award Plan and our ESPP, and during the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, we recorded stock-based compensation related to our Class B Units. As more fully described in Note 1, we completed our Transactions in July 2021, and all Class B Units fully vested as of the transaction date, and the original operating

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except share, unit, per share, and per unit data)

agreement was terminated and replaced by a new operating agreement consistent with the Company's Up-C structure. This new operating agreement does not contain the put and call options that existed under the previous operating agreement, and the Common Units are treated as common equity under the new operating agreement and do not generate stock-based compensation expense.

Included within cost of revenue, sales and marketing, and general and administrative expenses are total stock-based compensation expenses as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2022			2021		2022		2021
Cost of revenue	\$	525	\$	10,568	\$	1,059	\$	124,916
Sales and marketing		577		840		1,142		14,910
General and administrative	1	1,347		36,037		2,836		508,694
Total stock based-compensation expense	\$ 2	2,449	\$	47,445	\$	5,037	\$	648,520

Total stock-based compensation expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 includes expenses related to our 2021 Incentive Award Plan and our ESPP, while the total stock-based compensation expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 includes the vesting of Class B units, the change in fair value of Class B liability awards and profits distributions to Class B unitholders as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2022		2021		2022		2021	
2021 Incentive Award Plan	\$ 2,312	\$		\$	4,742	\$	_	
Employee Stock Purchase Plan	137		_		295		_	
Vested Class B units and change in fair value of Class B liability awards	_		46,989		_		642,413	
Profits distributions to Class B unitholders	_		456		_		6,107	
Total stock-based compensation expense	\$ 2,449	\$	47,445	\$	5,037	\$	648,520	

2021 Incentive Award Plan

On May 16, 2022, we granted a service provider 373,134 restricted stock units ("RSUs"), and on June 2, 2022, we granted our board members 289,555 RSUs in aggregate, both under our 2021 Incentive Award Plan.

On September 27, 2021, we granted certain employees and board members RSUs and stock appreciation rights ("SARs") under our 2021 Incentive Award Plan.

For employees and service providers, both RSUs and SARs are primarily time based and typically vest ratably over four years, as specified in the individual grant notices. The RSUs granted in September 2021 entitle the recipients to dividend equivalents which are subject to (the same vesting terms and accumulate during the vesting period. Upon vesting, the RSU holder will be issued the Company's Class A common stock. The SARs will be settled in the Company's Class A common stock upon exercise. The shares to be issued upon exercise will have a total market value equal to the SAR value calculated as (x) number of shares underlying SAR, multiplied by (y) any excess of the Company's share value on the date of exercise over the exercise price set in each individual grant notice.

The fair value of RSUs is the same as the Company's share price on the date of grant. The fair value of the SARs was determined using a Black-Scholes model.

The activities of the RSUs and SARs and the related weighted average grant-date fair value of the respective share classes, including granted, exercised and forfeited, from January 1, 2022 to June 30, 2022 are summarized as follows:

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except share, unit, per share, and per unit data)

	R	SUs		SA	Rs	is		
	Units		verage Grant Date nir Value	Units		Average Grant Date Tair Value		
Outstanding at January 1, 2022	2,334,490	\$	8.30	1,935,131	\$	4.05		
Granted	662,689		2.89	_		_		
Exercised or vested	(110,240)		8.30	_		_		
Forfeited	(22,125)		8.30	(52,582)		4.05		
Expired	_		_	_		_		
Outstanding at June 30, 2022	2,864,814	\$	7.05	1,882,549	\$	4.05		

The stock compensation expense related to the RSU and SAR grants was \$2,312 and \$4,742 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, respectively. As of June 30, 2022, none of the SARs were exercisable and they have a remaining contractual term of 9.25 years.

Employee Stock Purchase Plan

As a result of the Transactions, the Company adopted the ESPP. Under the ESPP, the Company authorizes the grant of the right to purchase shares of Class A common stock by employees who qualify under the ESPP. The Company has reserved for issuance a total of 6,409,000 shares of Class A common stock. The ESPP became effective on January 1, 2022 and the initial offering period began on January 1, 2022 and ends on June 30, 2022.

The ESPP is implemented through a series of offerings under which eligible employees are granted purchase rights to purchase shares of the Company's Class A common stock on specified dates during such offerings. Under the ESPP, the Company has determined the offering period to occur in six month intervals, with the purchase occurring as of the last trading day of each offering period. On each purchase date, eligible employees will purchase the shares at a price per share equal to 85% of the lesser of (1) the fair market value of the Company's Class A common stock on the first trading day of the offering period, or (2) the fair market value of the Company's Class A common stock on the purchase date, as defined in the ESPP. The fair value of the ESPP is determined using the Monte Carlo model as of the beginning of each offering period and is expensed ratably over the six month offering period.

The Company recognized \$137 and \$295 of stock-based compensation expense related to the ESPP during the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, respectively. The Company issued 161,178 shares for \$517 related to employee purchases under the ESPP as of June 30, 2022.

Class B Units

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, we recognized stock-based compensation expenses related to the Class B units of \$47,445 and \$648,520, respectively. These amounts include profits distributions to Class B unitholders of \$456 and \$6,107 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, respectively. The amount of stock-based compensation expense related to the Class B Units included in each of the line items in the accompanying condensed consolidated statement of operations is as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,			
	 2022		2021		2022		2021	
Cost of revenue	\$ 	\$	10,568	\$	_	\$	124,916	
Sales and marketing	_		840		_		14,910	
General and administrative	_		36,037		_		508,694	
Total stock based-compensation expense	\$ _	\$	47,445	\$	_	\$	648,520	

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except share, unit, per share, and per unit data)

The weighted-average grant-date fair value of Class B Units granted was \$2,195.16 per unit during the three and six months ended June 30, 2021.

Because the Class B Units were not publicly traded, we estimated the fair value of its Class B Units in each reporting period. The fair values of Class B Units were estimated by the board of managers based on our equity value. The board of managers considered, among other things, contemporaneous valuations of our equity value prepared by an unrelated third-party valuation firm in accordance with the guidance provided by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Practice Guide, *Valuation of Privately-Held-Company Equity Securities Issued as Compensation*.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, the fair value of the Class B Units was estimated using a probability-weighted expected return method. This method considered two scenarios: one based on a market approach according to a proposed acquisition of the Company and allocated through a liquidation waterfall, and the other based on the Company continuing as a private entity according to a discounted cash flow analysis, and allocated using an option pricing model. The results of these two methods were weighted to derive the fair value of the Class B Units as of June 30, 2021.

The discounted cash flow method estimates the equity value of the Company by projecting the Company's net cash flows into the future and discounting these net cash flows to present value by applying a discount rate. Key inputs for this valuation include the Company's projected cash flows and discount rate. Changes to these inputs could have a material impact on the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements.

The option pricing model allocates the equity value to each class of common units by preparing a breakpoint analysis to determine which securities would receive value at each threshold of a hypothetical liquidation. Then applying a Black-Scholes option pricing analysis to determine the incremental value of each respective breakpoint and allocating that value to each participating security based on its pro-rata ownership in the breakpoint. Key inputs for this valuation include the equity value of the Company, risk-free rate, allocation thresholds, and stock volatility.

The Company considered several objective and subjective factors to determine the best estimate of the fair value of the Class B Units, including:

- the Company's historical and expected operating and financial performance;
- current business conditions;
- indications of value from external investors and their proposed value for the business;
- the Company's stage of development and business strategy;
- macroeconomic conditions;
- the Company's weighted average cost of capital;
- risk-free rates of return;
- the volatility of comparable publicly traded peer companies; and
- the lack of an active public market for the Company's equity units.

See also Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Stock Based Compensation.

11. Earnings Per Share

On July 21, 2021, we completed the Transactions pursuant to the Transaction Agreement which materially impacted the number of shares outstanding. We analyzed the calculation of earnings per share for periods prior to the Transactions, and determined that it resulted in values that would not be meaningful to the users of the

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except share, unit, per share, and per unit data)

condensed consolidated financial statements, as our capital structure completely changed as a result of the Transactions. Therefore, earnings per share information has not been presented for periods prior to the Transactions.

Weighted average shares outstanding in the table below have not been retroactively restated to give effect to the reverse recapitalization for periods prior to the date of the Transactions. See Note 1 – Organization – Description of Organization and Reverse Recapitalization with Ascendant Digital Acquisition Corp. for more information regarding the Transactions.

The following tables set forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022:

	Т	Three Months Ended June 30, 2022		Six Months Ended June 30, 2022
Basic earnings per share:				
Numerator:				
Net income	\$	34,037	\$	57,060
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests		22,156		39,354
Net income attributable to Class A common shareholders	\$	11,881	\$	17,706
Denominator:				
Weighted average shares outstanding (in thousands)		22,288		23,065
weighted average shares outstanding (in thousands)	_	22,200	-	25,005
Basic earnings per share	\$	0.53	\$	0.77
Diluted earnings per share:				
Numerator:				
Net income	\$	34,037	\$	57,060
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests		22,156		39,354
Net income attributable to Class A common shareholders	\$	11,881	\$	17,706
Denominator:				
		22.207		22.060
Weighted average shares outstanding (in thousands)		22,296	_	23,069
Diluted earnings per share	\$	0.53	\$	0.77

The Company's potentially dilutive securities and their impact on the computation of diluted earnings per share is as follows:

- Public and Private Placement Warrants: the public and Private Placement Warrants are "out of the money" for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, therefore, net income per share excludes any impact of the 20,699,993 public warrants and 10,280,000 Private Placement Warrants.
- Sponsor and MarketWise Management Member Earnout shares: the 3,051,000 Sponsor Earn Out shares and the 2,000,000 MarketWise Management Member Earn Out shares (as defined and discussed in the Original Report) held in escrow are excluded from the earnings per share computation since the earnout contingency has not been met.
- Restricted stock units: The basic earnings per share calculation includes the impact of vested RSUs as of June 30, 2022. The diluted earnings per share calculation includes the impact of dilutive RSUs, excludes

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except share, unit, per share, and per unit data)

the impact of antidilutive RSUs, and excludes certain RSUs with performance conditions, since the performance conditions have not been met as of June 30, 2022.

- Stock appreciation rights: The diluted earnings per share calculation excludes the impact of SARs since the effect was antidilutive.
- ESPP: The basic earnings per share calculation includes the impact of the shares that were issued under the ESPP as of June 30, 2022.

12. Income Taxes

We are subject to U.S. federal and state taxes with respect to our allocable share of any taxable income or loss of MarketWise, LLC, as well as any stand-alone income or loss we generate. MarketWise, LLC is treated as a partnership for U.S. income tax purposes and for most applicable state and local income tax purposes and generally does not pay income taxes in most jurisdictions. Instead, MarketWise, LLC's taxable income or loss is passed through to its members, including us.

The effective income tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2022 was 4.30%. We did not record any income taxes for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 as we were a pass-through entity for tax purposes prior to the closing of the transaction on July 21, 2021. The main driver of the decrease in the effective tax rate from the three months ended March 31, 2022 was the change in fair value of warrant liability. Our effective tax rate in 2022 differs from the U.S. federal statutory rate primarily because we generally do not record income taxes for the non-controlling portion of pre-tax income.

As a result of the reverse capitalization in 2021, we recorded a deferred tax asset resulting from the outside basis difference in our interest in MarketWise, LLC. The Company considers both positive and negative evidence when measuring the need for a valuation allowance. A valuation allowance is not required to the extent that, in management's judgment, positive evidence exists with a magnitude and duration sufficient to result in a conclusion that it is more likely than not (a likelihood of more than 50%) that the Company's deferred tax assets will be realized.

In evaluating the need for a valuation allowance on the deferred tax asset, the company considered positive evidence related to its historic earnings, forecasted income and reversal of temporary differences. Therefore, the Company recorded a valuation allowance in the amount of \$28,981 for certain deferred tax assets that are not more likely than not to be realized.

As part of the Transactions, we entered into Tax Receivable Agreements ("TRAs") with certain shareholders that will represent approximately 85% of the calculated tax savings based on the portion of basis adjustments on future exchanges of MarketWise, LLC units and other carryforward attributes assumed that we anticipate to be able to utilize in future years. There was no exchange of MarketWise, LLC units as part of the Transactions and there has been no exchange since the closing; therefore, we have not recorded a liability under the TRAs as of June 30, 2022.

As of June 30, 2022, we had no unrecognized tax positions and believe there will be no changes to uncertain tax positions within the next 12 months.

13. Related Party Transactions

We have certain revenue share agreements with related parties. Accordingly, we recognized revenue from related parties of \$548 and \$246 for the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, and \$726 and \$619 for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

We also incurred revenue share expenses paid to related parties of \$847 and \$1,586 which were capitalized as contract origination costs for the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, and \$1,770 and \$7,584 which were capitalized as contract origination costs for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except share, unit, per share, and per unit data)

Additionally, a related party provided call center support and other services to the Company for which we recorded an expense within cost of revenue of \$289 and \$378 for the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, and \$494 and \$613 for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

We recorded fees paid to members of our Board of Directors of \$76 and \$152 during the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, respectively, within related party expense in the accompanying condensed consolidated statement of operations.

A related party also provided certain corporate functions to MarketWise and the costs of these services are charged to MarketWise. We recorded \$22 and \$27 for the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, and \$43 and \$47 for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, within related party expense in the accompanying condensed consolidated statement of operations. We held balances of \$413 and \$1,037 as of June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively, of related party payables related to revenue share expenses, call center support, and the services noted above. The balances with our related party are presented net and are included in related party payables, net in the condensed consolidated balance sheet.

We earned fees and provided certain accounting and marketing services to companies owned by certain of MarketWise's Class B unitholders. As a result, we recognized \$86 and \$79 in other income, net for the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, and \$253 and \$142 for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Related party receivables related to these services were \$253 and \$358 as of June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively.

We lease offices from related parties. Lease payments made to related parties were \$528 and \$383 for the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, and \$919 and \$767 for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and rent expense of \$588 and \$556 were recognized in general and administrative expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, and \$1,141 and \$1,112 for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, related to leases with related parties. At June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, ROU assets of \$10,083 and \$10,323 and lease liabilities of \$7,583 and \$7,545 are associated with leases with related parties.

In April 2020 we provided a loan to a related party and recognized a related party note receivable from the unitholder of \$1,148. We recognized \$6 and \$3 in interest income for the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, and \$10 and \$5 for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The related party note receivable balance was \$865 and \$1,159 as of June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively. The interest rate on the loan is variable and was 2.93% as of June 30, 2022. The loan is due in April 2025, but is required to be repaid within 30 days after we complete an initial public offering, including expiration of any related lockup conditions, which is expected to be met in 2022.

14. Variable Interest Entities

We consolidated a VIE based on our ability to exercise power and being the primary beneficiary of the entity including directing the operations and marketing campaigns and sharing customer lists and publications, as of June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021. There have been no reconsideration events during these periods. The assets of consolidated variable interest entities may only be used to settle obligations of these entities. In addition, there is no

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except share, unit, per share, and per unit data)

recourse to MarketWise for the consolidated VIE's liabilities. The following represents financial information for the consolidated VIE included in the condensed consolidated balance sheets:

	As	of
	 June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
Current assets	\$ 3,618	\$ 3,901
Noncurrent assets	2	2
Total assets	\$ 3,620	\$ 3,903
Current liabilities	\$ _	\$ 274
Total liabilities	\$ _	\$ 274

15. Supplemental Cash Flow Information

Supplemental cash flow disclosures are as follows:

	Six Months Ended June 30,				
	 2022	2021			
Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information:	 				
Cash paid for interest	\$ 403 \$	_			
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities:					
Operating cash flows from operating leases	(1,259)	(875)			
Operating lease right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for lease obligations	(795)	_			
Operating lease right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for lease obligations from acquisitions	_	(398)			
Supplemental Disclosures of Non-Cash Investing and Financing Activities:					
Capitalized software included in accounts payable	167	_			
	 As of June 30,	30,			
	 2022	2021			
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 151,185 \$	241,532			
Restricted cash	 	500			
Total	\$ 151,185 \$	242,032			

16. Shareholders' Equity

The Company's capital stock consists of (i) issued and outstanding Class A common stock with a par value of \$0.0001 per share, and (ii) issued and outstanding Class B common stock with a par value of \$0.0001 per share.

The table set forth below reflects information about the Company's equity, as of June 30, 2022. The 3,051,000 Sponsor Earn Out shares held in escrow and the 2,000,000 Management Earn Out shares are considered contingently issuable shares and therefore excluded from the number of Class A common stock issued and outstanding in the table below.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except share, unit, per share, and per unit data)

	Authorized	Issued	Outstanding	
Common stock - Class A	950,000,000	22,505,103	22,505,103	
Common stock - Class B	300,000,000	291,092,303	291,092,303	
Preferred stock	100,000,000	_	_	
Total	1,350,000,000	313,597,406	313,597,406	

Each share of Class A and Class B common stock entitles the holder one vote per share. Only holders of Class A common stock have the right to receive dividend distributions. In the event of liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the affairs of the Company, only holders of Class A common stock have the right to receive liquidation proceeds, while the holders of Class B common stock are entitled to only the par value of their shares. Class B common stock can be issued only to MarketWise Members, their respective successors and permitted transferees. Under the terms of the MarketWise Operating Agreement, and subject to certain restrictions set forth therein, the MarketWise Members are entitled to have their MarketWise Units redeemed or exchanged for shares of our Class A common stock, at our option. If redeemed for cash at the Company's option, such cash would have to be generated through an offering of shares to the market such that there would not be any situation where there would be a net cash obligation to the Company for such redemption. Shares of our Class B common stock held by any such redeeming or exchanging MarketWise Member will be canceled for no additional consideration on a one-for-one basis with the redeemed or exchanged MarketWise Units whenever the MarketWise Members' MarketWise Units are so redeemed or exchanged. The MarketWise Members may exercise such redemption rights for as long as their MarketWise Units remain outstanding. For more information, see also Item 13: Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence — MarketWise Unit Redemption Right included in our Annual Report. Our board of directors has discretion to determine the rights, preferences, privileges and restrictions, including voting rights, dividend rights, conversion rights, redemption privileges and liquidation preferences, of each series of preferred stock.

On November 4, 2021, our Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$35.0 million in aggregate of shares of the Company's Class A common stock, with the authorization to expire on November 3, 2023. We repurchased 341,271 shares totaling \$1,563 in the aggregate, including fees and commissions of \$3, and 2,484,717 shares totaling \$13,054 in aggregate, including fees and commissions of \$25 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, respectively. Since the inception of the program we have repurchased 2,984,987 total shares.

For each share of Class A common stock the Company repurchases under the share repurchase program, MarketWise, LLC, the Company's direct subsidiary, will redeem one common unit of MarketWise, LLC held by the Company, decreasing the percentage ownership of MarketWise, LLC by the Company and relatively increasing the ownership by the other unitholders.

17. Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through August 8, 2022, which is the date that the financial statements were issued.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

The following discussion and analysis of the financial condition and results of operations of MarketWise, Inc., a Delaware corporation ("MarketWise," "we," "us," and "our"), should be read together with our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes appearing elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and our audited consolidated financial statements and the related notes and the discussion under the heading "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021 (the "Annual Report"). The following discussion contains forward-looking statements. Our actual results may differ significantly from those projected in the forward-looking statements. Factors that might cause future results to differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, those discussed in the section entitled "Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" in this report.

Overview

We are a leading multi-brand platform of subscription businesses that provides premium financial research, software, education, and tools for self-directed investors. We offer a comprehensive portfolio of high-quality, independent investment research, as well as several software and analytical tools, on a subscription basis.

MarketWise started in 1999 with the simple idea that, if we could publish intelligent, independent, insightful, and in-depth investment research and treat the subscriber the way we would want to be treated, then subscribers would renew their subscriptions and stay with us. Over the years, we have expanded our business into a comprehensive suite of investment research products and solutions. We now produce a diversified product portfolio from a variety of financial research companies such as Stansberry Research, Palm Beach Research Group, Chaikin Analytics, InvestorPlace, and Empire Financial Research. Our entire investment research product portfolio is 100% digital and channel agnostic, and we offer all of our research across a variety of platforms, including desktop, laptop, and mobile devices, including tablets and mobile phones.

Today, we benefit from the confluence of a leading editorial team, diverse portfolio of content and brands, and comprehensive suite of investor-centric tools that appeal to a broad subscriber base.

Second Quarter 2022 Highlights

The following table presents net cash provided by operating activities, and the related margin as a percentage of net revenue, and Adjusted CFFO, a non-GAAP measure, and the related margin as a percentage of Billings, for each of the periods presented. For more information on Adjusted CFFO and Adjusted CFFO Margin, see "— Non-GAAP Financial Measures"

(In thousands)	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,				
	 2022		2021	% Change		2022		2021	% Change
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 26,794	\$	58,914	(54.5)%	\$	27,862	\$	151,218	(81.6)%
Total net revenue	128,014		142,130	(9.9)%		264,812		261,844	1.1 %
Net cash provided by operating activities margin	20.9 %		41.5 %			10.5 %		57.8 %	
Adjusted CFFO	\$ 26,794	\$	59,370	(54.9)%	\$	27,862	\$	157,325	(82.3)%
Billings	117,507		185,100	(36.5)%		253,502		440,403	(42.4)%
Adjusted CFFO Margin	22.8 %		32.1 %			11.0 %		35.7 %	

Cash flow from operations decreased by \$32.1 million, or 54.5%, from \$58.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021 to \$26.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022. Cash flow from operations for the three months ended June 30, 2022 was primarily driven by net income of \$34.0 million adjusted for net non-cash factors

which reduced cash by \$8.2 million, and net changes in our operating assets and liabilities which reduced cash by \$1.0 million, largely due to timing differences in the net receipt of cash.

Adjusted CFFO decreased by \$32.6 million, or 54.9%, from \$59.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021 to \$26.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022, primarily driven by a decrease of \$67.6 million in Billings. Additionally, while per unit subscriber acquisition costs remained high in second quarter 2022, we did not decrease marketing expenditures as much as we might have otherwise throughout most of the quarter, as our marketers continued to test investment themes amidst a volatile and changing market. However, as unit costs remained high and conversion rates remained lower than normal, we began to reduce marketing spend in June. Adjusted CFFO this quarter was impacted by net changes in working capital, excluding changes in deferred revenue and changes in deferred contract acquisition costs, which increased cash by \$13.5 million, largely due to a significant decrease in accounts receivable this quarter. The difference between Adjusted CFFO and CFFO in second quarter 2021 is stock-based compensation associated with \$0.5 million of profits distributions to the original Class B unitholders. For further information on stock-based compensation, see *Note 10 – Stock-Based Compensation* to our condensed consolidated financial statements.

Net revenue decreased by \$14.1 million, or 9.9%, from \$142.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021 to \$128.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022. The decrease in net revenue was primarily driven by a \$13.6 million decrease in term subscription revenue.

Billings decreased by \$67.6 million, or 36.5%, from \$185.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021 to \$117.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022. We believe the decrease is due in large part to reduced engagement of subscribers and potential subscribers, as the economy reopened in mid-2021 and continued through second quarter 2022 and as additional external economic and geopolitical factors weighed on subscribers' and potential subscribers' mindset, which we believe contributed to them delaying their purchases this quarter.

The Transactions

The Transactions were consummated on July 21, 2021. The Transactions were accounted for akin to a reverse recapitalization, with no goodwill or other intangible assets recorded, in accordance with U.S. GAAP. The Transactions had several significant impacts on our reported financial position and results, as a consequence of reverse capitalization treatment.

These impacts include the net cash proceeds from the Transactions of \$113.6 million. This cash amount includes: (a) the reclassification of ADAC's Trust Account of \$414.6 million to cash and cash equivalents that became available at the time of the Transactions; (b) proceeds of \$150.0 million from the issuance and sale of MarketWise Class A common stock in the PIPE investment; (c) payment of \$48.8 million in non-recurring transaction costs; (d) settlement of \$14.5 million in deferred underwriters' discount; and (e) the payment of \$387.7 million to redeeming shareholders of ADAC. See also Note 1, *Organization — Reverse Recapitalization with Ascendant Digital Acquisition Corp.*, to our audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021 in our Annual Report.

Key Factors Affecting Our Performance

We believe that our growth and future success are dependent upon several factors, including those below and those noted in the "Risk Factors" section in the Annual Report. The key factors below represent significant business opportunities as well as challenges that we must successfully address in order to continue our growth and improve our financial results.

Growing our subscriber base with compelling unit economics. We are highly focused on continuing to acquire new subscribers to support our long-term growth. Our marketing spend is a large driver of new subscriber growth. At the heart of our marketing strategy is our compelling unit economics that combine long-term subscriber relationships, highly scalable content delivery, cost-effective customer acquisition, and high-margin conversions.

Our Paid Subscribers as of December 31, 2021 generated average customer lifetime Billings of approximately \$2,600, resulting in a LTV/CAC (as defined below) ratio of approximately 4x. On average, it takes us approximately 0.6 to 1.0 years for a Paid Subscriber's cumulative net revenue to exceed the total cost of acquiring that subscriber (which includes fixed costs, such as marketing salaries). For more information on our LTV/CAC ratio and the components of this ratio, see "—Definitions of Metrics."

We adjust our marketing spend to drive efficient and profitable customer acquisition. We can adjust our marketing spend in near real-time, and we monitor costs per acquisition relative to the cart value of the initial subscription. We typically seek a 90-day payback period to cover this variable component of the direct marketing spend, although elevated subscriber acquisition costs, driven by a significant increase in digital advertising costs due to expansion in travel and leisure advertising, as well as somewhat reduced consumer engagement, recently have been pushing our payback period beyond 90 days.

As of June 30, 2022, our paid subscriber base was 898 thousand, down 97 thousand, or 9.7% as compared to 994 thousand at June 30, 2021. Our base is comprised of subscribers obtained through both direct-to-paid acquisition and free-to-paid conversions. Since 2019, direct-to-paid acquisition has accounted for approximately two-thirds of our annual Paid Subscriber acquisition, and is largely driven by display ads and targeted email campaigns.

Our free subscription products also serve as a significant source of new Paid Subscribers, accounting for approximately one-third of our annual Paid Subscriber acquisition since 2019. Our free-to-paid conversion rate reflects the rate at which Free Subscribers purchase paid subscription products. Our annual free-to-paid conversion rate was approximately 1% to 2% between 2019 and 2021. Over that same three year period, our cumulative free-to-paid conversion rate was 5%.

Retaining and expanding relationships with existing subscribers. We believe that we have a significant opportunity to expand our relationships with our large base of Free and Paid Subscribers. Thanks to the quality of our products, we believe our customers will continue their relationship with us and extend and increase their subscriptions over time. As we deepen our engagement with our subscribers, our customers tend to purchase more and higher-value products. Our ARPU (as defined below) as of June 30, 2022 was \$580, which decreased 29.5% from \$823 as of June 30, 2021. Our ARPU increased at a CAGR of 6% over the three-year period ended June 30, 2022, growing from \$492 as of June 30, 2019 to \$580 as of June 30, 2022. For more information on ARPU, see "Key Business Metrics—Average Revenue Per User."

Conversion rates are important to our business because they are an indicator of how engaged and how well we are connecting with our subscribers. The time it takes our customers to move from our free products to our lower-priced paid subscriptions and eventually to high-end products and membership "bundled" offerings impacts our growth in net revenue, Billings, and ARPU.

Our cumulative high-value conversion rate reflects the rate at which Paid Subscribers that have purchased less than \$600 of our products over their lifetime convert into subscribers that have purchased more than \$600. We believe our cumulative high-value conversion rate reflects our ability to retain existing subscribers through renewals and our ability to expand our relationship with them when those subscribers purchase higher-value subscriptions. Our cumulative ultra high-value conversion rate reflects the rate at which high value Paid Subscribers that have purchased more than \$600. We believe our ultra high-value conversion rate reflects our ability to successfully build lifetime relationships with our subscribers, often across multiple products and brands. These high-value and ultra high-value subscribers are at the heart of our business model, and are particularly important in periods of time when we are bringing in fewer new subscribers. These high-value and ultra high-value subscribers continue to see the value in our products and are continuing to purchase products at rates similar to historic trends, which is currently driving the majority of our Billings. As of June 30, 2022, our cumulative high-value conversion rate and cumulative ultra high-value conversion rate were 42% and 36%, respectively.

Definitions of Metrics

Throughout this discussion and analysis, a number of our financial and operating metrics are referenced which we do not consider to be key business metrics, but which we review to monitor performance, and which we believe may be useful to investors. These are:

Annual free-to-paid conversion rate: We calculate our free-to-paid conversion rate as the number of Free Subscribers who purchased a subscription during the period divided by the average number of Free Subscribers during the period. We believe our free-to-paid conversion rate is an indicator of the type of Free Subscribers that we are signing up and the quality of our content and marketing efforts. Investors should consider free-to-paid conversion rate as one of the factors in evaluating our ability to maintain a robust pipeline for new customer acquisition.

Cumulative free-to-paid conversion rate: We calculate our cumulative free-to-paid conversion rate as the number of Free Subscribers who purchased a subscription during the trailing three-year period *divided by* the average number of Free Subscribers during the trailing three-year period.

Cumulative high-value conversion rates: Our cumulative high-value conversion rate reflects the number of Paid Subscribers who have purchased >\$600 in aggregate over their lifetime as of a particular point in time divided by the total number of Paid Subscribers as of that same point in time.

Cumulative ultra high-value conversion rate: Our cumulative ultra high-value conversion rate reflects the number of Paid Subscribers who have purchased >\$5,000 in aggregate over their lifetime as of a particular point in time divided by the number of high-value subscribers as of that same point in time. We believe our cumulative ultra high-value conversion rate reflects our ability to successfully build lifetime relationships with our subscribers, often across multiple products and brands. Investors should consider cumulative ultra high-value conversion rate as a factor in evaluating our ability to retain and expand our relationship with our subscribers.

LTV/CAC ratio: We calculate LTV/CAC ratio as LTV divided by CAC (each, as defined below). We use LTV/CAC ratio because it is a standard metric for subscription-based businesses, and we believe that an LTV/CAC ratio above 3x is considered to be indicative of strong profitability and marketing efficiency. We believe that an increasing LTV per subscriber reflects our existing subscribers recognizing our value proposition, which will expand their relationship with us across our platform over time, either through a combination of additional product purchases or by joining our membership offerings. Investors should consider this metric when evaluating our ability to achieve a return on our marketing investment. Lifetime value ("LTV") represents the average margin on average customer lifetime Billings (that is, the estimated cumulative spend across a customer's lifetime). Customer acquisition cost ("CAC") is defined as direct marketing spend, plus external revenue share expense, plus retention and renewal expenses, plus copywriting and marketing salaries, plus telesales salaries and commissions, plus customer service commissions.

Net revenue retention: Net revenue retention is defined as Billings from all prior period cohorts in the current period, *divided by* all Billings from the prior period. We believe that a high net revenue retention rate is a measure of customer retention and an indicator of the engagement of our subscribers with our products. Investors should consider net revenue retention as an ongoing measure when evaluating our subscribers' interest in continuing to subscribe to our products and spending more with us over time.

Key Business Metrics

We review the following key business metrics to measure our performance, identify trends, formulate financial projections, and make strategic decisions. We are not aware of any uniform standards for calculating these key

metrics, which may hinder comparability with other companies who may calculate similarly titled metrics in a different way.

	 Т	hree !	and for the Months Ended June 30,			and for the s Ended June 30,	_	As of and for the		
	 2022		2021	% change	2022	 2021	% change	T	hree Months Ended March 31, 2022	% change
Free Subscribers	 14,972,985		11,970,356	25.1 %	14,972,985	11,970,356	25.1%		14,521,004	3.1 %
Paid Subscribers	897,941		994,491	(9.7)%	897,941	994,491	(9.7)%		908,718	(1.2)%
ARPU	\$ 580	\$	823	(29.5)% \$	580	\$ 823	(29.5)%	\$	636	(8.8)%
Billings (in thousands)	\$ 117.507	\$	185,100	(36.5)% \$	253,502	\$ 440,403	(42.4)%	\$	135,995	(13.6)%

Free Subscribers. Free Subscribers are defined as unique subscribers who have subscribed to one of our free investment publications via a valid email address and continue to remain directly opted in, excluding any Paid Subscribers who also have free subscriptions. Free subscriptions are often daily publications that include some commentary about the stock market, investing ideas, or other specialized topics. Included within our free publications are advertisements and editorial support for our current marketing campaigns. While subscribed to our publications, Free Subscribers learn about our editors and analysts, get to know our products and services, and learn more about ways we can help them be a better investor.

Free Subscribers increased by 3.0 million, or 25.1%, to 15.0 million at June 30, 2022 as compared to 12.0 million at June 30, 2021, as our significant lead-generation efforts that began in earnest during late 2018 and intensified during 2019 and 2020 with the expansion across multiple brands, continued during 2021 and through second quarter 2022.

Free Subscribers increased by 0.5 million, or 3.1%, to 15.0 million as of June 30, 2022 as compared to 14.5 million as of March 31, 2022. This growth was driven by our continued lead generation efforts.

Paid Subscribers. We define Paid Subscribers as the total number of unique subscribers with at least one paid subscription at the end of the period. We view the number of Paid Subscribers at the end of a given period as a key indicator of the attractiveness of our products and services, as well as the efficacy of our marketing in converting Free Subscribers to Paid Subscribers and generating direct-to-paid Paid Subscribers. We seek to grow our Paid Subscriber base through performance marketing directly to prospective and existing subscribers across a variety of media, channels, and platforms.

Total Paid Subscribers decreased by 97 thousand, or 9.7%, to 898 thousand as of June 30, 2022 as compared to 1.0 million at June 30, 2021, driven by a combination of decreased overall consumer engagement as the economy reopened in mid-2021, an outsized new subscriber cohort from first quarter 2021 yielding additional churned subscribers in first quarter 2022, combined with an overall challenging economic environment that has persisted through second quarter 2022.

Total Paid Subscribers decreased by 11 thousand, or 1.2%, to 898 thousand as of June 30, 2022 as compared to 909 thousand as of March 31, 2022. We believe the volatility across asset classes, high-inflation environment, and fears of recession have left subscribers and potential subscribers hesitant to engage or re-engage as they assess the latest economic data and the Federal Reserve's potential next steps. These trends, which began in first quarter 2022, have continued to slow our new subscriber acquisition through second quarter 2022.

Subscriber count churn has ranged from approximately 1.8% to 2.3% per month between 2019 and 2021. While churn jumped in first quarter 2022 due to the outsized impact of our largest ever new subscriber cohort a year earlier, it returned to historical levels in second quarter 2022. Consistent with previous quarters, almost all of the subscribers who churned in second quarter 2022 did so having owned only one entry level publication. This is evidenced by the fact that their ARPU approximately matched the subscription price of our entry level

publications. We believe our net revenue retention rate, which has averaged over 90% from 2019 to 2021, is a more meaningful gauge of subscriber satisfaction.

Average Revenue Per User. We calculate ARPU as the trailing four quarters of net Billings *divided by* the average number of quarterly total Paid Subscribers over that period. We believe ARPU is a key indicator of how successful we are in attracting subscribers to higher-value content. We believe that our high ARPU is indicative of the trust we build with our subscribers and of the value they see in our products and services.

ARPU decreased by \$243, or 29.5%, to \$580 as of June 30, 2022 as compared to \$823 as of June 30, 2021. The year-over-year decrease was driven by a 27% decrease in trailing four quarter Billings, as well as a 3% increase in trailing four quarter Paid Subscribers. The decrease in trailing four quarter Billings is due in part to the volatility across asset classes, high-inflation environment, and fears of recession that have persisted since first quarter 2022, which we believe has left subscribers and potential subscribers hesitant to engage or re-engage as they assess the latest economic data and the Federal Reserve's potential next steps. Furthermore, our second quarter 2021 Billings - our second highest quarter ever - has fallen outside of this quarter's trailing four quarter Billings calculation. The increase in trailing four quarter Paid Subscribers is still significantly impacted by the paid increase in our subscriber base in the first half of 2021. Most of our new subscribers join us via entry level publications, which are generally at lower price points, and thus are initially dilutive to ARPU. We have shown that over time, subscribers have continued to invest in our platform, which have tended to drive increases in ARPU. As of June 30, 2022, we have 5% and 14% more high value and ultra-high value subscribers than we did a year ago.

ARPU decreased by \$56, or 8.8%, to \$580 as of June 30, 2022 as compared to \$636 as of March 31, 2022. The sequential decrease was driven by a 11% decrease in trailing four quarter Billings, while trailing four quarter average Paid Subscribers only decreased 3%. The decrease in trailing four quarter Billings is due in part to the second quarter 2021 Billings — our second highest quarter ever — falling out of the trailing four-quarter calculation. The decrease in trailing four quarter Paid Subscribers is a function of decreasing new subscriber acquisition in the face of a volatile investing environment that has persisted through the first half of 2022.

While they have declined somewhat recently, our ARPUs remain high, and we attribute this to the quality of our content and effective sales and marketing efforts regarding higher value content, bundled subscriptions and membership subscriptions. These subscriptions have compelling economics that allow us to recoup our initial marketing spend made to acquire these subscribers. Specifically, our payback period was estimated at 1.0 year for December 31, 2021, and was 0.6 and 0.8 years for December 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively. We have experienced a payback period in the range of 0.6 to 1.0 years reliably over the past three years, despite the increases in customer acquisition costs that the digital subscription industry has experienced in recent years. The payback period reached the low side of the historical range in 2020 as a result of expanded conversion rates and, to a far lesser degree, decreasing costs for media spend as demand dropped as a result of the pandemic. We have seen the costs for media spend revert back to higher rates in 2021 and these have continued through second quarter of 2022.

Billings. Billings represents amounts invoiced to customers. We measure and monitor our Billings because it provides insight into trends in cash generation from our marketing campaigns. We generally bill our subscribers at the time of sale and receive full cash payment up front, and defer and recognize a portion of the related revenue ratably over time for term and membership subscriptions. For certain subscriptions, we may invoice our Paid Subscribers at the beginning of the term, in annual or monthly installments, and, from time to time, in multi-year installments. Only amounts invoiced to a Paid Subscriber in a given period are included in Billings. While we believe that Billings provides valuable insight into the cash that will be generated from sales of our subscriptions, this metric may vary from period to period for a number of reasons and, therefore, Billings has a number of limitations as a quarter-over-quarter or year-over-year comparative measure. These reasons include, but are not limited to, the following: (i) a variety of contractual terms could result in some periods having a higher proportion of annual or membership subscriptions than other periods; (ii) fluctuations in payment terms may affect the Billings recognized in a particular period; and (iii) the timing of large campaigns may vary significantly from period to period.

Billings decreased by \$67.6 million, or 36.5%, to \$117.5 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2022 as compared to \$185.1 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2021. While second quarter 2022 Billings decreased from prior year, given that second quarter 2021 was our second highest quarter ever, we did not expect to show year-over-year growth. We believe the decrease is due in large part to post-COVID reduced engagement of subscribers and potential subscribers. This began in the second half of 2021 as consumers prioritized travel and leisure in lieu of spending time focusing on their investments. First quarter 2022 brought additional challenges with uncertainty stemming from external factors such as 40-year high inflation, volatility across asset classes, federal reserve tightening, and the war in Ukraine. These same factors have persisted into second quarter 2022, which we believe further contributed to subscribers and potential subscribers delaying their purchases.

Approximately 38% of our Billings in second quarter 2022 came from membership subscriptions, 61% from term subscriptions, and 1% from other Billings, as compared to 45% from membership subscriptions, 54% from term subscriptions, and 1% from other Billings second quarter 2021.

Billings decreased by \$18.5 million, or 14%, to \$117.5 million for second quarter 2022 as compared to \$136.0 million for first quarter 2022. While consumer engagement remained consistent in second quarter 2022 compared to first quarter 2022, and our overall conversion rate, high value and ultra-high value conversion rates all remained stable, the average Billings per sale declined in second quarter, which drove the decline in Billings from first quarter 2022.

Components of MarketWise's Results of Operations

Net Revenue

We generate net revenue primarily from services provided in delivering term and membership subscription-based financial research, publications, and SaaS offerings to individual subscribers through our online platforms, advertising arrangements, print products, events, and revenue share agreements.

Net revenue is recognized ratably over the duration of the subscriptions, in an amount that reflects the consideration we expect to be entitled to in exchange for those services. In addition to term subscriptions, we offer membership subscriptions where we receive a large upfront payment when the subscriber enters into the contract, and for which we will receive a lower annual maintenance fee thereafter. Subscribers are typically billed in advance of the subscriptions. Much of our net revenue is generated from subscriptions entered into during previous periods. Consequently, any decreases in new subscriptions or renewals in any one period may not be immediately reflected as a decrease in net revenue for that period, but could negatively affect our net revenue in future quarters. This also makes it difficult for us to rapidly increase our net revenue through the sale of additional subscriptions in any period, as net revenue is recognized over the term of the subscription agreement. We expect subscription net revenue to continue to increase as we have experienced sales growth in membership and multi-year contracts in recent periods.

We earn net revenue from the sale of advertising placements on our websites and from the sale of print products and events. We also recognize net revenue through revenue share agreements where we earn a commission for successful sales by other parties generated through the use of our customer list. We expect advertising and other net revenue to increase in absolute dollars as our business grows.

Net revenue earned in 2019 through 2021 was almost 100% organic. Net revenue from acquisitions was approximately 1% of net revenue earned in 2019 through 2021, and the remainder was attributable to brands developed internally since 2019 and businesses acquired or developed prior to 2019. In the future, we expect to continue to grow revenue organically, as well as through acquisitions, joint ventures, and other strategic transactions.

Employee Compensation Costs

Employee compensation costs, or payroll and payroll-related costs, include salaries, bonuses, benefits, and stock-based compensation for employees classified within cost of revenue, sales and marketing, and general and administrative, and also includes sales commissions for sales and marketing employees.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 we recorded stock-based compensation related to our 2021 Incentive Award Plan and our ESPP, and during the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, we recorded stock-based compensation related to our Class B Units.

We recognized stock-based compensation expenses related to our 2021 Incentive Award Plan and our ESPP of \$2.4 million and \$5.0 million during the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, respectively.

Stock-based compensation expense during 2021 is primarily related to the Class B Units. Prior to the Transactions, the Class B Units were classified as liabilities as opposed to equity and remeasured to fair value at the end of each reporting period, with the change in fair value being charged to stock-based compensation expense. Because the Class B Units were classified as liabilities on our consolidated balance sheet prior to the Transactions, all profits distributions made to the holders of the Class B Units were considered to be stock-based compensation expenses. We recognized stock-based compensation expenses related to the Class B Units of \$47.4 million and \$648.5 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, respectively.

Upon completion of the Transactions, all Class B Units fully vested as of the transaction date, and the original operating agreement was terminated and replaced by a new operating agreement consistent with the Company's Up-C structure. This new operating agreement does not contain the put and call options that existed under the previous operating agreement, and the Common Units are treated as common equity under the new operating agreement and do not generate stock-based compensation expense. Therefore, the Class B Units liability was reclassified to equity as of the transaction date and stock-based compensation expense associated with the Class B Units ceased after the transaction date.

Total stock-based compensation expenses include profits distributions to holders of Class B Units of \$0.5 million and \$6.1 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, respectively.

As a result of the Transactions, in which all Class B Units were converted into Common Units, we no longer recognize stock-based compensation expenses related to the Class B Units for periods after the consummation of the Transactions. While going forward we do not expect to incur the levels of stock-based compensation expense we have historically as a result the liability-award classification of the Class B Units, we will continue to incur stock-based compensation expense in the ordinary course of business.

The total amount of stock-based compensation expense included within each of the respective line items in the condensed consolidated statement of operations is as follows:

(In thousands)	Three Months	Ended	l June 30,	Six Months E	d June 30,	
	 2022		2021	2022		2021
Cost of revenue	\$ 525	\$	10,568	\$ 1,059	\$	124,916
Sales and marketing	577		840	1,142		14,910
General and administrative	1,347		36,037	2,836		508,694
Total stock based-compensation expense	\$ 2,449	\$	47,445	\$ 5,037	\$	648,520

Cost of Revenue

Cost of revenue consists primarily of payroll and payroll-related costs associated with producing and publishing MarketWise's content, hosting fees, customer service, credit card processing fees, product costs, and allocated overhead. Cost of revenue is exclusive of depreciation and amortization, which is shown as a separate line item.

Within cost of revenue are stock-based compensation expenses related to the 2021 Incentive Award Plan and the ESPP of \$0.5 million and \$1.1 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, respectively. Cost of revenue also includes stock-based compensation expenses related to the Class B units of \$10.6 million and \$124.9 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, respectively, which include profits distributions to holders of Class B Units of \$0.1 million and \$1.2 million, respectively.

Our cost of revenue is comprised of both variable expenses and fixed costs. In addition, the level and timing of our variable compensation may not match the pattern of how net revenue is recognized over the subscription term. Therefore, we expect that our cost of revenue will fluctuate as a percentage of net revenue in the future.

Sales and Marketing

Sales and marketing expenses consist primarily of payroll and related costs, amortization of deferred contract acquisition costs, agency costs, advertising campaigns, and branding initiatives. Sales and marketing expenses are exclusive of depreciation and amortization shown as a separate line item.

Within sales and marketing expenses are stock-based compensation expenses related to the 2021 Incentive Award Plan and the ESPP of \$0.6 million and \$1.1 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, respectively.

Sales and marketing expenses also includes stock-based compensation expenses related to the Class B Units of \$0.8 million and \$14.9 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, respectively, which include profits distributions to holders of Class B Units of \$0.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021.

Sales and marketing continues to be one of our largest operating expenses. In periods of time when unit subscriber acquisition costs are lower, we would expect that our sales and marketing expense would increase as we seek to add significant numbers of new subscribers. However, because we incur sales and marketing expenses up front when we launch campaigns to drive sales, while we recognize net revenue ratably over the underlying subscription term, we expect that our sales and marketing expense will fluctuate as a percentage of our net revenue over the long term. Sales and marketing expenses may fluctuate further as a result of acquisitions, joint ventures, or other strategic transactions, as well as cost reduction initiatives we undertake in the future.

Research and Development

Research and development expenses consist primarily of payroll and related costs, technical services, software expenses, and hosting expenses. Research and development expenses are exclusive of depreciation and amortization shown as a separate line item.

We expect that our research and development expense will increase in absolute dollars as our business grows, including as a result of new acquisitions, joint ventures, and other strategic transactions, particularly as we incur additional costs related to continued investments in our platform.

General and Administrative

General and administrative expenses consist primarily of payroll and related costs associated with our finance, legal, information technology, human resources, executive, and administrative personnel, legal fees, corporate insurance, office expenses, professional fees, and travel and entertainment costs.

Within general and administrative expenses are stock-based compensation expenses related to the 2021 Incentive Award Plan and the ESPP of \$1.3 million and \$2.8 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022. General and administrative expenses also include stock-based compensation expenses related to the Class B Units of \$36.0 million and \$508.7 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, which includes profits distributions to holders of Class B Units of \$0.3 million and \$4.6 million, respectively.

We expect to continue to incur additional general and administrative expenses as a result of operating as a public company, including costs to comply with the rules and regulations applicable to companies listed on a national securities exchange, costs related to compliance and reporting obligations pursuant to the rules and regulations of the SEC, and increased expenses for insurance, investor relations, and professional services. General and administrative expenses may fluctuate further as a result of acquisitions, joint ventures, or other strategic transactions, as well as cost reduction initiatives we undertake in the future.

Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation and amortization expenses consist of amortization of trade names, customer relationship intangibles, and software development costs, as well as depreciation on other property and equipment such as leasehold improvements, furniture and fixtures, and computer equipment. We expect depreciation and amortization expenses to increase on an absolute dollar basis as our business grows, including as a result of new acquisitions, joint ventures, and other strategic transactions, but to remain generally consistent as a percentage of total net revenue.

Related Party Expense

Related party expenses primarily consist of expenses for certain corporate functions performed by a related party for certain historic periods, as well as board of director compensation and revenue share expenses. We have built our own corporate infrastructure and do not expect non-revenue share expenses from this related party in the future.

Other Income (Expense), Net

Other income, net primarily consists of the net gains on our embedded derivative instruments and on sales of cryptocurrencies.

Interest (Expense) Income, Net

Interest (expense) income, net primarily consists of interest income from our money market accounts, as well as interest expense on outstanding borrowings under the 2021 Credit Facility. See "—Liquidity and Capital Resources—Credit Facilities."

Net Income (Loss) Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests

The Transactions occurred on July 21, 2021. As a result, net income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2021 was attributed to the pre-Transactions period from January 1, 2021 through July 21, 2021 and to the post-Transactions period from July 22, 2021 through December 31, 2021.

- Net income for the six months ended June 30, 2022 was fully in the post-Transactions period and therefore attributable to consolidated MarketWise, Inc. and its respective noncontrolling interests. As of June 30, 2022, MarketWise, Inc.'s controlling interest in MarketWise, LLC was 7.2% and the noncontrolling interest was 92.8%. For the three months ended June 30, 2022 net income attributable to controlling interests included a \$12.1 million gain on warrant liabilities and a \$1.0 million tax provision, and for the six months ended June 30, 2022 net income attributable to controlling interests included a \$18.8 million gain on warrant liabilities and a \$2.6 million tax provision, both of which are 100% attributable to the controlling interest.
- Net loss for six months ended June 30, 2021 was fully in the pre-Transactions period and therefore attributable to consolidated MarketWise, LLC and its respective noncontrolling interests.

Results of Operations

The following table sets forth our results of operations for the periods presented:

(In thousands)	Three Months	Ended Ju	ne 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,				
	2022		2021		2022		2021	
Net revenue	\$ 127,466	\$	141,884	\$	264,086	\$	261,225	
Related party revenue	 548		246		726		619	
Total net revenue	 128,014		142,130		264,812		261,844	
Operating expenses:								
Cost of revenue ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	16,229		26,826		33,846		159,638	
Sales and marketing ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	65,050		56,926		133,287		148,711	
General and administrative ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	20,364		64,661		50,909		572,090	
Research and development ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	2,289		1,927		4,567		3,705	
Depreciation and amortization	613		696		1,217		1,447	
Related party expense	97		27		194		47	
Total operating expenses	104,642		151,063		224,020		885,638	
Income (loss) from operations	23,372		(8,933)	-	40,792		(623,794)	
Other income (expense), net	11,923		530		19,219		303	
Interest (expense) income, net	 (218)		7		(389)		12	
Income (loss) before income taxes	 35,077		(8,396)		59,622		(623,479)	
Income tax expense	 1,040				2,562		_	
Net income (loss)	 34,037		(8,396)		57,060		(623,479)	
Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	 22,156		(501)		39,354		(1,131)	
Net income (loss) attributable to MarketWise, Inc.	\$ 11,881	\$	(7,895)	\$	17,706	\$	(622,348)	

(1) Included within cost of revenue, sales and marketing, and general and administrative expenses are stock-based compensation expenses as follows:

(In thousands)	Three Months	Ended	June 30,		Six Months E	nded J	lune 30,
	2022 2021				2022	2021	
Cost of revenue	\$ 525	\$	10,568	\$	1,059	\$	124,916
Sales and marketing	577		840		1,142		14,910
General and administrative	1,347		36,037		2,836		508,694
Total stock-based compensation expense	\$ 2,449	\$	47,445	\$	5,037	\$	648,520

⁽²⁾ Cost of revenue, sales and marketing, general and administrative, and research and development expenses are exclusive of depreciation and amortization shown as a separate line item.

The following table sets forth our consolidated statements of operations data expressed as a percentage of net revenue for the periods indicated:

	Three Months End	led June 30,	Six Months Ended	l June 30,
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Net revenue	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %
Operating expenses:				
Cost of revenue ⁽¹⁾	12.7 %	18.9 %	12.8 %	61.0 %
Sales and marketing ⁽¹⁾	50.8 %	40.1 %	50.3 %	56.8 %
General and administrative ⁽¹⁾	15.9 %	45.5 %	19.2 %	218.5 %
Research and development ⁽¹⁾	1.8 %	1.4 %	1.7 %	1.4 %
Depreciation and amortization	0.5 %	0.5 %	0.5 %	0.6 %
Related party expense	0.1 %	— %	0.1 %	— %
Total operating expenses	81.7 %	106.3 %	84.6 %	338.2 %
Income (loss) from operations	18.3 %	(6.3)%	15.4 %	(238.2)%
Other income (expense), net	9.3 %	0.4 %	7.3 %	0.1 %
Interest (expense) income, net	(0.2)%	0.0 %	(0.1)%	0.0 %
Income (loss) before income taxes	27.4 %	(5.9)%	22.5 %	(238.1)%
Income tax expense	0.8 %	— %	1.0 %	- %
Net income (loss)	26.6 %	(5.9)%	21.5 %	(238.1)%
Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	17.3 %	(0.4)%	14.9 %	(0.4)%
Net income (loss) attributable to MarketWise, Inc.	9.3 %	(5.6)%	6.7 %	(237.7)%

⁽¹⁾ Cost of revenue, sales and marketing, general and administrative, and research and development expenses are exclusive of depreciation and amortization shown as a separate line item.

Comparison of Three Months Ended June 30, 2022 and Three Months Ended June 30, 2021

Net Revenue

(In thousands)	Three Months l	Ended June 30,		
	 2022	2021	\$ Change	% Change
Net revenue	\$ 128.014	\$ 142.130	\$ (14.116)	(9.9)%

Net revenue decreased by \$14.1 million, or 9.9%, from \$142.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021 to \$128.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022. The decrease in net revenue was primarily driven by a \$13.6 million decrease in term subscription revenue.

Term subscription revenue decreased during the three months ended June 30, 2022 primarily due to lower Billings as compared to the 2021 period — our second highest Billings quarter ever — which was driven by reduced engagement of subscribers and potential subscribers in the 2022 period, as well as lower overall conversion rates.

Operating Expenses

(In thousands)	Three Months	Ended J	une 30,		
	 2022		2021	\$ Change	% Change
Operating expenses:	 				
Cost of revenue	\$ 16,229	\$	26,826	\$ (10,597)	(39.5)%
Sales and marketing	65,050		56,926	8,124	14.3 %
General and administrative	20,364		64,661	(44,297)	(68.5)%
Research and development	2,289		1,927	362	18.8 %
Depreciation and amortization	613		696	(83)	(11.9)%
Related party expenses	97		27	70	259.3 %
Total operating expenses	\$ 104,642	\$	151,063	\$ (46,421)	(30.7)%

Cost of Revenue

Cost of revenue decreased by \$10.6 million, or 39.5%, from \$26.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021 to \$16.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022, primarily driven by a decrease of \$10.6 million in stock-based compensation expense related to holders of Class B Units, and a \$1.3 million decrease in credit card fees. This was partially offset by a \$1.0 million increase in salaries, taxes and benefits due to a higher headcount, and a \$0.5 million increase in stock-based compensation expense related to awards under the 2021 Incentive Award Plan and the ESPP.

Approximately \$0.1 million of the decrease in Class B stock-based compensation expense was due to distributions, and \$10.4 million of the decrease was related to the change in fair value of the Class B units, both of which were related to the Transactions.

Sales and Marketing

Sales and marketing expense increased by \$8.1 million, or 14.3%, from \$56.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021 to \$65.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022, primarily driven by a \$6.5 million increase in amortization of deferred contract acquisition costs, a \$1.7 million increase in salaries, taxes and benefits due to higher headcount, and a \$0.6 million increase in stock-based compensation expense related to awards under the 2021 Incentive Award Plan and the ESPP. This was partially offset by a \$0.8 million decrease in stock-based compensation expense related to holders of Class B Units, which related to the change in fair value of the Class B units, and was related to the Transactions.

General and Administrative

General and administrative expense decreased by \$44.3 million, or 68.5%, from \$64.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021 to \$20.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022, primarily driven by a decrease of \$36.0 million in stock-based compensation related to holders of Class B Units, a \$4.2 million decrease in incentive compensation and profits interest expenses and a \$1.9 million decrease related to a sales tax. This is partially offset by a \$1.3 million increase in stock-based compensation expense related to awards under the 2021 Incentive Award Plan and the ESPP, and a \$1.3 million increase in salaries, taxes and benefits due to a higher headcount

Approximately \$0.3 million of the decrease in Class B stock-based compensation expense was due to distributions, and \$35.7 million of the decrease was related to the change in fair value of the Class B units, which was related to the Transactions.

Comparison of Six Months Ended June 30, 2022 and Six Months Ended June 30, 2021

Net Revenue

(In thousands)	Six Months Ended June 30,							
	 2022	2021		\$ Change	% Change			
Net revenue	\$ 264,812	\$ 261,844	1 \$	2,968	1.1 %			

Net revenue increased by \$3.0 million, or 1.1%, from \$261.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021 to \$264.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2022. The increase in net revenue was primarily driven by a \$11.3 million increase in membership subscription revenue, partially offset by a \$6.5 million decrease in term subscription revenue and a \$1.8 million decrease in non-subscription revenue.

Membership subscription revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2022 benefited from the recognition of the deferred revenue we recorded in prior years. Membership subscription revenue, which is initially deferred and recognized over a five-year period, increased as a result of higher volume of membership subscriptions in current and prior years, which continued to benefit us for the six months ended June 30, 2022. Term subscription revenue decreased during the six months ended June 30, 2022 primarily due to lower Billings as compared to the 2021 period — our highest Billings in company history — which was driven by reduced engagement of subscribers and potential subscribers in the 2022 period, as well as lower overall conversion rates.

Operating Expenses

(In thousands)	Six Months E	nded Ju	ine 30,		
	2022		2021	\$ Change	% Change
Operating expenses:					
Cost of revenue	\$ 33,846	\$	159,638	\$ (125,792)	(78.8)%
Sales and marketing	133,287		148,711	(15,424)	(10.4)%
General and administrative	50,909		572,090	(521,181)	(91.1)%
Research and development	4,567		3,705	862	23.3 %
Depreciation and amortization	1,217		1,447	(230)	(15.9)%
Related party expenses	194		47	147	312.8 %
Total operating expenses	\$ 224,020	\$	885,638	\$ (661,618)	(74.7)%

Cost of Revenue

Cost of revenue decreased by \$125.8 million, or 78.8%, from \$159.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021 to \$33.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2022, primarily driven by a \$124.9 million decrease in stock-based compensation related to holders of Class B Units, and a \$3.7 million decrease in credit card fees. This is partially offset by a \$2.8 million increase in salaries, taxes and benefits due to higher headcount, and a \$1.1 million increase in stock-based compensation expense related to awards under the 2021 Incentive Award Plan and the ESPP.

Approximately \$1.2 million of the decrease in Class B stock-based compensation expense was due to distributions, and \$123.7 million of the decrease was related to the change in fair value and the accelerated vesting of the Class B units, all of which were related to the Transactions.

Sales and Marketing

Sales and marketing expense decreased by \$15.4 million, or 10.4%, from \$148.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021 to \$133.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2022, primarily driven by a \$20.7 million decrease in marketing expense as we have reduced our marketing spend due to higher per unit subscriber acquisition costs resulting from higher post-COVID increases in demand for display advertising, and a \$14.9 million decrease in stock-based compensation related to holders of Class B Units. This is partially offset by a \$14.6 million increase in

amortization of deferred contract acquisition costs, a \$3.9 million increase in salaries, taxes and benefits due to higher headcount, and a \$1.1 million increase in stock-based compensation expense related to awards under the 2021 Incentive Award Plan and the ESPP.

Approximately \$0.3 million of the decrease in Class B stock-based compensation expense was due to distributions, and \$14.6 million of the decrease was related to the change in fair value and the accelerated vesting of the Class B units, all of which were related to the Transactions.

General and Administrative

General and administrative expense decreased by \$521.2 million, or 91.1%, from \$572.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021 to \$50.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2022, primarily driven by a \$508.7 million decrease in stock-based compensation related to holders of Class B Units, a \$11.7 million decrease in incentive compensation and profits interest expenses, a \$4.6 million decrease in professional fees, and a \$2.8 million decrease related to a sales tax. This was partially offset by a \$2.8 million increase in stock-based compensation expense related to awards under the 2021 Incentive Award Plan and the ESPP, and a \$2.7 million increase in salaries, taxes and benefits due to higher headcount.

Approximately \$4.6 million of the decrease in Class B stock-based compensation expense was due to distributions, and \$504.1 million of the decrease was related to the change in fair value and the accelerated vesting of the Class B units, all of which were related to the Transactions.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

In addition to our results determined in accordance with GAAP, we believe that the below non-GAAP financial measures are useful in evaluating our operating performance. We use the below non-GAAP financial measures, collectively, to evaluate our ongoing operations and for internal planning and forecasting purposes. We believe that non-GAAP financial information, when taken collectively, may be helpful to investors because it provides consistency and comparability with past financial performance, and assists in comparisons with other companies, some of which use similar non-GAAP financial information to supplement their GAAP results. This non-GAAP financial information is presented for supplemental informational purposes only and should not be considered a substitute for financial information presented in accordance with GAAP, and may be different from similarly titled non-GAAP measures used by other companies. A reconciliation is provided below for each non-GAAP financial measure to the most directly comparable financial measures and the reconciliations of these non-GAAP financial measures to their most directly comparable GAAP financial measures.

(In thousands)	Three Months	Ended	June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,					
	 2022		2021	% change	2022		2021	% change		
Adjusted CFFO	\$ 26,794	\$	59,370	(54.9)% \$	27,862	\$	157,325	(82.3)%		
Adjusted CFFO Margin	22.8 %		32.1 %		11.0 %		35.7 %			

Adjusted CFFO / Adjusted CFFO Margin

In addition to our results determined in accordance with GAAP, we disclose the non-GAAP financial measure Adjusted CFFO. We define Adjusted CFFO as cash flow from operations *plus* profits distributions that were recorded as stock-based compensation expense from the Class B Units, plus or minus any non-recurring items. Profits distributions to Class B unitholders included amounts attributable to the Class B unitholders' potential tax liability with respect to the Class B Units (*i.e.*, there was no tax withholding, and the full amount of allocable profit was distributed, subject to the terms of the Existing LLC Agreement). We define Adjusted CFFO Margin as Adjusted CFFO as a percentage of Billings.

We believe that Adjusted CFFO and Adjusted CFFO Margin are useful indicators that provide information to management and investors about ongoing operating performance, to facilitate comparison of our results to those of peer companies over multiple periods, and for internal planning and forecasting purposes.

We have presented Adjusted CFFO because we believe it provides investors with greater comparability of our operating performance without the effects of stock-based compensation expense related to holders of Class B Units that will not continue following the consummation of the Transactions, in which all Class B Units were converted into Common Units. Following the consummation of the Transactions, we will make certain tax distributions to the MarketWise Members in amounts sufficient to pay individual income taxes on their respective allocation of the profits of MarketWise, LLC at then prevailing individual income tax rates. These distributions will not be recorded on MarketWise, Inc.'s income statement, and will be reflected on MarketWise, Inc.'s cash flow statement as cash used in financing activities. The cash used to make these distributions will not be available to us for use in the business.

Adjusted CFFO and Adjusted CFFO Margin have limitations as analytical tools, and should not be considered in isolation or as substitutes for analysis of other GAAP financial measures, such as cash flow from operations or operating cash flow margin. Some of the limitations of using Adjusted CFFO and Adjusted CFFO Margin are that these metrics may be calculated differently by other companies in our industry.

We expect Adjusted CFFO and Adjusted CFFO Margin to fluctuate in future periods as we invest in our business to execute our growth strategy. These activities, along with any non-recurring items as described above, may result in fluctuations in Adjusted CFFO and Adjusted CFFO Margin in future periods.

The following table provides a reconciliation of net cash provided by operating activities, the most directly comparable financial measure calculated in accordance with GAAP, to Adjusted CFFO for each of the periods presented:

(In thousands)		Thr	ee Mo	onths Ended June 30),	Six Months Ended June 30,					
	2022			2021	% change	2022		2021		% change	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	26,794	\$	58,914	(54.5)%	\$	27,862	\$	151,218	(81.6)%	
Profits distributions to Class B unitholders included in stock-based compensation expense		_		456	(100.0)%		_		6,107	(100.0)%	
Non-recurring expenses		_		_			_		_		
Adjusted CFFO	\$	26,794	\$	59,370	(54.9)%	\$	27,862	\$	157,325	(82.3)%	

The following table provides the calculation of net cash provided by operating activities margin as a percentage of total net revenue, the most directly comparable financial measure in accordance with GAAP, and Adjusted CFFO Margin for each of the periods presented:

(In thousands)	Thre	ee Mon	ths Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,					
	 2022		2021	% change		2022		2021	% change	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 26,794	\$	58,914	(54.5)%	\$	27,862	\$	151,218	(81.6)%	
Total net revenue	 128,014		142,130	(9.9)%		264,812		261,844	1.1 %	
Net cash provided by operating activities margin	 20.9 %		41.5 %			10.5 %		57.8 %		
Adjusted CFFO	\$ 26,794	\$	59,370	(54.9)%	\$	27,862	\$	157,325	(82.3)%	
Billings	117,507		185,100	(36.5)%		253,502		440,403	(42.4)%	
Adjusted CFFO Margin	22.8 %		32.1 %			11.0 %		35.7 %		

Adjusted CFFO decreased by \$32.6 million, or 55%, from \$59.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021 to \$26.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022, primarily driven by a decrease of \$67.6 million in Billings. Adjusted CFFO this quarter was impacted by net changes in working capital, excluding changes in deferred revenue and changes in deferred contract acquisition costs, which increased cash by \$13.5 million, largely due to a significant decrease in accounts receivable this quarter. The difference between Adjusted CFFO and CFFO in second quarter 2021 is stock-based compensation associated with \$0.5 million of profits distributions to the original Class B unitholders.

Adjusted CFFO decreased by \$129.5 million, or 82%, from \$157.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021 to \$27.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2022, primarily driven by a decrease of \$186.9 million in Billings. Adjusted CFFO for the six months ended June 30, 2022 was impacted by net changes in working capital, excluding changes in deferred revenue and changes in deferred contract acquisition costs, which decreased cash by \$4.6 million. The difference between Adjusted CFFO and CFFO six months ended June 30, 2021 is stock-based compensation associated with \$6.1 million of profits distributions to the original Class B unitholders.

The Effect of the COVID-19 Pandemic

COVID-19 was declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization and has spread across the globe, impacting worldwide activity and financial markets. COVID-19 has had a significant impact on the global supply chain, financial markets, trading activities, and consumer behavior, and the expected duration of these impacts remain uncertain.

We have continued to operate our business without much disruption during the pandemic, and we required our employees to work remotely in response to stay-at-home orders imposed by the U.S. and local governments in March 2020. While COVID-19 has impacted the sales and profitability of many companies' business over this period, it had not negatively impacted our net revenues during its peak periods. However, as the effect of COVID-19 has declined, we have seen a decline in consumer engagement as compared to the peak COVID-19 period, which in turn has had an effect of reducing our revenues and profitability.

While it is not possible at this time to estimate the impact, if any, that COVID-19 will have on our business longer term, the continued spread of COVID-19 and the measures taken by governments, businesses, and other organizations in response to COVID-19 could adversely impact our business, financial condition, and our results of operations. For more information, see the "Risk Factors" and "Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" sections in our Annual Report.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

General

As of June 30, 2022, our principal sources of liquidity were cash and cash equivalents of \$151.2 million. Cash and cash equivalents are comprised of bank deposits, money market funds, and certificates of deposit. We have financed our operations primarily through cash received from operations, and our sources of liquidity have enabled us to make continued investments in supporting the growth of our business. Our 2021 Credit Facility (as defined and further discussed below) can be used to finance permitted acquisitions, for working capital and general corporate purposes. We expect that our operating cash flows, in addition to cash on hand, will enable us to continue to make investments in the future. We expect our operating cash flows to further improve as we increase our operational efficiency and experience economies of scale.

We believe that our existing cash and cash equivalents and cash flow from operations will be sufficient to support working capital and capital expenditure requirements for at least the next 12 months. Our future capital requirements will depend on many factors, including our subscription growth rate, subscription renewal activity, including the timing and the amount of cash received from subscribers, the pace of expansion of sales and marketing activities, the timing and extent of spending to support development efforts, the introduction of new and enhanced products, and the level of costs to operate as a public company. We may, in the future, enter into arrangements to acquire or invest in complementary businesses, products, and technologies.

We may be required to seek additional equity or debt financing. In the event that we require additional financing, we may not be able to raise such financing on terms acceptable to us or at all. If we are unable to raise additional capital or generate cash flows necessary to expand our operations and invest in continued innovation, we may not be able to compete successfully, which would harm our business, operations, and financial condition.

A substantial source of our cash is from our deferred revenue, which is included in the liabilities section of our condensed consolidated balance sheets. Deferred revenue consists of the unearned portion of customer Billings, which is recognized as net revenue in accordance with our revenue recognition policy. As of June 30, 2022, we had deferred revenue of \$701.1 million, of which \$318.9 million was recorded as a current liability and is expected to be recognized as net revenue over the next 12 months, provided all other revenue recognition criteria have been met.

As a result of the Transactions, we have incurred and expect that we will incur public company expenses related to our operations, plus payment obligations under the Tax Receivable Agreement, which we expect to be significant. MarketWise, Inc. intends to cause MarketWise, LLC to make distributions to MarketWise, Inc. in an amount sufficient to allow MarketWise, Inc. to pay its tax obligations and operating expenses, including distributions to fund any payments due under the Tax Receivable Agreement. If MarketWise, LLC does not have sufficient cash to fund distributions to MarketWise, Inc. in amounts sufficient to cover MarketWise, Inc.'s obligations under the Tax Receivable Agreement, it may have to borrow funds, which could materially adversely affect its liquidity and financial condition and subject it to various restrictions imposed by any such lenders. To the extent that MarketWise, Inc. is unable to make timely payments under the Tax Receivable Agreement for any reason, the unpaid amounts will be deferred and will accrue interest until paid. For additional information regarding the Tax Receivable Agreement, see the section entitled "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Liquidity and Capital Resources—Tax Receivable Agreement" in the Annual Report.

Furthermore, to the extent we have taxable income, we will make distributions to the MarketWise Members in amounts sufficient for the MarketWise Members to pay taxes due on their share of MarketWise income at prevailing individual income tax rates. Such amounts will be reflected in MarketWise, Inc.'s statement of cash flows as cash used in financing activities, and so will not decrease the amount of cash from operations or net income reflected in MarketWise, Inc.'s financial statements. However, such distributions will decrease the amount of cash available to us for use in our business.

Share Repurchase Program

As previously disclosed in our Annual Report, on November 4, 2021, our Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$35.0 million in aggregate of shares of the Company's Class A common stock, with the authorization to expire on November 3, 2023. During the six months ended June 30, 2022, we repurchased 2,484,717 shares totaling \$13.1 million in the aggregate, including fees and commissions of \$25. Since the inception of the program we have repurchased 2,984,987 total shares.

For each share of Class A common stock the Company repurchases under the share repurchase program, MarketWise, LLC, the Company's direct subsidiary, will redeem one common unit of MarketWise, LLC held by the Company, decreasing the percentage ownership of MarketWise, LLC by the Company and relatively increasing the ownership by the other unitholders

Credit Facility

On October 29, 2021, MarketWise, LLC, entered into a loan and security agreement (the "Loan and Security Agreement") providing for up to \$150 million of commitments under a revolving credit facility (the "2021 Credit Facility"), including a \$5 million letter of credit sublimit, and allows for revolving commitments under the 2021 Credit Facility to be increased or new term commitments to be established by up to \$65 million. The existing lenders under the 2021 Credit Facility are entitled, but not obligated, to provide such incremental commitments. The 2021 Credit Facility has a term of three years, maturing on October 29, 2024.

The 2021 Credit Facility is guaranteed by MarketWise, LLC's direct and indirect material U.S. subsidiaries, subject to customary exceptions (the "Guarantors"), pursuant to a guaranty by the Guarantors in favor of HSBC Bank USA, National Association, as agent (the "Guaranty"). Borrowings under the 2021 Credit Facility are secured

by a first-priority lien on substantially all of the assets of MarketWise, LLC and the Guarantors, subject to customary exceptions.

Borrowings will bear interest at a floating rate depending on MarketWise, LLC's Net Leverage Ratio (as defined in the Loan and Security Agreement). As of June 30, 2022, there were no outstanding advances under the 2021 Credit Facility.

The Loan and Security Agreement contains customary affirmative and negative covenants for transactions of this type, and contains financial maintenance covenants that require MarketWise, LLC to maintain an Interest Coverage Ratio and Net Leverage Ratio (both as defined in the Loan and Security Agreement), and provides for a number of customary events of default, which could result in the acceleration of obligations and the termination of lending commitments under the Loan and Security Agreement. As of June 30, 2022, we were in compliance with these covenants.

Cash Flows

The following table presents a summary of our consolidated cash flows provided by (used in) operating, investing, and financing activities for the periods indicated:

(In thousands)	S	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2022		2021
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	27,862 \$	151,218
Net cash used in investing activities		(107)	(8,078)
Net cash used in financing activities		(16,042)	(15,934)

Operating Activities

For the six months ended June 30, 2022, net cash provided by operating activities was \$27.9 million, primarily due to net income of \$57.1 million, adjusted for net non-cash items which reduced cash by \$9.9 million, and net changes in our operating assets and liabilities which reduced cash by \$19.3 million, largely due to timing differences in the net receipt of cash. The non-cash items include a change in fair value of derivative liabilities of \$19.7 million, which was partially offset by stock-based compensation expense of \$5.0 million. The changes in operating assets and liabilities were primarily driven by a decrease in deferred revenue, which reduced cash by \$9.1 million due to our overall decrease in sales, an increase in deferred contract acquisition costs, which reduced cash by \$5.6 million, and a decrease in accounts receivable due to our overall decrease in sales, which increased cash by \$4.5 million.

For the six months ended June 30, 2021, net cash provided by operating activities was \$151.2 million, primarily due to net loss of \$623.5 million adjusted for non-cash charges which increased cash by \$642.9 million, and net changes in our operating assets and liabilities which increased cash by \$131.8 million. The non-cash adjustments primarily related to stock-based compensation expenses of \$642.4 million, which was driven by the increase in fair value as a result of a higher probability assigned to the market approach due to the signing of a letter of intent with ADAC during December 2020, and the granting and vesting of certain Class B Units. The changes in operating assets and liabilities were primarily driven by an increase in deferred revenue due to our overall increase in sales, which increased cash by \$172.8 million, and an increase in accrued expenses, which increased cash by \$32.9 million, partially offset by a net increase in deferred contract acquisition costs, which decreased cash by \$74.3 million.

Investing Activities

For the six months ended June 30, 2022, net cash used in investing activities was \$0.1 million.

For the six months ended June 30, 2021, net cash used in investing activities was \$8.1 million, primarily driven by the payment of \$7.1 million related to the acquisition of Chaikin, and \$0.9 million to acquire intangible assets.

Financing Activities

For the six months ended June 30, 2022, net cash used in financing activities was \$16.0 million, primarily due to \$13.1 million in share repurchases and \$3.8 million in distributions to noncontrolling interests.

For the six months ended June 30, 2021, net cash used in financing activities was \$15.9 million, primarily due to \$15.1 million in distributions to Class A members and \$0.8 million in distributions to noncontrolling interests.

Critical Accounting Estimates

Our condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with GAAP. The preparation of these condensed consolidated financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue, costs, and expenses, and related disclosures. On an ongoing basis, management evaluates its estimates and assumptions. Our actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

Management believes that, of our significant accounting policies, which are described in Note 2 to our consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021 in our Annual Report, the following accounting policies involve a greater degree of judgment and complexity. Accordingly, these are the policies management believes are the most critical to aid in fully understanding and evaluating our condensed consolidated financial condition and results of operations.

Revenue Recognition

We primarily earn revenue from services provided in delivering subscription-based financial research, publications, and SaaS offerings to individual subscribers through our online platforms using the five-step method described in Note 2 to our consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021 in our Annual Report.

Subscription revenues are recognized evenly over the duration of the subscriptions, in an amount that reflects the consideration we expect to be entitled to in exchange for those services. Subscribers are typically billed in advance of the subscriptions. The key estimates related to our revenue recognition are related to our estimated customer lives for our membership subscriptions, determination of standalone selling prices, and the amortization period for our capitalized contract costs.

We also offer membership subscriptions where we receive an upfront payment upon entering into the contract and receive a lower amount annually thereafter. Certain upfront fees on membership subscriptions are paid in installments over a 12-month period and, from time to time, over multiple years. We recognize revenue related to membership subscriptions over the estimated customer lives, which is five years. Management has determined the estimated life of membership customers based on historic customer attrition rates. The estimated life of membership customers was five years for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, and for each of the years ended December 31, 2021, 2020, and 2019.

Our contracts with subscribers may include multiple performance obligations if subscription services are sold with other subscriptions, products, or events within one contract. For such contracts, we allocate net revenues to each performance obligation based on its relative standalone selling price. We generally determine standalone selling prices based on the prices charged to subscribers on a standalone basis.

We capitalize incremental costs that are directly related to the acquisition or renewal of customer contracts, to the extent that the costs are expected to be recovered and if we expect the benefit of these costs to be longer than one year. We have elected to utilize the practical expedient and expense costs to obtain a contract with a subscriber when the expected benefit period is one year or less. Our capitalizable incremental costs include sales commissions to employees and fees paid to marketing vendors that are generally calculated as a percentage of the customer sale. We also capitalize revenue share fees that are payable to other companies, including related parties, who share their customer lists with us for each successful sale we make to a customer from their list. Capitalized costs are amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the expected customer life and the expected benefit related directly to

those costs, which is approximately four years. The amortization period for contract costs was approximately four years for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, and for each of the years ended December 31, 2021, 2020, and 2019.

Transactions and Valuation of Goodwill and Other Acquired Intangible Assets

When we acquire a business, we allocate the fair value of purchase consideration to the tangible assets acquired, liabilities assumed, and intangible assets acquired based on their estimated fair values as of the acquisition date. The excess of the fair value of purchase consideration over the fair values of these identifiable assets and liabilities is recorded as goodwill.

Such valuations require management to make significant estimates and assumptions, especially with respect to intangible assets. Significant estimates in valuing assets acquired and liabilities assumed include, but are not limited to, future expected cash flows from acquired customers, trade names, acquired technology from a market participant perspective, and determining useful lives and discount rates. Management's estimates of fair value are based upon assumptions believed to be reasonable, but which are inherently uncertain and unpredictable and, as a result, actual results may differ from estimates. While management believes the assumptions and estimates it has made in the past have been appropriate, they are inherently uncertain and subject to refinement. During the measurement period, which is up to one year from the acquisition date, we may record adjustments to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed, with the corresponding offset to goodwill. Upon the conclusion of the measurement period, any subsequent adjustments are recorded to earnings. We did not have significant measurement period adjustments during the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, and for each of the years ended December 31, 2021, 2020, and 2019.

Stock-Based Compensation

Historically, we granted Class B Units to certain key employees. Prior to the Transactions, the Class B Units were classified as liabilities as opposed to equity and remeasured to fair value at the end of each reporting period, with the change in value being charged to stock-based compensation expense. Because the Class B Units were classified as liabilities on our condensed consolidated balance sheet, all profits distributions made to the holders of the Class B Units were considered to be stock-based compensation expenses. Expense was recognized using the greater of the expenses as calculated based on (i) the legal vesting of the underlying units and (ii) a straight-line basis.

Because our Class B Units were not publicly traded, we estimated the fair value of our Class B Units. Historically, the fair values of Class B Units were estimated by our board of managers based on our equity value. Our board of managers considered, among other things, contemporaneous valuations of our equity value prepared by an unrelated third-party valuation firm in accordance with the guidance provided by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Practice Guide, Valuation of Privately-Held-Company Equity Securities Issued as Compensation. To estimate the fair value of the Class B Units, a two-step valuation approach was used. First our equity value was estimated using a market approach and a discounted cash flow approach by projecting our net cash flows into the future and discounting these cash flows to present value by applying a market discount rate. This calculated equity value was then allocated to the common units outstanding using an option pricing model by determining the distributions available to unit holders in a hypothetical liquidation. Our board of managers exercised reasonable judgment and considered several objective and subjective factors to determine the best estimate of the fair value of our Class B Units, including:

- · our historical and expected operating and financial performance;
- · current business conditions;
- our stage of development and business strategy;
- · macroeconomic conditions;
- our weighted average cost of capital;

- · risk-free rates of return;
- · the volatility of comparable publicly traded peer companies; and
- the lack of an active public market for our equity units.

Upon consummation of the Transactions, the vesting of all outstanding awards was accelerated and each Class B Unit was exchanged for Common Units in MarketWise, LLC.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

We are exposed to certain market risks in the ordinary course of our business. These risks primarily include:

Credit Risk

Our financial instruments that are exposed to concentrations of credit risk consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents. We had cash and cash equivalents of \$151.2 million and \$139.1 million as of June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively, which consisted of bank deposits, money market funds, and certificates of deposit. We hold cash with federally insured financial institutions that often exceed federally insured limits. We manage our credit risk by concentrating our cash deposits with high-quality financial institutions and periodically evaluating the credit quality of those institutions.

Interest Rate Risk

Cash and cash equivalents are held primarily for working capital purposes. These interest-earning instruments are subject to interest rate risk. To date, fluctuations in interest income have not been significant. The primary objective of our investment activities is to preserve principal while maximizing income without significantly increasing risk. We do not enter into investments for trading or speculative purposes and have not used any derivative financial instruments to manage our interest rate risk exposure. Due to the short-term nature of our investments, we have not been exposed to, nor do we anticipate being exposed to, material risks due to changes in interest rates. A hypothetical 1% change in interest rates during any of the periods presented would not have had a material impact on our condensed consolidated financial statements.

We also have exposure in changing interest rates in connection with our Credit Facility. Interest rate risk is highly sensitive due to many factors, including U.S. monetary and tax policies, U.S. and international economic factors and other factors beyond our control. A hypothetical 1% increase or decrease in market interest rates during the six months ended June 30, 2022 would not result in a material change to our condensed consolidated financial statements.

Currency Exchange Risk

We do not believe that foreign currency exchange has had a material effect on our business, results of operations, or financial condition. As the impact of foreign currency exchange rates has not been material to our historical results of operations, we have not entered into foreign currency derivative or hedging transactions, but may do so in the future if our exposure to foreign currency becomes more significant.

Inflation Risk

We do not believe that inflation has had a material effect on our business, results of operations, or financial condition. However, if our costs were to become subject to significant inflationary pressures, we may not be able to fully offset higher costs through price increases, and our inability or failure to do so could potentially harm our business, financial condition, and results of operations.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, with the participation of our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, evaluated, as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act). Based on that evaluation, and as a result of the material weaknesses described below, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that, as of June 30, 2022, our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective. In light of this fact, our management has performed additional analyses, reconciliations, and other post-closing procedures and has concluded that, notwithstanding the material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting, the condensed consolidated financial statements for the periods covered by and included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q fairly state, in all material respects, our financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the periods presented in conformity with U.S. GAAP.

As previously reported, in connection with the audit of our consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020, our management and auditors determined that material weaknesses existed in our internal control over financial reporting related to: (i) a lack of contemporaneous documentation and account reconciliation, and (ii) the lack of a formal or documented risk assessment process. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of our annual or interim consolidated financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

Remediation Efforts to Address the Material Weaknesses

We have taken a number of remediation actions during the year ended December 31, 2021 and during the six months ended June 30, 2022, and are continuing with our efforts. Remediation actions taken during the year ended December 31, 2021 and that continue during the six months ended June 30, 2022 include:

- · hiring personnel with appropriate levels of experience in accounting, technology, and internal controls;
- engaging a professional accounting services firm to help us commence the documentation and assessment of our internal controls for complying with the Sarbanes-Oxley Act;
- · implementing a risk assessment over financial reporting controls; and
- · implementing new software tools.

While significant progress has been made to enhance our internal control over financial reporting, we are still in the process of building and enhancing our processes, procedures, and controls. Additional time is required to complete the remediation of these material weaknesses and the assessment to ensure the sustainability of these remediation actions. We believe the above actions, when complete, will be effective in the remediation of the material weaknesses described above. As such, we have concluded that the material weaknesses have not been fully remediated as of June 30, 2022.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Other than as described above, there have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting identified in connection with the evaluation required by Rule 13a-15(d) and 15d-15(d) of the Exchange Act that occurred during the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q that materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Inherent Limitations on Effectiveness of Controls

Our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, believes that our disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting are designed to provide reasonable assurance of achieving their objectives and are effective at the reasonable assurance level. However, our management does not expect that our disclosure controls and procedures or our internal control over financial reporting will prevent all errors and all fraud. A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be

considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision making can be faulty, and that breakdowns can occur because of a simple error or mistake. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people, or by management override of the controls. The design of any system of controls is also based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions; over time, controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or the degree of compliance with policies or procedures may deteriorate. Because of the inherent limitations in a cost-effective control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected.

PART II—OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

Not applicable.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

The risks described below could have a material adverse impact on our business, financial condition, or operating results. Although it is not possible to predict or identify all such risks and uncertainties, they may include, but are not limited to, the factors discussed below. The risks and uncertainties described below are not the only ones we face. Additional risks and uncertainties that we are unaware of, or that we currently believe are not material, may also become important factors that adversely affect our business or results of operations

There have been no material changes in the risk factors disclosed in Part 1, Item 1A, of our Annual Report.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

The following table sets forth the information with respect to purchases made by or on behalf of the Company of its common stock during the three months ended June 30, 2022:

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased ⁽¹⁾	Average Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of a Publicly Announced Plan	Maximum Dolla of Shares that M be Purchased U Plan (in thous	lay Yet to nder the
April 1 to April 30, 2022	341,271	\$4.57	341,271	\$	18,636
May 1 to May 31, 2022	_	N/A	_	\$	18,636
June 1 to June 30, 2022	_	N/A	_	\$	18,636
Total	341,271		341,271		

⁽¹⁾ In November 2021, our Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$35.0 million in aggregate of shares of the Company's Class A common stock, with the authorization to expire on November 3, 2023.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.

Not applicable.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information.

Not applicable.

Item 6. Exhibits.

The following exhibits are filed as part of, or incorporated by reference into, this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

<u>Description</u>
Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as Adopted Pursuant
to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as Adopted Pursuant to
Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002,
Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
XBRL Instance Document
XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document)

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

MARKETWISE, INC.

Date: August 8, 2022

By: /s/ Dale Lynch

Name:

Dale Lynch

Title:

Chief Financial Officer

Certification by the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

I, Mark Arnold, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of MarketWise, Inc. (the "registrant") for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2022;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

MarketWise, Inc.

Date: August 8, 2022

By:
/s/ Mark Arnold

Name:

Mark Arnold Title:

Chief Executive Officer

Certification by the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

I, Dale Lynch, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of MarketWise, Inc. (the "registrant") for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2022;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

MarketWise, Inc.

ate: August 8, 2022	By:	
	/s/ Dale Lynch	
	Name:	
	Dale Lynch	
	Title:	
	Chief Financial Officer	

Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

I, Mark Arnold, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of MarketWise, Inc. for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2022 fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and that information contained in such Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of MarketWise, Inc.

Date: August 8, 2022	By:	
Buto. Hugust 6, 2022	/s/ Mark Arnold	
	Name:	
	Mark Arnold Title:	

MarketWise, Inc.

Chief Executive Officer

This certification accompanies the Quarterly Report, is not deemed filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and is not to be incorporated by reference into any filing of MarketWise, Inc. under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (whether made before or after the date of the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q), irrespective of any general incorporation language contained in such filing.

Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

I, Dale Lynch, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of MarketWise, Inc. for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2022 fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and that information contained in such Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of MarketWise, Inc.

D	_	
Date: August 8, 2022	By: /s/ Dale Lynch	
	Name: Dale Lynch	
	Title:	a or
	Chief Financial C	Officer

MarketWise, Inc.

This certification accompanies the Quarterly Report, is not deemed filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and is not to be incorporated by reference into any filing of MarketWise, Inc. under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (whether made before or after the date of the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q), irrespective of any general incorporation language contained in such filing.