

Prospectus Supplement No. 1  
(To Prospectus dated March 15, 2022)

# MARKETWISE, INC.

## MarketWise

This prospectus supplement updates, amends and supplements the prospectus dated March 15, 2022 (the "Prospectus"), which forms a part of our Registration Statement on Form S-1 (Registration No. 333-258734). Capitalized terms used in this prospectus supplement and not otherwise defined herein have the meanings specified in the Prospectus.

This prospectus supplement is being filed to update, amend, and supplement the information included in the Prospectus with the information contained in our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on May 9, 2022, which is set forth below.

This prospectus supplement is not complete without the Prospectus. This prospectus supplement should be read in conjunction with the Prospectus, which is to be delivered with this prospectus supplement, and is qualified by reference thereto, except to the extent that the information in this prospectus supplement updates or supersedes the information contained in the Prospectus. Please keep this prospectus supplement with your Prospectus for future reference.

Our shares of Class A common stock are listed on The Nasdaq Global Market (the "Nasdaq") under the symbol "MKTW." On May 23, 2022 the closing sale price of our Class A common stock was \$2.82 per share. Our public warrants are listed on the Nasdaq under the symbol "MKTW W." On May 23, 2022, the closing sale price of our public warrants was \$0.40 per warrant.

**Investing in shares of our Class A common stock or warrants involves risks that are described in the "Risk Factors" section beginning on page 12 of the Prospectus.**

Neither the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of the securities to be issued under the Prospectus or determined if the Prospectus or this prospectus supplement is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

**The date of this prospectus supplement is May 24, 2022**

**UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**  
Washington, D.C. 20549

**FORM 10-Q**

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2022

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

**Commission File Number: 001-39405**

**MarketWise, Inc.**

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

**Delaware**

(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

**87-1767914**

(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification Number)

**1125 N. Charles Street Baltimore, Maryland**

(Address of principal executive offices)

**21201**

(Zip Code)

(Address of principal executive offices, including zip code)

**(888) 261-2693**

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

(Former name or former address, if changed since last report)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
<b>Class A common stock, \$0.0001 par value per share</b>	<b>MKTW</b>	<b>The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC</b>
<b>Warrants to purchase Class A common stock</b>	<b>MKTWW</b>	<b>The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC</b>

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.  Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files).  Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Non-accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Smaller reporting company	<input type="checkbox"/>
		Emerging growth company	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 12 (a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).  Yes  No

As of May 5, 2022, there were 27,284,685 shares of the registrant's Class A common stock and 291,092,303 shares of the registrant's Class B common stock, each with a par value of \$0.0001 per share, outstanding.

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## CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains statements that are forward-looking statements within the meaning of federal securities law, and as such are not historical facts. This includes, without limitation, statements regarding our financial position and business strategy, and the plans and objectives of management for our future operations. Such statements can be identified by the fact that they do not relate strictly to historical or current facts. When used in this report, words such as “anticipate,” “believe,” “continue,” “could,” “estimate,” “expect,” “intend,” “may,” “might,” “plan,” “possible,” “potential,” “predict,” “project,” “should,” “strive,” “would,” and similar expressions may identify forward-looking statements, but the absence of these words does not mean that a statement is not forward-looking. Forward-looking statements are predictions, projections, and other statements about future events that are based on current expectations and assumptions and, as a result, are subject to risks and uncertainties. Many factors could cause actual future events to differ materially from the forward-looking statements in this report, including, but not limited to:

- our ability to attract new subscribers and to persuade existing subscribers to renew their subscription agreements with us and to purchase additional products and services from us;
- our ability to adequately market our products and services, and to develop additional products and product offerings;
- our ability to manage our growth effectively, including through acquisitions;
- failure to maintain and protect our reputation for trustworthiness and independence;
- our ability to attract, develop, and retain capable management, editors, and other key personnel;
- our ability to grow market share in our existing markets or any new markets we may enter;
- adverse or weakened conditions in the financial sector, global financial markets, and global economy;
- our ability to respond to and adapt to changes in technology and consumer behavior;
- failure to successfully identify and integrate acquisitions, or dispose of assets and businesses;
- our public securities’ potential liquidity and trading;
- the impact of the regulatory environment and complexities with compliance related to such environment;
- the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic;
- our future capital needs;
- our ability to maintain an effective system of internal control over financial reporting, and to address and remediate existing material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting;
- our ability to maintain and protect our intellectual property; and
- other factors detailed under the section of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q entitled “Risk Factors.”

These forward-looking statements are based on information available as of the date of this report and current expectations, forecasts, and assumptions, and involve a number of judgments, risks, and uncertainties. Additionally, as a result of a number of known and unknown risks and uncertainties, our actual results or performance may be materially different from those expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. Accordingly, forward-looking statements should not be relied upon as representing our views as of any subsequent date, and we do not undertake any obligation to update forward-looking statements for any reason, except as may be required under applicable securities laws.

## PART 1—FINANCIAL INFORMATION

### Item 1. Financial Statements.

MARKETWISE, INC.

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (Unaudited)  
(In thousands, except share and per share data)

	March 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
<b>Assets</b>		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 125,737	\$ 139,078
Accounts receivable	16,412	7,805
Prepaid expenses	11,709	13,043
Related party receivables	185	496
Related party notes receivable, current	302	298
Restricted cash	500	500
Deferred contract acquisition costs	88,441	82,685
Other current assets	1,488	2,484
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>244,774</b>	<b>246,389</b>
Property and equipment, net	1,099	1,188
Operating lease right-of-use assets	10,316	10,901
Intangible assets, net	8,142	8,612
Goodwill	23,288	23,288
Deferred contract acquisition costs, noncurrent	118,279	120,386
Related party notes receivable, noncurrent	861	861
Deferred tax assets	7,442	8,964
Other assets	2,220	965
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 416,421</b>	<b>\$ 421,554</b>
<b>Liabilities and stockholders' deficit</b>		
Current liabilities:		
Trade and other payables	\$ 2,362	\$ 4,758
Related party payables, net	495	970
Accrued expenses	41,037	46,453
Deferred revenue and other contract liabilities	317,860	317,133
Operating lease liabilities	1,361	1,274
Other current liabilities	22,627	24,905
<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<b>385,742</b>	<b>395,493</b>
Deferred revenue and other contract liabilities, noncurrent	393,764	393,043
Derivative liabilities, noncurrent	1,601	2,015
Warrant liabilities	22,615	29,332
Deferred tax liabilities	—	—
Operating lease liabilities, noncurrent	6,710	6,933
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>810,432</b>	<b>826,816</b>
Commitments and Contingencies	—	—
Stockholders' deficit:		
Common stock - Class A, par value of \$0.0001 per share, 950,000,000 shares authorized; 22,574,956 and 24,718,402 shares issued and outstanding at March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively	2	2
Common stock - Class B, par value of \$0.0001 per share, 300,000,000 shares authorized; 291,092,303 shares issued and outstanding at March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively	29	29

**MARKETWISE, INC.****Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (Unaudited)***(In thousands, except share and per share data)*

Preferred stock - par value of \$0.0001 per share, 100,000,000 shares authorized; 0 shares issued and outstanding at March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively	—	—
Additional paid-in capital	88,645	97,548
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(26)	(9)
Accumulated deficit	(140,290)	(146,115)
Total stockholders' deficit attributable to MarketWise, Inc.	(51,640)	(48,545)
Noncontrolling interest	(342,371)	(356,717)
Total stockholders' deficit	(394,011)	(405,262)
<b>Total liabilities, noncontrolling interest, and stockholders' deficit</b>	<b>\$ 416,421</b>	<b>\$ 421,554</b>

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.*

MARKETWISE, INC.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (Unaudited)  
(In thousands, except per share data)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2022	2021
Net revenue	\$ 136,620	\$ 119,341
Related party revenue	178	373
Total net revenue	136,798	119,714
Operating expenses:		
Cost of revenue <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	17,617	132,812
Sales and marketing <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	68,237	91,785
General and administrative <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	30,545	507,429
Research and development <sup>(2)</sup>	2,278	1,778
Depreciation and amortization	604	751
Related party expense	97	20
Total operating expenses	119,378	734,575
Income (loss) from operations	17,420	(614,861)
Other income (expense), net	7,296	(227)
Interest (expense) income, net	(171)	5
Income (loss) before income taxes	24,545	(615,083)
Income tax expense	1,522	—
Net income (loss)	23,023	(615,083)
Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	17,198	(630)
Net income (loss) attributable to MarketWise, Inc.	\$ 5,825	\$ (614,453)

Earnings per share - for the three months ended March 31, 2022:

Net income per Class A common share – basic and diluted	\$ 0.24
Weighted average shares outstanding – basic and diluted	23,851
<i>As a result of the Transactions, the capital structure has changed and earnings per share information is only presented for the period after the date of the Transactions. See Note 11 – Earnings Per Share.</i>	

<sup>(1)</sup> Included within cost of revenue, sales and marketing, and general and administrative expenses are stock-based compensation expenses as follows (see Note 10 – Stock-Based Compensation):

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2022	2021
Cost of revenue	\$ 532	\$ 114,348
Sales and marketing	565	14,070
General and administrative	1,491	472,657
Total stock based-compensation expense	\$ 2,588	\$ 601,075

<sup>(2)</sup> Cost of revenue, sales and marketing, general and administrative, and research and development expenses are exclusive of depreciation and amortization shown as a separate line item

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.



MARKETWISE, INC.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) (Unaudited)  
(In thousands)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2022	2021
Net income (loss)	\$ 23,023	\$ (615,083)
Other comprehensive loss:		
Cumulative translation adjustment	(17)	(17)
Total comprehensive income (loss)	<u>\$ 23,006</u>	<u>\$ (615,100)</u>

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.*

MARKETWISE, INC.

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Deficit / Members' Deficit (Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share, unit, per share, and per unit data)

	Class A Members' units		Common Stock - Class A		Common Stock - Class B		Preferred Stock		Additional paid-in capital	Accumulated deficit	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Total Stockholders' Deficit / Members' Deficit Attributable to MarketWise, Inc.	Noncontrolling Interest	Total Stockholders' Deficit / Members' Deficit
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount						
<b>Balance at January 1, 2021</b>	547,466	\$ (914,728)	—	\$ —	—	\$ —	—	\$ —	—	\$ —	(17)	\$ (914,745)	\$ (5,865)	\$ (920,610)
Class A units transferred to Class B	(18,947)		—		—		—		—					
Acquisition of Chaikin	—		—		—		—		—				810	810
Foreign currency translation adjustments	—		—		—		—		—		(17)	(17)		(17)
Distributions	—	(13,917)	—		—		—		—			(13,917)	(250)	(14,167)
Net loss	—	(614,453)	—		—		—		—			(614,453)	(630)	(615,083)
<b>Balance at March 31, 2021</b>	<u>528,519</u>	<u>\$ (1,543,098)</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>(34)</u>	<u>\$ (1,543,132)</u>	<u>\$ (5,935)</u>	<u>\$ (1,549,067)</u>

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Deficit / Members' Deficit (Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share, unit, per share, and per unit data)

	Common Stock - Class A		Common Stock - Class B		Preferred Stock		Additional paid-in capital	Accumulated deficit	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Total Stockholders' Deficit Attributable to MarketWise, Inc.	Noncontrolling Interest	Total Stockholders' Deficit
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount						
<b>Balance at January 1, 2022</b>	24,718,402	\$ 2	291,092,303	\$ 29	—	\$ —	\$ 97,548	\$ (146,115)	\$ (9)	\$ (48,545)	\$ (356,717)	\$ (405,262)
Equity-based compensation	—	—	—	—	—	—	2,588	—	—	2,588	—	2,588
Repurchases of stock	(2,143,446)	—	—	—	—	—	(11,491)	—	—	(11,491)	—	(11,491)
Distributions	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(2,852)	(2,852)
Foreign currency translation adjustments	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(17)	(17)	—	(17)
Net income (see note below)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5,825	—	5,825	17,198	23,023
<b>Balance at March 31, 2022</b>	<u>22,574,956</u>	<u>\$ 2</u>	<u>291,092,303</u>	<u>\$ 29</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 88,645</u>	<u>\$ (140,290)</u>	<u>\$ (26)</u>	<u>\$ (51,640)</u>	<u>\$ (342,371)</u>	<u>\$ (394,011)</u>

Note: The Transactions occurred on July 21, 2021. As a result, net loss for the three months ended March 31, 2021 was attributed to the pre-Transaction period and net income for the three months ended March 31, 2022 was attributed to the post-Transaction period. During the pre-Transaction period, net loss was attributable to consolidated MarketWise, LLC and its respective noncontrolling interests. During the post-Transaction period, net income was attributable to consolidated MarketWise, Inc. and its respective noncontrolling interests. As of March 31, 2022, MarketWise, Inc.'s controlling interest in MarketWise, LLC is 7.2% and the noncontrolling interest was 92.8%. For the three months ended March 31, 2022, net income attributable to controlling interests included a \$6.7 million gain on warrant liabilities and a \$1,522 tax provision, both of which are 100% attributable to the controlling interest.

	Controlling interests	Noncontrolling interests	Total
Net loss of MarketWise, LLC attributed to the pre-Transaction period from January 1, 2021 through March 31, 2021	\$(614,453)	\$ (630)	\$(615,083)
Net income of MarketWise, Inc. attributed to the post-Transaction period from January 1, 2022 through March 31, 2022	\$ 5,825	\$ 17,198	\$ 23,023

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

**Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (Unaudited)**  
(In thousands)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2022	2021
<b>Cash flows from operating activities:</b>		
Net income (loss)	\$ 23,023	\$ (615,083)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	604	751
Impairment of right-of-use assets	287	—
Stock-based compensation	2,588	43,880
Change in fair value of derivative liabilities – Class B Units	—	551,544
Change in fair value of derivative liabilities – other	(7,131)	394
Deferred taxes	1,522	—
Unrealized gains on foreign currency	(8)	(10)
Noncash lease expense	478	448
Gain on sale of cryptocurrencies	—	(105)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(8,607)	(722)
Related party receivables and payables, net	(164)	2,704
Prepaid expenses	1,334	(1,060)
Other current assets and other assets	(259)	97
Cryptocurrency intangible assets	—	108
Deferred contract acquisition costs	(3,649)	(49,681)
Trade and other payables	(2,388)	(5,263)
Accrued expenses	(5,416)	29,640
Deferred revenue	1,448	130,785
Operating lease liabilities	(316)	(276)
Other current and long-term liabilities	(2,278)	4,153
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>1,068</u>	<u>92,304</u>
<b>Cash flows from investing activities:</b>		
Cash paid for Chaikin acquisition, net of cash acquired	—	(7,139)
Purchases of property and equipment	(14)	(13)
Purchases of intangible assets	—	(662)
Capitalized software development costs	(31)	(20)
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(45)</u>	<u>(7,834)</u>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities:</b>		
Issuance of related party notes receivable	(4)	(2)
Repurchases of stock	(11,491)	—
Distributions to members	—	(13,917)
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	(2,852)	(250)
Net cash used in financing activities	<u>(14,347)</u>	<u>(14,169)</u>
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	(17)	(16)
Net increase in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	(13,341)	70,285
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash — beginning of period	139,578	114,927
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash — end of period	<u>\$ 126,237</u>	<u>\$ 185,212</u>

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.*

**Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)**  
*(Dollar amounts in thousands, except share, unit, per share, and per unit data)*

## 1. Organization

### *Description of Business and Basis of Presentation*

MarketWise Inc, and its predecessor for accounting purposes, MarketWise, LLC (formerly Beacon Street Group, LLC) are collectively referred to herein as “MarketWise,” “the Company,” “we,” “us,” or “our”. The Company provides independent investment research for investors around the world. We believe we are a leading content and technology multi-brand platform for self-directed investors. We offer a comprehensive portfolio of high-quality, independent investment research, as well as several software and analytical tools, on a subscription basis.

While our headquarters are in Baltimore, Maryland, we operate multiple subsidiaries in the United States.

### *Reverse Recapitalization with Ascendant Digital Acquisition Corp.*

On July 21, 2021, as contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement, dated as of March 1, 2021, by and among Ascendant Digital Acquisition Corp. (“ADAC”), MarketWise, LLC, all of the members of MarketWise, LLC (the “MarketWise Members”), and Shareholder Representative Services LLC, (as amended, the “Transaction Agreement”), ADAC was domesticated and continues as a Delaware corporation, changing its name to “MarketWise, Inc.”

As a result of, and upon the effective time thereof, among other things, (1) each of the then issued and outstanding Class A ordinary shares, par value \$0.0001 per share, of ADAC (the “ADAC Class A ordinary shares”) automatically converted, on a one-for-one basis, into a share of Class A common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share, of MarketWise, Inc. (the “Class A common stock”); (2) each of the then issued and outstanding redeemable warrants of ADAC automatically converted into a redeemable warrant to acquire one share of Class A common stock (the “warrants”); and (3) each of the then issued and outstanding units of ADAC that had not been previously separated into the underlying ADAC Class A ordinary shares and underlying warrants upon the request of the holder thereof were cancelled and entitled the holder thereof to one share of Class A common stock and one-half of one warrant. No fractional warrants were issued upon such separation.

On July 21, 2021, as contemplated by the Transaction Agreement, MarketWise, Inc. and MarketWise, LLC consummated the business combination contemplated by the Transaction Agreement whereby (i) MarketWise, LLC restructured its capitalization, appointed MarketWise, Inc. as its managing member, and issued to MarketWise, Inc. 28,003,096 common units of MarketWise, LLC (the “MarketWise Units”), and 30,979,993 warrants to purchase MarketWise Units and (ii) MarketWise, Inc. issued 291,092,303 shares of Class B common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share, of MarketWise, Inc. (the “Class B common stock” and, together with the Class A common stock, the “common stock”) to the MarketWise Members.

As previously announced, on March 1, 2021, concurrently with the execution of the Transaction Agreement, ADAC entered into subscription agreements (the “Subscription Agreements”) with certain investors (collectively, the “PIPE Investors”) who subscribed for 15,000,000 shares of Class A common stock at \$10.00 per share for an aggregate commitment amount of \$150 million (the “PIPE Investment” and, together with the other transactions described above and all transactions contemplated by or pursuant to the Transaction Agreement, the “Transactions”). The PIPE Investment was consummated on July 21, 2021 substantially concurrently with the closing of the other Transactions.

Immediately after giving effect to the Transactions, there were 28,003,096 shares of Class A common stock (including 3,051,000 Sponsor Earn Out Shares (as defined and discussed in our Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) on July 28, 2021) the “Original Report”), 291,092,303 shares of Class B common stock, and 30,979,993 warrants outstanding (including 10,280,000 Private Placement Warrants (as defined in the Original Report)). Upon the consummation of the Transactions, ADAC’s ordinary shares, warrants, and units ceased trading on The New York Stock Exchange, and MarketWise, Inc.’s Class A common stock and warrants began trading on the Nasdaq under the symbols “MKTW” and “MKTW W,” respectively.

**Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)**  
*(Dollar amounts in thousands, except share, unit, per share, and per unit data)*

Immediately after giving effect to the Transactions, (1) ADAC's public shareholders owned approximately 0.1% of the outstanding MarketWise, Inc. common stock, (2) the MarketWise Members owned approximately 91.2% of the outstanding MarketWise, Inc. common stock, (3) Ascendant Sponsor LP, a Cayman Islands exempted limited partnership and related parties (the "Sponsor") collectively owned approximately 3.2% of the outstanding MarketWise, Inc. common stock (including 3,051,000 Sponsor Earn Out Shares), and (4) the PIPE Investors owned approximately 4.7% of the outstanding MarketWise, Inc. common stock.

The Transaction was accounted for as a reverse recapitalization in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("GAAP"). Under the guidance in Accounting Standards Codifications ("ASC") Topic 805, MarketWise, LLC is treated as the "acquirer" for financial reporting purposes. As such, MarketWise, LLC is deemed the accounting predecessor of the combined business and MarketWise, Inc. the successor registrant for SEC purposes, meaning that MarketWise, LLC's financial statements for previous periods will be disclosed in the registrant's future periodic reports filed with the SEC. The reverse recapitalization was treated as the equivalent of MarketWise, LLC issuing stock for the net assets of ADAC, accompanied by a recapitalization.

As part of the recapitalization Transactions, we recorded net cash proceeds from the Transactions of \$113.6 million in equity. This cash amount includes: (1) the reclassification of ADAC's Trust Account of \$414.6 million to cash and cash equivalents that became available at the time of the Transactions; (2) proceeds of \$150.0 million from the issuance and sale of MarketWise Class A common stock in the PIPE investment; (3) payment of \$48.8 million in non-recurring transaction costs; (4) settlement of \$14.5 million in deferred underwriters' discount; and (5) the payment of \$387.7 million to redeeming shareholders of ADAC. We also recorded (1) \$45.0 million in equity related to the establishment of the initial value of the warrants; and (2) \$11.1 million in equity related to the establishment of the initial value of deferred taxes.

## **2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

### ***Basis of Consolidation***

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of MarketWise and its wholly owned subsidiaries. The condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

The accompanying statements of operations include expenses for certain functions historically performed by a related party, including general corporate services, such as legal, accounting, treasury, information technology, human resources and administration. These expenses are based primarily on direct usage when identifiable, direct capital expenditures or other relevant allocations during the respective periods. We believe the assumptions underlying the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements, including the assumptions regarding these expenses from this related party, are reasonable. Actual results may differ from these expenses, assumptions and estimates. The amounts recorded in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements are not necessarily indicative of the actual amount of such indirect expenses that would have been recorded had we been a separate independent entity.

### ***Unaudited Interim Financial Information***

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and the related footnote disclosures have been prepared by us in accordance with GAAP for interim financial reporting and as required by Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements may not include all of the information and notes required by GAAP for audited financial statements. The year-end December 31, 2021 condensed consolidated balance sheet data included herein was derived from audited financial statements but does not include all disclosures required by GAAP for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments, consisting of items of a normal and recurring nature, necessary to present fairly our financial position as of March 31, 2022, the results of operations, comprehensive income (loss), stockholders' deficit / members' deficit, and cash flows for the three

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months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021. The results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year. The information contained herein should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021 filed with the SEC. Management considers events or transactions that occur after the balance sheet date but before the financial statements are issued to provide additional evidence relative to certain estimates or to identify matters that require additional disclosure. Subsequent events have been evaluated through the date of issuance of these financial statements.

***Use of Estimates***

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Significant estimates and assumptions made in the accompanying financial statements include, but are not limited to, the fair value of common units, derivatives, warrants, valuation of assets acquired and liabilities assumed in business combinations, useful lives of intangible assets with definite lives, benefit period of deferred contract acquisition costs, determination of standalone selling prices, estimated life of lifetime customers, recoverability of goodwill and long-lived assets, valuation allowances on deferred tax assets, the incremental borrowing rates to calculate lease liabilities and right-of-use (“ROU”) assets and certain accruals. We evaluate our estimates and assumptions on an ongoing basis using historical experience and other factors and adjust those estimates and assumptions when facts and circumstances dictate. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

***Emerging Growth Company***

We are an “emerging growth company,” as defined in Section 2(a) of the Securities Act, as modified by the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act of 2012 (the “JOBS Act”), and we may take advantage of certain exemptions from various reporting requirements that are applicable to other public companies that are not emerging growth companies including, but not limited to, not being required to comply with the independent registered public accounting firm attestation requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, reduced disclosure obligations regarding executive compensation in its periodic reports and proxy statements, and exemptions from the requirements of holding a nonbinding advisory vote on executive compensation and stockholder approval of any golden parachute payments not previously approved.

Further, Section 102(b)(1) of the JOBS Act exempts emerging growth companies from being required to comply with new or revised financial accounting standards until private companies (that is, those that have not had a Securities Act registration statement declared effective or do not have a class of securities registered under the Exchange Act) are required to comply with the new or revised financial accounting standards. The JOBS Act provides that an emerging growth company can elect to opt out of the extended transition period and comply with the requirements that apply to non-emerging growth companies but any such election to opt out is irrevocable. We have elected not to opt out of such extended transition period, which means that when a standard is issued or revised and it has different application dates for public or private companies, we, as an emerging growth company, can adopt the new or revised standard at the time private companies adopt the new or revised standard. This may make comparison of our unaudited condensed financial statements with another public company that is neither an emerging growth company nor an emerging growth company that has opted out of using the extended transition period difficult or impossible because of the potential differences in accounting standards used.

***Stock-Based Compensation***

Stock-based compensation expenses are included in cost of revenue, sales and marketing, and general and administrative expenses in a manner consistent with the employee’s salary and benefits in the condensed consolidated statements of operations.

***2021 Incentive Award Plan***

On July 21, 2021, the MarketWise, Inc. 2021 Incentive Award Plan (the “2021 Incentive Award Plan”) became effective. MarketWise has reserved a total of 32,045,000 shares of MarketWise Class A common stock for issuance

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pursuant to the 2021 Incentive Award Plan and the maximum number of shares that may be issued pursuant to the exercise of incentive stock options granted under the 2021 Incentive Award Plan is 32,045,000, in each case, subject to certain adjustments set forth therein. See also Note 9, *Stock-Based Compensation*.

The 2021 Incentive Award Plan provides for the grant of stock options, including incentive stock options, or ISOs, and nonqualified stock options, or NSOs; restricted stock; restricted stock units, or RSUs; stock appreciation rights, or SARs; and other stock or cash-based awards.

Equity-based compensation with service conditions made to employees is measured based on the grant date fair value of the awards and recognized as compensation expense over the period during which the recipient is required to perform services in exchange for the award (the requisite service period). We have elected to use a straight-line attribution method for recognizing compensation costs relating to awards that have service conditions only. Forfeitures are recorded as they occur.

#### *2021 ESPP*

As a result of the Transactions, we adopted the 2021 Employee Stock Purchase Plan (“ESPP”). Under the ESPP, the Company authorizes the grant of the right to purchase shares of Class A Common Stock by employees who qualify under the ESPP. The Company has reserved for issuance a total of 6,409,000 shares of Class A Common Stock for the ESPP. The ESPP became effective on January 1, 2022 and the initial offering period began on January 1, 2022 and ends on June 30, 2022.

The ESPP is implemented through a series of offerings under which eligible employees are granted purchase rights to purchase shares of the Company’s Class A Common Stock on specified dates during such offerings. Under the ESPP, the Company has determined the offering period to occur in six month intervals, with the purchase date occurring at the end of the offering period. On each purchase date, eligible employees will purchase the shares at a price per share equal to 85% of the lesser of (1) the fair market value of the Company’s Class A Common Stock on the first trading day of the offering period, or (2) the fair market value of the Company’s Class A Common Stock on the purchase date, as defined in the ESPP. The fair value of the ESPP is determined using the Monte Carlo model as of the beginning of each offering period and is expensed ratably over the six month offering period.

#### *Class B Units*

As more fully described above, we completed our Transactions in July 2021, and all Class B Units fully vested as of the transaction date, and the original operating agreement was terminated and replaced by a new operating agreement consistent with the Company’s Up-C structure. This new operating agreement does not contain the put and call options that existed under the previous operating agreement, and the Common Units are treated as common equity under the new operating agreement and do not generate stock-based compensation expense.

Prior to the Transactions, under the old operating agreement, and as part of our compensation and retention strategy, we granted incentive compensation units (“Class B Units”) to certain key employees, which are profit interests for United States federal income tax purposes. The Class B Units were accounted for as a substantive class of equity and allowed the recipient to realize value only to the extent that the value of the award appreciated.

The Class B Units contained service-based vesting conditions and had different vesting terms depending upon the employee which ranged from vesting immediately to eight years; vesting was accelerated upon the completion of the Transactions. Compensation cost was recognized on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period until vesting for the entire award, but at least equaled the number of vested units determined by the underlying vesting schedule. Forfeitures were accounted for in the period in which they occurred.

The Class B Units were subject to a put and call option whereby we could elect to redeem or be required to redeem these units at a value determined by a predefined formula based on a multiplier of our net income as defined by management. Employees may not exercise the put option until 25 months have elapsed from the issuance date. Since the redemption price is not representative of fair value, the employees are not considered to be subject to the risks and rewards of share ownership, and the Class B Units were classified as liabilities in the accompanying



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condensed consolidated balance sheet. Prior to the completion of the Transactions, the liability for Class B units was remeasured to fair value at the end of each reporting period.

Since Class B Units were classified as liabilities, all cash distributions made to the unitholders of the Class B Units pursuant to our operating agreement were considered to be stock-based compensation expenses. Upon consummation of the Transactions, the old operating agreement was terminated and a new operating agreement was adopted. This new operating agreement does not contain the put and call options that existed under the previous operating agreement, and the Common Units are treated as common equity under the new operating agreement and do not generate stock-based compensation expense.

**Noncontrolling Interest**

Noncontrolling interest represents the Company's noncontrolling interest in consolidated subsidiaries which are not attributable, directly or indirectly, to the controlling Class A Common Stock ownership of the Company.

The Transactions occurred on July 21, 2021. As a result, net income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2021 was attributed to the pre-Transaction period from January 1, 2021 through July 21, 2021 and to the post-Transaction period from July 22, 2021 through December 31, 2021.

Net income for the three months ended March 31, 2022 was fully in the post-Transaction period and therefore attributable to consolidated MarketWise, Inc. and its respective noncontrolling interests. As of March 31, 2022, MarketWise, Inc.'s controlling interest in MarketWise, LLC was 7.2% and the noncontrolling interest was 92.8%. For the three months ended March 31, 2022 net income attributable to controlling interests included a \$6.7 million gain on warrant liabilities and a \$1.5 million tax provision, both of which are 100% attributable to the controlling interest.

Net loss for three months ended March 31, 2021 was fully in the pre-Transaction period and therefore attributable to consolidated MarketWise, LLC and its respective noncontrolling interests.

**Earnings Per Share**

Basic net income per share is based on the weighted average number of shares of Class A Common Stock issued and outstanding during the period. Diluted net income per share is based on the weighted average number of shares of Class A Common Stock issued and outstanding and the effect of all dilutive common stock equivalents and potentially dilutive share based compensation awards outstanding during the period.

**3. Revenue Recognition**

**Disaggregation of revenues**

The following table depicts the disaggregation of revenue according to customer type and is consistent with how we evaluate our financial performance. We believe this depicts how the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows are affected by economic factors.

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2022				
	Subscriptions	Advertising	Revenue Share (Related Party)	Revenue Share (Third-party)	Total
Timing of transfer:					
Transferred over time	\$ 136,100	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 136,100
Transferred at a point in time	—	277	178	243	698
Total	\$ 136,100	\$ 277	\$ 178	\$ 243	\$ 136,798

**Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)**  
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	Three Months Ended March 31, 2021				
	Subscriptions	Advertising	Revenue Share (Related Party)	Revenue Share (Third-party)	Total
Timing of transfer:					
Transferred over time	\$ 117,647	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 117,647
Transferred at a point in time	—	910	373	784	2,067
Total	<u>\$ 117,647</u>	<u>\$ 910</u>	<u>\$ 373</u>	<u>\$ 784</u>	<u>\$ 119,714</u>

Revenue recognition by subscription type was as follows:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2022	2021
Lifetime subscriptions	\$ 51,452	\$ 40,164
Term subscriptions	84,648	77,483
Non-subscription revenue	698	2,067
Total	<u>\$ 136,798</u>	<u>\$ 119,714</u>

Revenue for the Lifetime and Term subscription types are determined based on the terms of the subscription agreements. Non-subscription revenue consists of revenue from advertising and other revenue.

Net revenue by principal geographic areas was as follows:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2022	2021
United States	\$ 136,711	\$ 119,274
International	87	440
Total	<u>\$ 136,798</u>	<u>\$ 119,714</u>

Revenue by location is determined by the billing entity for the customer.

**Contract Balances**

The timing of revenue recognition, billings, cash collections and refunds affects the recognition of accounts receivable, contract assets and deferred revenue. Our current deferred revenue balance in the condensed consolidated balance sheets includes an obligation for refunds for contracts where the provision for refund has not lapsed. Accounts receivable, deferred revenue and obligation for refunds are as follows:

	As of	
	March 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
<b>Contract balances</b>		
Accounts receivable	\$ 16,412	\$ 7,805
Obligations for refunds	\$ 5,363	\$ 5,590
Deferred revenue – current	\$ 312,497	\$ 311,543
Deferred revenue – non-current	\$ 393,764	\$ 393,043

We recognized \$109,730 and \$94,838 of revenue during the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, that was included within the beginning contract liability balance of the respective periods. The Company has collected all amounts included in deferred revenue other than \$16,412 and \$7,805 as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively, related to the timing of cash settlement with our credit card processor.

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**Assets Recognized from Costs to Obtain a Contract with a Customer**

The following table presents the opening and closing balances of our capitalized costs associated with contracts with customers:

Balance at January 1, 2022	\$	203,071
Royalties and sales commissions – additions		10,633
Revenue share and cost per acquisition fees – additions		15,670
Amortization of capitalized costs		(22,654)
Balance at March 31, 2022	\$	<u>206,720</u>

We did not recognize any impairment on capitalized costs associated with contracts with customers for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021.

**Remaining Performance Obligations**

As of March 31, 2022, the Company had \$711,624 of remaining performance obligations presented as deferred revenue in the condensed consolidated balance sheets. We expect to recognize approximately 45% of that amount as revenues over the next twelve months, with the remainder recognized thereafter.

**4. Acquisitions**

**Chaikin**

On January 21, 2021, we acquired 90% ownership of Chaikin Holdings LLC (“Chaikin”) a provider of analytical tools and software for investors, for cash of \$7,139, net of cash acquired. We acquired Chaikin to expand our product offerings and our customer base. The Chaikin acquisition was accounted for using the acquisition method of accounting for business combinations. The following table summarizes the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed as of the acquisition date:

Cash	\$	151
Other current assets		138
Customer relationships		3,664
Tradenames		657
Software		247
Goodwill		5,187
Other noncurrent assets		443
Total assets acquired		<u>10,487</u>
Liabilities assumed		(2,387)
Net assets acquired	\$	<u>8,100</u>
Cash consideration	\$	7,290
Noncontrolling interest		810
Total consideration	\$	<u>8,100</u>

The excess purchase consideration over the fair values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed was recorded as goodwill. The goodwill arising from the acquisition is largely attributable to synergies which we expect to achieve from cross-marketing and providing complementary products to our existing and acquired customers, and is expected to be fully deductible for tax purposes. The acquired intangible assets of Chaikin are amortized over their estimated useful lives. Accordingly, the trade name will be amortized over 8.5 years and customer relationships will

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be amortized over 6 years. Amortization for the acquired intangible assets was \$170 and \$126 for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

**5. Goodwill and Intangible Assets, Net**

**Goodwill**

The carrying amounts of goodwill are as follows:

Balance at January 1, 2022	\$ 23,288
Balance at March 31, 2022	<u>\$ 23,288</u>

**Intangible assets, net**

Intangible assets, net consisted of the following as of the dates indicated:

	March 31, 2022			
	Cost	Accumulated Amortization	Net Book Value	Weighted-Average Remaining Useful Life (in years)
<b>Finite-lived intangible assets:</b>				
Customer relationships	\$ 12,368	\$ (8,405)	\$ 3,963	4.2
Tradenames	3,578	(1,935)	1,643	5.1
Capitalized software development costs	2,897	(1,448)	1,449	2.7
Finite-lived intangible assets, net	<u>18,843</u>	<u>(11,788)</u>	<u>7,055</u>	
<b>Indefinite-lived intangible assets:</b>				
Internet domain names	1,087	—	1,087	
Indefinite-lived intangible assets, net	<u>1,087</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>1,087</u>	
Intangible assets, net	<u>\$ 19,930</u>	<u>\$ (11,788)</u>	<u>\$ 8,142</u>	

	December 31, 2021			
	Cost	Accumulated Amortization	Net Book Value	Weighted-Average Remaining Useful Life (in years)
<b>Finite-lived intangible assets:</b>				
Customer relationships	\$ 12,368	\$ (8,105)	\$ 4,263	4.4
Tradenames	3,578	(1,838)	1,740	5.3
Capitalized software development costs	2,866	(1,344)	1,522	3.1
Finite-lived intangible assets, net	<u>18,812</u>	<u>(11,287)</u>	<u>7,525</u>	
<b>Indefinite-lived intangible assets:</b>				
Internet domain names	1,087	—	1,087	
Indefinite-lived intangible assets, net	<u>1,087</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>1,087</u>	
Intangible assets, net	<u>\$ 19,899</u>	<u>\$ (11,287)</u>	<u>\$ 8,612</u>	

We recorded amortization expense related to finite-lived intangible assets of \$501 and \$641 for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, within depreciation and amortization in the accompanying condensed consolidated statement of operations. These amounts include amortization of capitalized software development costs of \$104 and \$101 for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

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We recorded additions to capitalized software development costs of \$31 for the three months ended March 31, 2022. We recorded additions to capitalized software development costs of \$267 for the three months ended March 31, 2021, which includes acquired software of \$247.

As of March 31, 2022, the total expected future amortization expense for finite-lived intangible assets is as follows:

Remainder of 2022	\$	1,619
2023		1,973
2024		1,483
2025		985
2026		745
Thereafter		250
Finite-lived intangible assets, net	\$	<u>7,055</u>

**6. Fair Value Measurements**

The following tables summarize our financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis by level within the fair value hierarchy as of the dates indicated:

	March 31, 2022			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Aggregate Fair Value
<b>Assets:</b>				
Money market funds	\$ 28,001	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 28,001
Total assets	<u>28,001</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>28,001</u>
<b>Liabilities:</b>				
Derivative liabilities, noncurrent	—	—	1,601	1,601
Warrant liabilities - Public Warrants	15,111	—	—	15,111
Warrant liabilities - Private Placement Warrants	—	—	7,504	7,504
Total liabilities	<u>\$ 15,111</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 9,105</u>	<u>\$ 24,216</u>

	December 31, 2021			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Aggregate Fair Value
<b>Assets:</b>				
Money market funds	\$ 25,001	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 25,001
Total assets	<u>25,001</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>25,001</u>
<b>Liabilities:</b>				
Derivative liabilities, noncurrent	—	—	2,015	2,015
Warrant Liabilities - Public Warrants	19,599	—	—	19,599
Warrant Liabilities - Private Placement Warrants	—	—	9,733	9,733
Total liabilities	<u>\$ 19,599</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 11,748</u>	<u>\$ 31,347</u>

The level 3 liabilities that related to our Class B Units and certain employee and non-employee contracts with embedded derivatives, see *Note 8 – Derivative Financial Instruments* and *Note 10 – Stock-Based Compensation*.

The fair value of the Public Warrants was measured based on the listed market price of such warrants at the end of the reporting period. The fair value of the Private Placement Warrants was estimated using a Monte Carlo

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simulation model at the end of the reporting period. The Company estimates the fair value of the warrants at each reporting period, with changes in fair value recognized in the condensed consolidated statements of operations.

The estimated fair value of the warrant liabilities – Public Warrants is determined using Level 1 inputs. The estimated fair value of the warrant liabilities – Private Placement Warrants is determined using Level 3 inputs. Inherent in a Monte Carlo simulation are assumptions related to expected stock-price volatility, expected life and risk-free interest rate. The Company estimates the volatility of its ordinary shares based on historical volatility of select peer companies that matches the expected remaining life of the warrants. The risk-free interest rate is based on the U.S. Treasury zero-coupon yield curve on the grant date for a maturity similar to the expected remaining life of the warrants. The expected life of the warrants is assumed to be equivalent to their remaining contractual term.

The following table provides quantitative information regarding Level 3 fair value measurements inputs at their measurement dates:

	As of March 31, 2022
Stock price	\$ 4.72
Exercise Price	\$ 11.50
Expected life of the warrants to convert (years)	4.31
Volatility	48.30 %
Risk-free rate	2.40 %

The following table summarizes the change in fair value of the derivative liabilities during the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021:

Balance at January 1, 2022	\$ 31,347
Change in fair value of derivative instruments	(7,131)
Balance at March 31, 2022	<u>\$ 24,216</u>
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$ 597,578
Incremental Class B Units	43,880
Change in fair value of derivative instruments	394
Change in fair value of Class B Units	551,544
Balance at March 31, 2021	<u>\$ 1,193,396</u>

The following table summarizes the change in fair value of the Class B Units by income statement line item during the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2022	2021
Cost of revenue	\$ —	\$ 101,943
Sales and marketing	—	7,423
General and administrative	—	442,178
Total change in fair value of Class B Units	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 551,544</u>

To derive the fair value of the Class B Units, we estimated the fair value of Class B Units using a valuation technique. For more information regarding the valuation of the Class B Units, see *Note 10 – Stock-Based Compensation*.

As more fully described in Note 1, we completed our Transactions in July 2021, and all Class B Units fully vested as of the transaction date, and the original operating agreement was terminated and replaced by a new operating agreement consistent with the Company's Up-C structure. This new operating agreement does not contain

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the put and call options that existed under the previous operating agreement, and the Common Units under the new operating agreement are treated as common equity and do not generate stock-based compensation expense. The Class B Units liability was reclassified to equity as of the transaction date.

**7. Balance Sheet Components**

***Capitalized Implementation Costs***

We capitalized cloud computing implementation costs for customer-relationship management, revenue management, and enterprise resource planning systems of \$540 and \$37 for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The capitalized implementation costs are capitalized within other current assets and other assets on the condensed consolidated balance sheets. Amortization expense related to capitalized cloud computing implementation costs was \$2 and \$0 for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

***Property and Equipment, Net***

Property and equipment, net consists of the following:

	Estimated Useful Lives	As of	
		March 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Furniture and fixtures	5 years	\$ 960	\$ 960
Computers, software and equipment	3 years	1,437	1,423
Leasehold improvements	Shorter of estimated useful life or remaining term of lease	1,278	1,278
		3,675	3,661
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization		(2,576)	(2,473)
Total property and equipment, net		\$ 1,099	\$ 1,188

Depreciation and amortization expense for property and equipment was \$103 and \$110 for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

***Accrued Expenses***

Accrued expenses consist of the following:

	As of	
	March 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Commission and variable compensation	\$ 16,277	\$ 22,155
Payroll and benefits	3,937	5,164
Other accrued expenses	20,823	19,134
Total accrued expenses	\$ 41,037	\$ 46,453

**8. Derivative Financial Instruments**

Prior to the closing of the Transactions, as part of our compensation and employee retention strategy, we entered into contracts with key employees and independent contractors which contain embedded derivatives. These contracts are intended to compensate the employees or independent contractors for services provided and retain their future services. These embedded derivative instruments are issued in the form of phantom interests in Net Income, as defined by our board of directors, that grant the holder value equal to a percentage of Net Income *multiplied* by a price multiple, or contain an option that granted appreciation rights upon exercise, and which become exercisable

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upon occurrence of an initial public offering. All derivative instruments are recorded at fair value as derivative liabilities on our condensed consolidated balance sheets.

As of March 31, 2022, there are both Private Placement Warrants and Public Warrants outstanding; each of which is exercisable for one share of Class A common stock of MarketWise, Inc. Additionally, there are embedded derivative instruments outstanding. The following table presents information on the location and amounts of derivative instruments gains and losses:

		Three Months Ended March 31,	
		2022	2021
Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments	Location of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Income Statement		
Warrants	Other income, net	\$ 6,717	\$ —
Phantom Interests in Net Income	Other income, net	—	(394)
Phantom Interests in Net Income	General and administrative expenses	414	—
Total		\$ 7,131	\$ (394)

See Note 6 – *Fair Value Measurements* for more information regarding the valuation of our derivative instruments.

**9. Debt**

On October 29, 2021, MarketWise, LLC, entered into a loan and security agreement (the “Loan and Security Agreement”) providing for up to \$150 million of commitments under a revolving credit facility (the “Credit Facility”), including a \$5 million letter of credit sublimit, and allows for revolving commitments under the Credit Facility to be increased or new term commitments to be established by up to \$65 million. The existing lenders under the Credit Facility are entitled, but not obligated, to provide such incremental commitments. The Credit Facility has a term of three years, maturing on October 29, 2024.

The Credit Facility is guaranteed by MarketWise, LLC’s direct and indirect material U.S. subsidiaries, subject to customary exceptions (the “Guarantors”), pursuant to a guaranty by the Guarantors in favor of HSBC Bank USA, National Association, as agent (the “Guaranty”). Borrowings under the Credit Facility are secured by a first-priority lien on substantially all of the assets of MarketWise, LLC and the Guarantors, subject to customary exceptions.

Borrowings will bear interest at a floating rate depending on MarketWise, LLC’s Net Leverage Ratio (as defined in the Loan and Security Agreement). As of March 31, 2022, there were no outstanding advances under the Credit Facility.

The Loan and Security Agreement contains customary affirmative and negative covenants for transactions of this type, and contains financial maintenance covenants that require MarketWise, LLC to maintain an Interest Coverage Ratio and Net Leverage Ratio (both as defined in the Loan and Security Agreement), and provides for a number of customary events of default, which could result in the acceleration of obligations and the termination of lending commitments under the Loan and Security Agreement. As of March 31, 2022, we were in compliance with these covenants.

**10. Stock-Based Compensation**

During three months ended March 31, 2022 we recorded stock-based compensation related to our 2021 Incentive Award Plan and our ESPP, and during the three months ended March 31, 2021, we recorded stock-based compensation related to our Class B Units. As more fully described in Note 1, we completed our Transactions in July 2021, and all Class B Units fully vested as of the transaction date, and the original operating agreement was terminated and replaced by a new operating agreement consistent with the Company’s Up-C structure. This new operating agreement does not contain the put and call options that existed under the previous operating agreement,



**Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)**  
*(Dollar amounts in thousands, except share, unit, per share, and per unit data)*

and the Common Units are treated as common equity under the new operating agreement and do not generate stock-based compensation expense.

Included within cost of revenue, sales and marketing, and general and administrative expenses are total stock-based compensation expenses as follows:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2022	2021
Cost of revenue	\$ 532	\$ 114,348
Sales and marketing	565	14,070
General and administrative	1,491	472,657
Total stock based-compensation expense	<u>\$ 2,588</u>	<u>\$ 601,075</u>

Total stock-based compensation expense for the three months ended March 31, 2022 includes expenses related to our 2021 Incentive Award Plan and our ESPP, while the total stock-based compensation expense for the three months ended March 31, 2021 includes the vesting of Class B units, the change in fair value of Class B liability awards and profits distributions to Class B unitholders as follows:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2022	2021
2021 Incentive Award Plan	\$ 2,430	\$ —
Employee Stock Purchase Plan	158	—
Vested Class B units and change in fair value of Class B liability awards	—	595,424
Profits distributions to Class B unitholders	—	5,651
Total stock-based compensation expense	<u>\$ 2,588</u>	<u>\$ 601,075</u>

**2021 Incentive Award Plan**

On September 27, 2021, we granted certain employees restricted stock units (“RSUs”) and stock appreciation rights (“SARs”) under our 2021 Incentive Award Plan.

Both RSUs and SARs are time based and vest ratably over four years, as specified in the individual grant notices. The RSUs granted in September 2021 entitle the recipients to dividend equivalents which are subject to the same vesting terms and accumulate during the vesting period. Upon vesting, the RSU holder will be issued the Company’s Class A Common Stock. The SARs will be settled in the Company’s Class A Common Stock upon exercise. The shares to be issued upon exercise will have a total market value equal to the SAR value calculated as (x) number of shares underlying SAR, multiplied by (y) any excess of the Company’s share value on the date of exercise over the exercise price set in each individual grant notice.

The fair value of the RSU is the same as the Company’s share price on the date of grant. The fair value of the SARs was determined using a Black-Scholes model.

The activities of the RSUs and SARs and the related weighted average grant-date fair value of the respective share classes are summarized as follows, including granted, exercised and forfeited from January 1, 2022 to March 31, 2022.

**Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)**  
*(Dollar amounts in thousands, except share, unit, per share, and per unit data)*

	RSUs		SARs	
	Units	Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value	Units	Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value
<b>Outstanding at January 1, 2022</b>	2,334,490	\$ 8.30	1,935,131	\$ 4.05
Granted	—	—	—	—
Exercised or vested	—	—	—	—
Forfeited	(4,625)	8.30	(4,723)	4.05
Expired	—	—	—	—
<b>Outstanding at March 31, 2022</b>	<u>2,329,865</u>	<u>\$ 8.30</u>	<u>1,930,408</u>	<u>\$ 4.05</u>

The stock compensation expense related to the RSU and SAR grants was \$2,430 for the three months ended March 31, 2022. As of March 31, 2022, none of the SARs were exercisable and they have a remaining contractual term of 9.5 years.

**Employee Stock Purchase Plan**

As a result of the Transactions, the Company adopted the ESPP. Under the ESPP, the Company authorizes the grant of the right to purchase shares of Class A Common Stock by employees who qualify under the ESPP. The Company has reserved for issuance a total of 6,409,000 shares of Class A Common Stock. The ESPP became effective on January 1, 2022 and the initial offering period began on January 1, 2022 and ends on June 30, 2022.

The ESPP is implemented through a series of offerings under which eligible employees are granted purchase rights to purchase shares of the Company's Class A Common Stock on specified dates during such offerings. Under the ESPP, the Company has determined the offering period to occur in six month intervals, with the purchase date occurring at the end of the offering period. On each purchase date, eligible employees will purchase the shares at a price per share equal to 85% of the lesser of (1) the fair market value of the Company's Class A Common Stock on the first trading day of the offering period, or (2) the fair market value of the Company's Class A Common Stock on the purchase date, as defined in the ESPP. The fair value of the ESPP is determined using the Monte Carlo model as of the beginning of each offering period and is expensed ratably over the six month offering period.

The Company recognized \$158 of stock-based compensation expense related to the ESPP during the three months ended March 31, 2022. As of March 31, 2022, \$314 has been withheld on behalf of employees for the June 30, 2022 purchase date.

**Class B Units**

We recognized stock-based compensation expenses of \$601,075 for the three months ended March 31, 2021. These amounts include profits distributions to Class B unitholders of \$5,651. The amount of stock-based compensation expense related to the Class B Units included in each of the line items in the accompanying condensed consolidated statement of operations is as follows:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2022	2021
Cost of revenue	\$ —	\$ 114,348
Sales and marketing	—	14,070
General and administrative	—	472,657
Total stock based-compensation expense	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 601,075</u>

The weighted-average grant-date fair value of Class B Units granted was \$2,195.16 per unit during the three months ended March 31, 2021.

Because the Class B Units were not publicly traded, we estimated the fair value of its Class B Units in each reporting period. The fair values of Class B Units were estimated by the board of managers based on our equity

**Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)**  
*(Dollar amounts in thousands, except share, unit, per share, and per unit data)*

value. The board of managers considered, among other things, contemporaneous valuations of our equity value prepared by an unrelated third-party valuation firm in accordance with the guidance provided by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Practice Guide, *Valuation of Privately-Held-Company Equity Securities Issued as Compensation*.

For the three months ended March 31, 2021, the fair value of the Class B Units was estimated using a probability-weighted expected return method. This method considered two scenarios: one based on a market approach according to a proposed acquisition of the Company and allocated through a liquidation waterfall, and the other based on the Company continuing as a private entity according to a discounted cash flow analysis, and allocated using an option pricing model. The results of these two methods were weighted to derive the fair value of the Class B Units as of March 31, 2021.

The discounted cash flow method estimates the equity value of the Company by projecting the Company's net cash flows into the future and discounting these net cash flows to present value by applying a discount rate. Key inputs for this valuation include the Company's projected cash flows and discount rate. Changes to these inputs could have a material impact on the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements.

The option pricing model allocates the equity value to each class of common units by preparing a breakpoint analysis to determine which securities would receive value at each threshold of a hypothetical liquidation. Then applying a Black-Scholes option pricing analysis to determine the incremental value of each respective breakpoint and allocating that value to each participating security based on its pro-rata ownership in the breakpoint. Key inputs for this valuation include the equity value of the Company, risk-free rate, allocation thresholds, and stock volatility.

The Company considered several objective and subjective factors to determine the best estimate of the fair value of the Class B Units, including:

- the Company's historical and expected operating and financial performance;
- current business conditions;
- indications of value from external investors and their proposed value for the business;
- the Company's stage of development and business strategy;
- macroeconomic conditions;
- the Company's weighted average cost of capital;
- risk-free rates of return;
- the volatility of comparable publicly traded peer companies; and
- the lack of an active public market for the Company's equity units.

See also *Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – Stock Based Compensation*.

## 11. Earnings Per Share

On July 21, 2021, we completed the Transactions pursuant to the Transaction Agreement which materially impacted the number of shares outstanding. We analyzed the calculation of earnings per share for periods prior to the Transactions, and determined that it resulted in values that would not be meaningful to the users of the condensed consolidated financial statements, as our capital structure completely changed as a result of the Transactions. Therefore, earnings per share information has not been presented for periods prior to the Transactions.

Weighted average shares outstanding in the table below have not been retroactively restated to give effect to the reverse recapitalization for periods prior to the date of the Transactions. See *Note 1 – Organization – Description of*

**Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)**  
*(Dollar amounts in thousands, except share, unit, per share, and per unit data)*

Organization and Reverse Recapitalization with Ascendant Digital Acquisition Corp. for more information regarding the Transactions.

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share for the three months ended March 31, 2022:

<b>Numerator:</b>	
Net income for the three months ended March 31, 2022	\$ 23,023
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests for the three months ended March 31, 2022	17,198
Net income for the three months ended March 31, 2022 attributable to common shareholders – basic and diluted	<u>\$ 5,825</u>
<b>Denominator:</b>	
Weighted average shares outstanding – basic and diluted (in thousands)	<u>\$ 23,851</u>
Net income per share attributable to common shares – basic and diluted	<u>\$ 0.24</u>

The Company's potentially dilutive securities and their impact on the computation of diluted earnings per share is as follows:

- Public and Private Placement Warrants: the public and Private Placement Warrants are "out of the money" for the three months ended March 31, 2022, therefore, net income per share excludes any impact of the 20,699,993 public warrants and 10,280,000 Private Placement Warrants.
- Sponsor and MarketWise Management Member Earnout shares: the 3,051,000 Sponsor Earn Out shares held in escrow are excluded from the earnings per share computation since the earnout contingency has not been met. The 2,000,000 MarketWise Management Member Earn Out shares (as defined and discussed in the Original Report) held in escrow are excluded from the earnings per share computation since the earnout contingency has not been met.
- Restricted stock units: The basic earnings per share calculation excludes the impact of RSUs since no units were vested as of March 31, 2022. The diluted earnings per share calculation excludes the impact of RSUs since the effect was antidilutive.
- Stock appreciation rights: The diluted earnings per share calculation excludes the impact of SARs since the effect was antidilutive.
- ESPP: The diluted earnings per share calculation excludes the impact of the ESPP since the effect was antidilutive.

**12. Income Taxes**

We are subject to U.S. federal and state taxes with respect to our allocable share of any taxable income or loss of MarketWise, LLC, as well as any stand-alone income or loss we generate. MarketWise, LLC is treated as a partnership for U.S. income tax purposes and for most applicable state and local income tax purposes and generally does not pay income taxes in most jurisdictions. Instead, MarketWise, LLC's taxable income or loss is passed through to its members, including us.

The effective income tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2022 was 6.20%. We did not record any income taxes for the three months ended March 31, 2021 as we were a pass-through entity for tax purposes prior to the closing of the transaction on July 21, 2021. Our effective tax rate in 2022 differs from the U.S. federal statutory rate primarily because we generally do not record income taxes for the non-controlling portion of pre-tax income.

**Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)**  
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As a result of the reverse capitalization in 2021, we recorded a deferred tax asset resulting from the outside basis difference in our interest in MarketWise, LLC. The company considers both positive and negative evidence when measuring the need for a valuation allowance. A valuation allowance is not required to the extent that, in management's judgment, positive evidence exists with a magnitude and duration sufficient to result in a conclusion that it is more likely than not (a likelihood of more than 50%) that the Company's deferred tax assets will be realized.

In evaluating the need for a valuation allowance on the deferred tax asset, the company considered positive evidence related to its historic earnings, forecasted income and reversal of temporary differences. Therefore, the Company recorded a valuation allowance in the amount of \$28,981 for certain deferred tax assets that are not more likely than not to be realized.

As part of the Transactions, we entered into Tax Receivable Agreements ("TRAs") with certain shareholders that will represent approximately 85% of the calculated tax savings based on the portion of basis adjustments on future exchanges of MarketWise, LLC units and other carryforward attributes assumed that we anticipate to be able to utilize in future years. There was no exchange of MarketWise, LLC units as part of the Transactions and there has been no exchange since the closing; therefore, we have not recorded a liability under the TRAs as of March 31, 2022.

As of March 31, 2022, we had no unrecognized tax positions and believe there will be no changes to uncertain tax positions within the next 12 months.

### 13. Related Party Transactions

We have certain revenue share agreements with related parties. Accordingly, we recognized revenue from related parties of \$178 and \$373 for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

We also incurred revenue share expenses paid to related parties of \$923 and \$5,997 which were capitalized as contract origination costs for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Additionally, a related party provided call center support and other services to the Company for which we recorded an expense within cost of revenue of \$329 and \$234 for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

We recorded fees paid to members of our Board of Directors of \$76 during the three months ended March 31, 2022 within related party expense in the accompanying condensed consolidated statement of operations.

A related party also provided certain corporate functions to MarketWise and the costs of these services are charged to MarketWise. We recorded \$21 and \$20 for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, within related party expense in the accompanying condensed consolidated statement of operations. We held balances of \$475 and \$1,037 as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021 of related party payables related to revenue share expenses, call center support, and the services noted above. The balances with our related party are presented net and are included in related party payables, net in the condensed consolidated balance sheet.

We earned fees and provided certain accounting and marketing services to companies owned by certain of MarketWise's Class B unitholders. As a result, we recognized \$167 and \$75 in other income, net for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Related party receivables related to these services were \$167 and \$358 as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively.

We lease offices from related parties. Lease payments made to related parties were \$391 and \$383 for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and rent expense of \$553 and \$556 were recognized in general and administrative expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, related to leases with related parties. At March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, ROU assets of \$9,919 and \$10,323 and lease liabilities of \$7,359 and \$7,545 are associated with leases with related parties.

**Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)**  
*(Dollar amounts in thousands, except share, unit, per share, and per unit data)*

In April 2020 we provided a loan to a Class A unitholder and recognized a related party note receivable from the unitholder of \$1,148. We recognized \$4 and \$2 in interest income for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The related party note receivable balance was \$1,163 and \$1,158 as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively. The interest rate on the loan is variable and was 1.72% as of March 31, 2022. The loan is due in April 2025, but is required to be repaid within 30 days after we complete an initial public offering, including expiration of any related lockup conditions, which is expected to be met in 2022.

#### 14. Variable Interest Entities

We consolidated a VIE based on our ability to exercise power and being the primary beneficiary of the entity including directing the operations and marketing campaigns and sharing customer lists and publications, as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021. There have been no reconsideration events during these periods. The assets of consolidated variable interest entities may only be used to settle obligations of these entities. In addition, there is no recourse to MarketWise for the consolidated VIE's liabilities. The following represents financial information for the consolidated VIE included in the condensed consolidated balance sheets:

	As of	
	March 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Current assets	\$ 3,876	\$ 3,901
Noncurrent assets	2	2
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 3,878</b>	<b>\$ 3,903</b>
Current liabilities	\$ 186	\$ 274
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>\$ 186</b>	<b>\$ 274</b>

#### 15. Supplemental Cash Flow Information

Supplemental cash flow disclosures are as follows:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2022	2021
<b>Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information:</b>		
Cash paid for interest	\$ (152)	\$ —
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities:		
Operating cash flows from operating leases	(456)	(443)
Operating lease right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for lease obligations	(179)	—
Operating lease right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for lease obligations from acquisitions	—	(398)
<b>Supplemental Disclosures of Non-Cash Investing and Financing Activities:</b>		
Capitalized software included in accounts payable	202	—

	As of March 31,	
	2022	2021
<b>Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash:</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 125,737	\$ 184,712
Restricted cash	500	500
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 126,237</b>	<b>\$ 185,212</b>

#### 16. Shareholders' Equity

**Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)**  
*(Dollar amounts in thousands, except share, unit, per share, and per unit data)*

The Company's capital stock consists of (i) issued and outstanding Class A Common Stock with a par value of \$0.0001 per share, and (ii) issued and outstanding Class B Common Stock with a par value of \$0.0001 per share.

The table set forth below reflects information about the Company's equity as of March 31, 2022. The 3,051,000 Sponsor Earn Out shares held in escrow and the 2,000,000 Management Earn Out shares are considered contingently issuable shares and therefore excluded from the number of Class A Common Stock issued and outstanding in the table below.

	Authorized	Issued	Outstanding
Common Stock - Class A	950,000,000	22,574,956	22,574,956
Common Stock - Class B	300,000,000	291,092,303	291,092,303
Preferred Stock	100,000,000	—	—
Total	<u>1,350,000,000</u>	<u>313,667,259</u>	<u>313,667,259</u>

Each share of Class A and Class B Common stock entitles the holder one vote per share. Only holders of Class A Common Stock have the right to receive dividend distributions. In the event of liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the affairs of the Company, only holders of Class A Common Stock have the right to receive liquidation proceeds, while the holders of Class B Common Stock are entitled to only the par value of their shares. Class B Common Stock can be issued only to MarketWise Members, their respective successors and permitted transferees. Our board of directors has discretion to determine the rights, preferences, privileges and restrictions, including voting rights, dividend rights, conversion rights, redemption privileges and liquidation preferences, of each series of preferred stock.

On November 4, 2021, our Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$35.0 million in aggregate of shares of the Company's Class A common stock, with the authorization to expire on November 3, 2023. During the three months ended March 31, 2022, we repurchased 2,143,446 shares totaling \$11,491 in the aggregate, including fees and commissions of \$22.

For each share of Class A common stock the Company repurchases under the share repurchase program, MarketWise, LLC, the Company's direct subsidiary, will redeem one common unit of MarketWise, LLC held by the Company, decreasing the percentage ownership of MarketWise, LLC by the Company and relatively increasing the ownership by the other unitholders.

**17. Subsequent Events**

Subsequent events have been evaluated through May 9, 2022, which is the date that the financial statements were issued.

Subsequent to March 31, 2022, we repurchased 341,271 shares totaling \$1,563 in the aggregate, including fees and commissions of \$3.

## Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

The following discussion and analysis of the financial condition and results of operations of MarketWise, Inc., a Delaware corporation ("MarketWise," "we," "us," and "our"), should be read together with our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes appearing elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and our audited consolidated financial statements and the related notes and the discussion under the heading "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021 (the "Annual Report"). The following discussion contains forward-looking statements. Our actual results may differ significantly from those projected in the forward-looking statements. Factors that might cause future results to differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, those discussed in the section entitled "Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" in this report.

### Overview

We are a leading multi-brand platform of subscription businesses that provides premium financial research, software, education, and tools for self-directed investors. We offer a comprehensive portfolio of high-quality, independent investment research, as well as several software and analytical tools, on a subscription basis.

MarketWise started in 1999 with the simple idea that, if we could publish intelligent, independent, insightful, and in-depth investment research and treat the subscriber the way we would want to be treated, then subscribers would renew their subscriptions and stay with us. Over the years, we have expanded our business into a comprehensive suite of investment research products and solutions. We now produce a diversified product portfolio from a variety of financial research companies such as Stansberry Research, Palm Beach Research Group, Casey Research, InvestorPlace, and Empire Financial Research. Our entire investment research product portfolio is 100% digital and channel agnostic, and we offer all of our research across a variety of platforms, including desktop, laptop, and mobile devices, including tablets and mobile phones.

Today, we benefit from the confluence of a leading editorial team, diverse portfolio of content and brands, and comprehensive suite of investor-centric tools that appeal to a broad subscriber base.

### First Quarter 2022 Highlights

The following table presents net cash provided by operating activities, and the related margin as a percentage of net revenue, and Adjusted CFFO, a non-GAAP measure, and the related margin as a percentage of Billings, for each of the periods presented. For more information on Adjusted CFFO and Adjusted CFFO Margin, see "— Non-GAAP Financial Measures."

(In thousands)	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2022	2021
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 1,068	92,304
Total net revenue	136,798	119,714
Net cash provided by operating activities margin	0.8 %	77.1 %
Adjusted CFFO	\$ 1,068	\$ 97,955
Billings	135,995	255,303
Adjusted CFFO Margin	0.8 %	38.4 %

Cash flow from operations decreased by \$91.2 million, or 98.8%, from \$92.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2021 to \$1.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022, primarily due to net income of \$23.0 million adjusted for net non-cash factors which reduced cash by \$1.7 million, and net changes in our operating assets and liabilities which reduced cash by \$20.3 million, largely due to timing differences in the net receipt of cash.



Adjusted CFFO decreased by \$96.9 million, or 98.9%, from \$98.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2021 to \$1.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022, primarily driven by a decrease of \$119.3 million in Billings at an Adjusted CFFO Margin of 0.8%. Additionally, while per unit subscriber acquisition costs remained high in first quarter 2022, we didn't decrease marketing expenditures as much as we might have otherwise, as our marketers continued to test investment themes amidst a volatile and changing market. Adjusted CFFO this quarter was further impacted by the adjustment for non-cash factors which reduced cash by \$1.7 million and net changes in working capital, excluding changes in deferred revenue and changes in deferred contract acquisition costs, which reduced cash by \$18.1 million, largely due to lower variable compensation accruals and a significant increase in accounts receivable this quarter. The difference between Adjusted CFFO and CFFO in first quarter 2021 is primarily stock-based compensation associated with \$5.7 million of profits distributions to the original Class B unitholders. For further information on stock-based compensation, see *Note 10 – Stock-Based Compensation* to our condensed consolidated financial statements.

Net revenue increased by \$17.1 million, or 14.3%, from \$119.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2021 to \$136.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022. The increase in net revenue was primarily driven by a \$11.3 million increase in lifetime subscription revenue and a \$7.2 million increase in term subscription revenue, partially offset by a \$1.4 million decrease in non-subscription revenue.

Billings decreased by \$119.3 million, or 46.7%, from \$255.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2021 to \$136.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022. We believe the decrease is due in large part to reduced engagement of subscribers and potential subscribers, as the economy reopened in mid-2021 and continued through first quarter 2022 as additional external economic and geopolitical factors weighed on subscribers' and potential subscribers' mindset, which we believe contributed to them delaying their purchases.

### ***The Transactions***

The Transactions were consummated on July 21, 2021. The Transactions were accounted for akin to a reverse recapitalization, with no goodwill or other intangible assets recorded, in accordance with U.S. GAAP. The Transactions had several significant impacts on our reported financial position and results, as a consequence of reverse capitalization treatment.

These impacts include the net cash proceeds from the Transactions of \$113.6 million. This cash amount includes: (a) the reclassification of ADAC's Trust Account of \$414.6 million to cash and cash equivalents that became available at the time of the Transactions; (b) proceeds of \$150.0 million from the issuance and sale of MarketWise Class A common stock in the PIPE investment; (c) payment of \$48.8 million in non-recurring transaction costs; (d) settlement of \$14.5 million in deferred underwriters' discount; and (e) the payment of \$387.7 million to redeeming shareholders of ADAC. See also Note 1, *Organization — Reverse Recapitalization with Ascendant Digital Acquisition Corp.*, to our audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021 in our Annual Report.

### **Key Factors Affecting Our Performance**

We believe that our growth and future success are dependent upon several factors, including those below and those noted in the "Risk Factors" section in the Annual Report. The key factors below represent significant business opportunities as well as challenges that we must successfully address in order to continue our growth and improve our financial results.

***Growing our subscriber base with compelling unit economics.*** We are highly focused on continuing to acquire new subscribers to support our long-term growth. Our marketing spend is a large driver of new subscriber growth. At the heart of our marketing strategy is our compelling unit economics that combine long-term subscriber relationships, highly scalable content delivery, cost-effective customer acquisition, and high-margin conversions.

Our Paid Subscribers as of December 31, 2021 generated average customer lifetime Billings of approximately \$2,600, resulting in a LTV/CAC (as defined below) ratio of approximately 4x. On average, it takes us approximately 0.6 to 0.9 years for a Paid Subscriber's cumulative net revenue to exceed the total cost

of acquiring that subscriber (which includes fixed costs, such as marketing salaries). For more information on our LTV/CAC ratio and the components of this ratio, see “—*Definitions of Metrics.*”

We adjust our marketing spend to drive efficient and profitable customer acquisition. We can adjust our marketing spend in near real-time, and we monitor costs per acquisition relative to the cart value of the initial subscription. We typically seek a 90-day payback period to cover this variable component of the direct marketing spend, although elevated subscriber acquisition costs, driven by a significant increase in digital advertising costs due to expansion in travel and leisure advertising, as well as somewhat reduced consumer engagement, recently have been pushing our payback period beyond 90 days.

As of March 31, 2022, our paid subscriber base was 909 thousand, down 93 thousand, or 9.3% as compared to 1 million at March 31, 2021. Our base is comprised of subscribers obtained through both direct-to-paid acquisition and free-to-paid conversions. Since 2019, direct-to-paid acquisition has accounted for approximately two-thirds of our annual Paid Subscriber acquisition, and is largely driven by display ads and targeted email campaigns.

Our free subscription products also serve as a significant source of new Paid Subscribers, accounting for approximately one-third of our annual Paid Subscriber acquisition since 2019. Our free-to-paid conversion rate reflects the rate at which Free Subscribers purchase paid subscription products. Our annual free-to-paid conversion rate was approximately 1% to 2% between 2019 and 2021. Over that same three year period, our cumulative free-to-paid conversion rate was 5%.

We have invested, and expect to continue to invest, heavily in sales and marketing efforts to drive customer acquisition.

***Retaining and expanding relationships with existing subscribers.*** We believe that we have a significant opportunity to expand our relationships with our large base of Free and Paid Subscribers. Thanks to the quality of our products, we believe our customers will continue their relationship with us and extend and increase their subscriptions over time. As we deepen our engagement with our subscribers, our customers tend to purchase more and higher-value products. Our ARPU (as defined below) as of March 31, 2022 was \$636, which decreased 22.9% from \$825 as of March 31, 2021. Our ARPU increased at a CAGR of 11% over the three-year period ended March 31, 2022, growing from \$461 as of March 31, 2019 to \$636 as of March 31, 2022. For more information on ARPU, see “Key Business Metrics—Average Revenue Per User.”

Conversion rates are important to our business because they are an indicator of how engaged and how well we are connecting with our subscribers. The time it takes our customers to move from our free products to our lower-priced paid subscriptions and eventually to high-end products and lifetime “bundled” offerings impacts our growth in net revenue, Billings, and ARPU.

Our cumulative high-value conversion rate reflects the rate at which Paid Subscribers that have purchased less than \$600 of our products over their lifetime convert into subscribers that have purchased more than \$600. We believe our cumulative high-value conversion rate reflects our ability to retain existing subscribers through renewals and our ability to expand our relationship with them when those subscribers purchase higher-value subscriptions. Our cumulative ultra high-value conversion rate reflects the rate at which high value Paid Subscribers that have purchased more than \$600 of our products over their lifetime convert into subscribers that have purchased more than \$5,000. We believe our ultra high-value conversion rate reflects our ability to successfully build lifetime relationships with our subscribers, often across multiple products and brands. As of March 31, 2022, our cumulative high-value conversion rate and cumulative ultra high-value conversion rate were 41% and 36%, respectively.

## Definitions of Metrics

Throughout this discussion and analysis, a number of our financial and operating metrics are referenced which we do not consider to be key business metrics, but which we review to monitor performance, and which we believe may be useful to investors. These are:

**Annual free-to-paid conversion rate:** We calculate our free-to-paid conversion rate as the number of Free Subscribers who purchased a subscription during the period *divided by* the average number of Free Subscribers during the period. We believe our free-to-paid conversion rate is an indicator of the type of Free Subscribers that we are signing up and the quality of our content and marketing efforts. Investors should consider free-to-paid conversion rate as one of the factors in evaluating our ability to maintain a robust pipeline for new customer acquisition.

**Cumulative free-to-paid conversion rate:** We calculate our cumulative free-to-paid conversion rate as the number of Free Subscribers who purchased a subscription during the trailing three-year period *divided by* the average number of Free Subscribers during the trailing three-year period.

**Cumulative high-value conversion rates:** Our cumulative high-value conversion rate reflects the number of Paid Subscribers who have purchased >\$600 in aggregate over their lifetime as of a particular point in time *divided by* the total number of Paid Subscribers as of that same point in time.

**Cumulative ultra high-value conversion rate:** Our cumulative ultra high-value conversion rate reflects the number of Paid Subscribers who have purchased >\$5,000 in aggregate over their lifetime as of a particular point in time *divided by* the number of high-value subscribers as of that same point in time. We believe our cumulative ultra high-value conversion rate reflects our ability to successfully build lifetime relationships with our subscribers, often across multiple products and brands. Investors should consider cumulative ultra high-value conversion rate as a factor in evaluating our ability to retain and expand our relationship with our subscribers.

**LTV/CAC ratio:** We calculate LTV/CAC ratio as LTV *divided by* CAC (each, as defined below). We use LTV/CAC ratio because it is a standard metric for subscription-based businesses, and we believe that an LTV/CAC ratio above 3x is considered to be indicative of strong profitability and marketing efficiency. We believe that an increasing LTV per subscriber reflects our existing subscribers recognizing our value proposition, which will expand their relationship with us across our platform over time, either through a combination of additional product purchases or by joining our lifetime offerings. Investors should consider this metric when evaluating our ability to achieve a return on our marketing investment. Lifetime value (“LTV”) represents the average margin on average customer lifetime Billings (that is, the estimated cumulative spend across a customer’s lifetime). Customer acquisition cost (“CAC”) is defined as direct marketing spend, *plus* external revenue share expense, *plus* retention and renewal expenses, *plus* copywriting and marketing salaries, *plus* telesales salaries and commissions, *plus* customer service commissions.

**Net revenue retention:** Net revenue retention is defined as Billings from all prior period cohorts in the current period, *divided by* all Billings from the prior period. We believe that a high net revenue retention rate is a measure of customer retention and an indicator of the engagement of our subscribers with our products. Investors should consider net revenue retention as an ongoing measure when evaluating our subscribers’ interest in continuing to subscribe to our products and spending more with us over time.

## Key Business Metrics

We review the following key business metrics to measure our performance, identify trends, formulate financial projections, and make strategic decisions. We are not aware of any uniform standards for calculating these key

metrics, which may hinder comparability with other companies who may calculate similarly titled metrics in a different way.

	As of and for the Three Months Ended March 31,		As of and for the Three Months Ended December 31, 2021
	2022	2021	
Free Subscribers	14,521,004	10,870,171	13,699,910
Paid Subscribers	908,718	1,001,432	971,534
ARPU	\$ 636	\$ 825	\$ 742
Billings (in thousands)	\$ 135,995	\$ 255,303	\$ 151,397

**Free Subscribers.** Free Subscribers are defined as unique subscribers who have subscribed to one of our free investment publications via a valid email address and continue to remain directly opted in, excluding any Paid Subscribers who also have free subscriptions. Free subscriptions are often daily publications that include some commentary about the stock market, investing ideas, or other specialized topics. Included within our free publications are advertisements and editorial support for our current marketing campaigns. While subscribed to our publications, Free Subscribers learn about our editors and analysts, get to know our products and services, and learn more about ways we can help them be a better investor.

Free Subscribers increased by 3.7 million, or 33.6%, to 14.5 million at March 31, 2022 as compared to 10.9 million at March 31, 2021, as our significant lead-generation efforts that began in earnest during late 2018 and intensified during 2019 and 2020 with the expansion across multiple brands, continued during 2021 and through first quarter 2022.

Free Subscribers increased by 0.8 million, or 6.0%, to 14.5 million as of March 31, 2022 as compared to 13.7 million as of December 31, 2021. This growth was driven by our continued lead generation efforts and the expansion of our product set.

**Paid Subscribers.** We define Paid Subscribers as the total number of unique subscribers with at least one paid subscription at the end of the period. We view the number of Paid Subscribers at the end of a given period as a key indicator of the attractiveness of our products and services, as well as the efficacy of our marketing in converting Free Subscribers to Paid Subscribers and generating direct-to-paid Paid Subscribers. We grow our Paid Subscriber base through performance marketing directly to prospective and existing subscribers across a variety of media, channels, and platforms.

Total Paid Subscribers decreased by 93 thousand, or 9.3%, to 909 thousand as of March 31, 2022 as compared to 1.0 million at March 31, 2021, driven by a combination of decreased overall consumer engagement as the economy reopened in mid-2021, an outsized new subscriber cohort from first quarter 2021 yielding additional churned subscribers, in addition to the overall challenging economic environment within first quarter 2022.

Total Paid Subscribers decreased by 63 thousand, or 6.5%, to 909 thousand as of March 31, 2022 as compared to 972 thousand as of December 31, 2021. We experienced a period of uncertainty with external factors such as post-COVID travel and engagement dynamics, 40-year high inflation, volatility across asset classes, federal reserve tightening, and the war in Ukraine, which we believe contributed to subscribers and potential subscribers delaying their purchases, and has slowed subscriber acquisition this quarter. In addition, the outsized acquisition of new subscribers in first quarter 2021 led to increased churn count in first quarter 2022. While the percentage churn rate of this outsized cohort was in line historically, we estimate the absolute size of this cohort generated an additional 60 thousand churned subscribers in first quarter 2022. Excluding this additional 60 thousand churned subscribers, our overall churn was in line with prior quarters.

Subscriber count churn has ranged from approximately 1.8% to 2.3% per month between 2019 and 2021. Given the rapid growth in subscribers in first quarter 2021, and the outsized impact contributing an estimated 60 thousand churned subscribers in first quarter 2022, subscriber count churn was above this range for first quarter

2022. It is not unusual to see an increase in churn as some of the less engaged, new Paid Subscribers churn off. Consistent with this, almost all of the subscribers who churned in first quarter 2022 did so having owned only one entry level publication. This is evidenced by the fact that their ARPU approximately matched the subscription price of our entry level publications. We believe our net revenue retention rate, which has averaged over 90% from 2019 to 2021, is a more meaningful gauge of subscriber satisfaction.

**Average Revenue Per User.** We calculate ARPU as the trailing four quarters of net Billings *divided by* the average number of quarterly total Paid Subscribers over that period. We believe ARPU is a key indicator of how successful we are in attracting subscribers to higher-value content. We believe that our high ARPU is indicative of the trust we build with our subscribers and of the value they see in our products and services.

ARPU decreased by \$189, or 22.9%, to \$636 as of March 31, 2022 as compared to \$825 as of March 31, 2021. The year-over-year decrease was driven by a 15% increase in trailing four quarter Paid Subscribers, as well as the 11% decrease in trailing four quarter Billings. The increase in trailing four quarter Paid Subscribers is still significantly impacted by the rapid increase in our subscriber base in the first half of 2021. The decrease in trailing four quarter Billings is due in part to first quarter 2021 Billings - our largest quarter ever - falling out of the trailing twelve month calculation. Most of our new subscribers join us on entry level publications, which are generally at lower price points, and thus are initially dilutive to ARPU. We have shown that over time, subscribers have continued to invest in our platform, which have tended to drive increases in ARPU. As of March 31, 2022, we have 9% and 21% more high value and ultra-high value subscribers than we did a year ago.

ARPU decreased by \$106, or 14.3%, to \$636 as of March 31, 2022 as compared to \$742 as of December 31, 2021. The sequential decrease was driven by a 16% decrease in trailing four-quarter Billings, while trailing four-quarter average Paid Subscribers only decreased 2%. The decrease in trailing four-quarter Billings is due in part to the first quarter 2021 Billings - our largest quarter ever - falling out of the trailing twelve month calculation. The decrease in trailing four-quarter Paid Subscribers is a function of decreasing new subscriber acquisition following our largest new acquisition quarter ever in first quarter 2021, which has now fallen out of the trailing twelve month calculation, as well as the outsized impact of the first quarter 2021 cohort churn contributing an estimated 60 thousand churned subscribers in first quarter 2022.

While they have declined somewhat recently, our ARPUs remain high, and we attribute this to the quality of our content and effective sales and marketing efforts regarding higher value content, bundled subscriptions and lifetime subscriptions. These subscriptions have compelling economics that allow us to recoup our initial marketing spend made to acquire these subscribers. Specifically, our payback period was estimated at 0.9 years for December 31, 2021, and was 0.6 and 0.8 years for December 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively. We have experienced a stable payback period in the range of 0.6 to 0.9 years reliably over the past three years, despite the increases in customer acquisition costs that the digital subscription industry has experienced in recent years. The payback period reached the low side of the historical range in 2020 as a result of expanded conversion rates and, to a far lesser degree, decreasing costs for media spend as demand dropped as a result of the pandemic. We have seen the costs for media spend revert back to higher rates in 2021 and these have continued through first quarter of 2022.

**Billings.** Billings represents amounts invoiced to customers. We measure and monitor our Billings because it provides insight into trends in cash generation from our marketing campaigns. We generally bill our subscribers at the time of sale and receive full cash payment up front, and defer and recognize a portion of the related revenue ratably over time for term and lifetime subscriptions. For certain subscriptions, we may invoice our Paid Subscribers at the beginning of the term, in annual or monthly installments, and, from time to time, in multi-year installments. Only amounts invoiced to a Paid Subscriber in a given period are included in Billings. While we believe that Billings provides valuable insight into the cash that will be generated from sales of our subscriptions, this metric may vary from period to period for a number of reasons and, therefore, Billings has a number of limitations as a quarter-over-quarter or year-over-year comparative measure. These reasons include, but are not limited to, the following: (i) a variety of contractual terms could result in some periods having a higher proportion of annual or lifetime subscriptions than other periods; (ii) fluctuations in payment terms may affect the Billings recognized in a particular period; and (iii) the timing of large campaigns may vary significantly from period to period.

Billings decreased by \$119.3 million, or 46.7%, to \$136.0 million for the first quarter 2022 as compared to \$255.3 million for first quarter 2021. While first quarter 2022 Billings decreased from prior year, given that first quarter 2021 was a record quarter across all metrics, including Paid Subscriber growth, consumer engagement, and conversion rates, we did not expect to show year-over-year growth. We believe the decrease is due in large part to post-COVID reduced engagement of subscribers and potential subscribers. This began in the second half of 2021 as consumers prioritized travel and leisure in lieu of spending time focusing on their investments. First quarter 2022 brought additional challenges with uncertainty stemming from external factors such as 40-year high inflation, volatility across asset classes, federal reserve tightening, and the war in Ukraine, which we believe contributed to subscribers and potential subscribers delaying their purchases.

Approximately 37% of our Billings in first quarter 2022 came from lifetime subscriptions, 62% from term subscriptions, and 1% from other Billings, as compared to 45% from lifetime subscriptions, 54% from term subscriptions, and 1% from other Billings first quarter 2021.

Billings decreased by \$15.4 million, or 10%, to \$136.0 million for first quarter 2022 as compared to \$151.4 million for fourth quarter 2021. While Billings decreased from fourth quarter 2021, overall consumer engagement was essentially flat. We believe the decrease in Billings was primarily driven by subscriber uncertainty stemming from the external factors listed above, which we believe contributed to subscribers and potential subscribers delaying their purchases.

## **Components of MarketWise's Results of Operations**

### ***Net Revenue***

We generate net revenue primarily from services provided in delivering term and lifetime subscription-based financial research, publications, and SaaS offerings to individual subscribers through our online platforms, advertising arrangements, print products, events, and revenue share agreements.

Net revenue is recognized ratably over the duration of the subscriptions, in an amount that reflects the consideration we expect to be entitled to in exchange for those services. In addition to term subscriptions, we offer lifetime subscriptions where we receive a large upfront payment when the subscriber enters into the contract, and for which we will receive a lower annual maintenance fee thereafter. Subscribers are typically billed in advance of the subscriptions. Much of our net revenue is generated from subscriptions entered into during previous periods. Consequently, any decreases in new subscriptions or renewals in any one period may not be immediately reflected as a decrease in net revenue for that period, but could negatively affect our net revenue in future quarters. This also makes it difficult for us to rapidly increase our net revenue through the sale of additional subscriptions in any period, as net revenue is recognized over the term of the subscription agreement. We expect subscription net revenue to continue to increase as we have experienced sales growth in lifetime and multi-year contracts in recent periods.

We earn net revenue from the sale of advertising placements on our websites and from the sale of print products and events. We also recognize net revenue through revenue share agreements where we earn a commission for successful sales by other parties generated through the use of our customer list. We expect advertising and other net revenue to increase in absolute dollars as our business grows.

Net revenue earned in 2019 through 2021 was almost 100% organic. Net revenue from acquisitions was approximately 1% of net revenue earned in 2019 through 2021, and the remainder was attributable to brands developed internally since 2019 and businesses acquired or developed prior to 2019. In the future, we expect to continue to grow revenue organically, as well as through acquisitions, joint ventures, and other strategic transactions.

### ***Employee Compensation Costs***

Employee compensation costs, or payroll and payroll-related costs, include salaries, bonuses, benefits, and stock-based compensation for employees classified within cost of revenue, sales and marketing, and general and administrative, and also includes sales commissions for sales and marketing employees.

During the three months ended March 31, 2022 we recorded stock-based compensation related to our 2021 Incentive Award Plan and our ESPP, and during the three months ended March 31, 2021, we recorded stock-based compensation related to our Class B Units.

We recognized stock-based compensation expenses related to our 2021 Incentive Award Plan and our ESPP of \$2.6 million during the three months ended March 31, 2022.

Stock-based compensation expense during 2021 is primarily related to the Class B Units. Prior to the Transactions, the Class B Units were classified as liabilities as opposed to equity and remeasured to fair value at the end of each reporting period, with the change in value being charged to stock-based compensation expense. Because the Class B Units were classified as liabilities on our consolidated balance sheet prior to the Transactions, all profits distributions made to the holders of the Class B Units were considered to be stock-based compensation expenses. We recognized stock-based compensation expenses related to the Class B Units of \$601.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2021.

Upon completion of the Transactions, all Class B Units fully vested as of the transaction date, and the original operating agreement was terminated and replaced by a new operating agreement consistent with the Company's Up-C structure. This new operating agreement does not contain the put and call options that existed under the previous operating agreement, and the Common Units are treated as common equity under the new operating agreement and do not generate stock-based compensation expense. Therefore, the Class B Units liability was reclassified to equity as of the transaction date and stock-based compensation expense associated with the Class B Units ceased after the transaction date.

Total stock-based compensation expenses include profits distributions to holders of Class B Units of \$5.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2021.

As a result of the Transactions, in which all Class B Units were converted into Common Units, we do not expect to continue recognizing stock-based compensation expenses related to the Class B Units for periods after the consummation of the Transactions. While going forward we do not expect to incur the levels of stock-based compensation expense we have historically as a result the liability-award classification of the Class B Units, we do expect to incur some stock-based compensation expense in the ordinary course.

The total amount of stock-based compensation expense included within each of the respective line items in the condensed consolidated statement of operations is as follows:

<i>(In thousands)</i>	<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>	
	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
Cost of revenue	\$ 532	\$ 114,348
Sales and marketing	565	14,070
General and administrative	1,491	472,657
Total stock based-compensation expense	<u>\$ 2,588</u>	<u>\$ 601,075</u>

#### ***Cost of Revenue***

Cost of revenue consists primarily of payroll and payroll-related costs associated with producing and publishing MarketWise's content, hosting fees, customer service, credit card processing fees, product costs, and allocated overhead. Cost of revenue is exclusive of depreciation and amortization, which is shown as a separate line item.

Within cost of revenue are stock-based compensation expenses related to the 2021 Incentive Award Plan and the ESPP of \$0.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022. Cost of revenue also includes stock-based compensation expenses related to the Class B Units of \$114.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2021, which includes profits distributions to holders of Class B Units of \$1.1 million.

We expect cost of revenue to increase as our business grows, including as a result of new acquisitions, joint ventures, and other strategic transactions. However, the level and timing of our variable compensation may not

match the pattern of how net revenue is recognized over the subscription term. Therefore, we expect that our cost of revenue will fluctuate as a percentage of net revenue in the future.

### ***Sales and Marketing***

Sales and marketing expenses consist primarily of payroll and related costs, amortization of deferred contract acquisition costs, agency costs, advertising campaigns, and branding initiatives. Sales and marketing expenses are exclusive of depreciation and amortization shown as a separate line item.

Within sales and marketing expenses are stock-based compensation expenses related to the 2021 Incentive Award Plan and ESPP of \$0.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022. Sales and marketing expenses also include stock-based compensation expenses related to the Class B Units of \$14.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2021, which includes profits distributions to holders of Class B Units of \$0.3 million.

We expect that our sales and marketing expense will increase in absolute dollars and continue to be our largest operating expense for the foreseeable future as we expand our sales and marketing efforts. However, because we incur sales and marketing expenses up front when we launch campaigns to drive sales, while we recognize net revenue ratably over the underlying subscription term, we expect that our sales and marketing expense will fluctuate as a percentage of our net revenue over the long term. Sales and marketing expenses may fluctuate further as a result of acquisitions, joint ventures, or other strategic transactions we undertake in the future.

### ***Research and Development***

Research and development expenses consist primarily of payroll and related costs, technical services, software expenses, and hosting expenses. Research and development expenses are exclusive of depreciation and amortization shown as a separate line item.

We expect that our research and development expense will increase in absolute dollars as our business grows, including as a result of new acquisitions, joint ventures, and other strategic transactions, particularly as we incur additional costs related to continued investments in our platform.

### ***General and Administrative***

General and administrative expenses consist primarily of payroll and related costs associated with our finance, legal, information technology, human resources, executive, and administrative personnel, legal fees, corporate insurance, office expenses, professional fees, and travel and entertainment costs.

Within general and administrative expenses are stock-based compensation expenses related to the 2021 Incentive Award Plan and the ESPP of \$1.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022. General and administrative expenses also include stock-based compensation expenses related to the Class B Units of \$472.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2021, which includes profits distributions to holders of Class B Units of \$4.3 million.

We expect to continue to incur additional general and administrative expenses as a result of operating as a public company, including costs to comply with the rules and regulations applicable to companies listed on a national securities exchange, costs related to compliance and reporting obligations pursuant to the rules and regulations of the SEC, and increased expenses for insurance, investor relations, and professional services. General and administrative expenses may fluctuate further as a result of acquisitions, joint ventures, or other strategic transactions we undertake in the future.

### ***Depreciation and Amortization***

Depreciation and amortization expenses consist of amortization of trade names, customer relationship intangibles, and software development costs, as well as depreciation on other property and equipment such as leasehold improvements, furniture and fixtures, and computer equipment. We expect depreciation and amortization expenses to increase on an absolute dollar basis as our business grows, including as a result of new acquisitions,



joint ventures, and other strategic transactions, but to remain generally consistent as a percentage of total net revenue.

***Related Party Expense***

Related party expenses primarily consist of expenses for certain corporate functions performed by a related party for certain historic periods, as well as board of director compensation and revenue share expenses. We have built our own corporate infrastructure and do not expect non-revenue share expenses from this related party in the future.

***Other Income (Expense), Net***

Other income, net primarily consists of the net gains on our embedded derivative instruments and on sales of cryptocurrencies.

***Interest (Expense) Income, Net***

Interest (expense) income, net primarily consists of interest income from our money market accounts, as well as interest expense on outstanding borrowings under the 2021 Credit Facility. See “—Liquidity and Capital Resources—Credit Facilities.”

***Net Income (Loss) Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests***

The Transactions occurred on July 21, 2021. As a result, net income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2021 was attributed to the pre-Transactions period from January 1, 2021 through July 21, 2021 and to the post-Transactions period from July 22, 2021 through December 31, 2021.

- Net income for the three months ended March 31, 2022 was fully in the post-Transactions period and therefore attributable to consolidated MarketWise, Inc. and its respective noncontrolling interests. As of March 31, 2022, MarketWise, Inc.’s controlling interest in MarketWise, LLC was 7.2% and the noncontrolling interest was 92.8%. Net income attributable to controlling interests included a \$6.7 million gain on warrant liabilities and a \$1.5 million tax provision, both of which are 100% attributable to the controlling interest.
- Net loss for three months ended March 31, 2021 was fully in the pre-Transactions period and therefore attributable to consolidated MarketWise, LLC and its respective noncontrolling interests.

## Results of Operations

The following table sets forth our results of operations for the periods presented:

<i>(In thousands)</i>	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2022	2021
Net revenue	\$ 136,620	\$ 119,341
Related party revenue	178	373
Total net revenue	136,798	119,714
Operating expenses:		
Cost of revenue <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	17,617	132,812
Sales and marketing <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	68,237	91,785
General and administrative <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	30,545	507,429
Research and development <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	2,278	1,778
Depreciation and amortization	604	751
Related party expense	97	20
Total operating expenses	119,378	734,575
Income (loss) from operations	17,420	(614,861)
Other income (expense), net	7,296	(227)
Interest (expense) income, net	(171)	5
Income (loss) before income taxes	24,545	(615,083)
Income tax expense	1,522	—
Net income (loss)	23,023	(615,083)
Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	17,198	(630)
Net income (loss) attributable to MarketWise, Inc.	\$ 5,825	\$ (614,453)

(1) Included within cost of revenue, sales and marketing, and general and administrative expenses are stock-based compensation expenses as follows:

<i>(In thousands)</i>	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2022	2021
Cost of revenue	\$ 532	\$ 114,348
Sales and marketing	565	14,070
General and administrative	1,491	472,657
Total stock-based compensation expense	\$ 2,588	\$ 601,075

(2) Cost of revenue, sales and marketing, general and administrative, and research and development expenses are exclusive of depreciation and amortization shown as a separate line item.

The following table sets forth our condensed consolidated statements of operations data expressed as a percentage of net revenue for the periods indicated:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2022	2021
Net revenue	100.0 %	100.0 %
Operating expenses:		
Cost of revenue <sup>(1)</sup>	12.9 %	110.9 %
Sales and marketing <sup>(1)</sup>	49.9 %	76.7 %
General and administrative <sup>(1)</sup>	22.3 %	423.9 %
Research and development <sup>(1)</sup>	1.7 %	1.5 %
Depreciation and amortization	0.4 %	0.6 %
Related party expense	0.1 %	— %
Total operating expenses	87.3 %	613.6 %
Income (loss) from operations	12.7 %	(513.6)%
Other income (expense), net	5.3 %	(0.2)%
Interest (expense) income, net	(0.1)%	0.0 %
Income (loss) before income taxes	17.9 %	(513.8)%
Income tax expense	1.1 %	— %
Net income (loss)	16.8 %	(513.8)%
Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	12.6 %	(0.5)%
Net income (loss) attributable to MarketWise, Inc.	4.3 %	(513.3)%

(1) Cost of revenue, sales and marketing, general and administrative, and research and development expenses are exclusive of depreciation and amortization shown as a separate line item.

#### Comparison of Three Months Ended March 31, 2022 and Three Months Ended March 31, 2021

##### Net Revenue

(In thousands)	Three Months Ended March 31,		\$ Change	% Change
	2022	2021		
Net revenue	\$ 136,798	\$ 119,714	\$ 17,084	14.3 %

Net revenue increased by \$17.1 million, or 14.3%, from \$119.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2021 to \$136.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022. The increase in net revenue was primarily driven by a \$11.3 million increase in lifetime subscription revenue and a \$7.2 million increase in term subscription revenue, partially offset by a \$1.4 million decrease in non-subscription revenue.

Both term and lifetime subscription revenue in first quarter 2022 benefited from the recognition of the deferred revenue we recorded in prior years. Lifetime subscription revenue, which is initially deferred and recognized over a five-year period, increased as a result of higher volume of lifetime subscriptions in current and prior years, which continued to benefit us in first quarter 2022.

## Operating Expenses

(In thousands)	Three Months Ended March 31,		\$ Change	% Change
	2022	2021		
Operating expenses:				
Cost of revenue	\$ 17,617	\$ 132,812	\$ (115,195)	(86.7)%
Sales and marketing	68,237	91,785	(23,548)	(25.7)%
General and administrative	30,545	507,429	(476,884)	(94.0)%
Research and development	2,278	1,778	500	28.1 %
Depreciation and amortization	604	751	(147)	(19.6)%
Related party expenses	97	20	77	385.0 %
Total operating expenses	\$ 119,378	\$ 734,575	\$ (615,197)	(83.7)%

### Cost of Revenue

Cost of revenue decreased by \$115.2 million, or 86.7%, from \$132.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2021 to \$17.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022, primarily driven by a decrease of \$114.3 million in stock-based compensation expense related to holders of Class B Units. This was partially offset by a \$1.8 million increase in salaries, taxes and benefits due to a higher headcount.

Approximately \$1.1 million of the decrease in Class B stock-based compensation expense was due to higher distributions, and \$113.3 million of the decrease was related to the change in fair value of the Class B units, both of which were related to the Transactions.

### Sales and Marketing

Sales and marketing expense decreased by \$23.5 million, or 25.7%, from \$91.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2021 to \$68.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022, primarily driven by a \$20.7 million decrease in marketing expense as we have reduced our marketing spend due to higher per unit subscriber acquisition costs resulting from higher post-COVID increases in demand for display advertising, and a \$14.1 million decrease in Class B stock-based compensation expense. This was partially offset by an \$8.2 million increase in deferred contract acquisition costs, and a \$2.2 million increase in payroll and payroll-related costs due to higher headcount.

Approximately \$0.3 million of the decrease in Class B stock-based compensation expense was due to higher distributions, and \$13.8 million of the decrease was related to the change in fair value and the accelerated vesting of the Class B units, all of which were related to the Transactions.

### General and Administrative

General and administrative expense decreased by \$476.9 million, or 94.0%, from \$507.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2021 to \$30.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022, primarily driven by a \$472.7 million decrease in Class B stock-based compensation expense, and a \$7.3 million decrease in incentive compensation and profits interest expenses. This was partially offset by a \$2.1 million increase in stock-based compensation expense related to awards under the 2021 Incentive Award Plan and the ESPP, and a \$1.5 million increase in payroll and payroll related costs due to higher headcount.

Approximately \$4.3 million of the decrease in Class B stock-based compensation expense was due to higher distributions, and \$468.4 million of the decrease was related to the change in fair value and the accelerated vesting of the Class B units, all of which were related to the Transactions.

## Non-GAAP Financial Measures

In addition to our results determined in accordance with GAAP, we believe that the below non-GAAP financial measures are useful in evaluating our operating performance. We use the below non-GAAP financial measures, collectively, to evaluate our ongoing operations and for internal planning and forecasting purposes. We believe that non-GAAP financial information, when taken collectively, may be helpful to investors because it provides consistency and comparability with past financial performance, and assists in comparisons with other companies, some of which use similar non-GAAP financial information to supplement their GAAP results. This non-GAAP financial information is presented for supplemental informational purposes only and should not be considered a substitute for financial information presented in accordance with GAAP, and may be different from similarly titled non-GAAP measures used by other companies. A reconciliation is provided below for each non-GAAP financial measure to the most directly comparable financial measure stated in accordance with GAAP. Investors are encouraged to review the related GAAP financial measures and the reconciliations of these non-GAAP financial measures to their most directly comparable GAAP financial measures.

(In thousands)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2022	2021
Adjusted CFFO	\$ 1,068	\$ 97,955
Adjusted CFFO Margin	0.8 %	38.4 %

### Adjusted CFFO / Adjusted CFFO Margin

In addition to our results determined in accordance with GAAP, we disclose the non-GAAP financial measure Adjusted CFFO. We define Adjusted CFFO as cash flow from operations plus profits distributions that were recorded as stock-based compensation expense from the Class B Units, plus or minus any non-recurring items. Profits distributions to Class B unitholders included amounts attributable to the Class B unitholders' potential tax liability with respect to the Class B Units (*i.e.*, there was no tax withholding, and the full amount of allocable profit was distributed, subject to the terms of the Existing LLC Agreement). We define Adjusted CFFO Margin as Adjusted CFFO as a percentage of Billings.

We believe that Adjusted CFFO and Adjusted CFFO Margin are useful indicators that provide information to management and investors about ongoing operating performance, to facilitate comparison of our results to those of peer companies over multiple periods, and for internal planning and forecasting purposes.

We have presented Adjusted CFFO because we believe it provides investors with greater comparability of our operating performance without the effects of stock-based compensation expense related to holders of Class B Units that will not continue following the consummation of the Transactions, in which all Class B Units were converted into Common Units. Following the consummation of the Transactions, we will make certain tax distributions to the MarketWise Members in amounts sufficient to pay individual income taxes on their respective allocation of the profits of MarketWise, LLC at then prevailing individual income tax rates. These distributions will not be recorded on MarketWise, Inc.'s income statement, and will be reflected on MarketWise, Inc.'s cash flow statement as cash used in financing activities. The cash used to make these distributions will not be available to us for use in the business.

Adjusted CFFO and Adjusted CFFO Margin have limitations as analytical tools, and should not be considered in isolation or as substitutes for analysis of other GAAP financial measures, such as cash flow from operations or operating cash flow margin. Some of the limitations of using Adjusted CFFO and Adjusted CFFO Margin are that these metrics may be calculated differently by other companies in our industry.

We expect Adjusted CFFO and Adjusted CFFO Margin to fluctuate in future periods as we invest in our business to execute our growth strategy. These activities, along with any non-recurring items as described above, may result in fluctuations in Adjusted CFFO and Adjusted CFFO Margin in future periods.

The following table provides a reconciliation of net cash provided by operating activities, the most directly comparable financial measure calculated in accordance with GAAP, to Adjusted CFFO for each of the periods presented:

<i>(In thousands)</i>	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2022	2021
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 1,068	\$ 92,304
Profits distributions to Class B unitholders included in stock-based compensation expense	—	5,651
Adjusted CFFO	<u>\$ 1,068</u>	<u>\$ 97,955</u>

The following table provides the calculation of net cash provided by operating activities margin as a percentage of total net revenue, the most directly comparable financial measure in accordance with GAAP, and Adjusted CFFO Margin for each of the periods presented:

<i>(In thousands)</i>	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2022	2021
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 1,068	92,304
Total net revenue	136,798	119,714
Net cash provided by operating activities margin	0.8 %	77.1 %
Adjusted CFFO	\$ 1,068	\$ 97,955
Billings	135,995	255,303
Adjusted CFFO Margin	<u>0.8 %</u>	<u>38.4 %</u>

Adjusted CFFO decreased by \$96.9 million, or 98.9%, from \$98.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2021 to \$1.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022, primarily driven by a decrease of \$119.3 million in Billings at an Adjusted CFFO Margin of 0.8%. Additionally, while per unit subscriber acquisition costs remained high in first quarter 2022, we did not decrease marketing expenditures as much as we might have otherwise, as our marketers continued to test investment themes amidst a volatile and changing market. Adjusted CFFO this quarter was further impacted by the adjustment for non-cash factors which reduced cash by \$1.7 million and net changes in working capital, excluding changes in deferred revenue and changes in deferred contract acquisition costs, which reduced cash by \$18.1 million, largely due to timing differences in the net receipt of cash.

#### **The Effect of the COVID-19 Pandemic**

COVID-19 was declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization and has spread across the globe, impacting worldwide activity and financial markets. COVID-19 has had a significant impact on the global supply chain, financial markets, trading activities, and consumer behavior, and the expected duration of these impacts remain uncertain.

We have continued to operate our business without much disruption during the pandemic, and we required our employees to work remotely in response to stay-at-home orders imposed by the U.S. and local governments in March 2020. While COVID-19 has impacted the sales and profitability of many companies' business over this period, it has not negatively impacted our net revenues so far, and our business has continued to perform well.

While it is not possible at this time to estimate the impact, if any, that COVID-19 will have on our business longer term, the continued spread of COVID-19 and the measures taken by governments, businesses, and other organizations in response to COVID-19 could adversely impact our business, financial condition, and our results of operations. For more information, see the "Risk Factors" and "Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" sections in our Annual Report.

## Liquidity and Capital Resources

### General

As of March 31, 2022, our principal sources of liquidity were cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash of \$126.2 million. Cash and cash equivalents are comprised of bank deposits, money market funds, and certificates of deposit. Restricted cash is comprised of reserves held with credit card processors for chargebacks and refunds. We have financed our operations primarily through cash received from operations, and our sources of liquidity have enabled us to make continued investments in supporting the growth of our business. Our 2021 Credit Facility (as defined and further discussed below) can be used to finance permitted acquisitions, for working capital and general corporate purposes. We expect that our operating cash flows, in addition to cash on hand, will enable us to continue to make investments in the future. We expect our operating cash flows to further improve as we increase our operational efficiency and experience economies of scale.

We believe that our existing cash and cash equivalents and cash flow from operations will be sufficient to support working capital and capital expenditure requirements for at least the next 12 months. Our future capital requirements will depend on many factors, including our subscription growth rate, subscription renewal activity, including the timing and the amount of cash received from subscribers, the pace of expansion of sales and marketing activities, the timing and extent of spending to support development efforts, the introduction of new and enhanced products, and the level of costs to operate as a public company. We may, in the future, enter into arrangements to acquire or invest in complementary businesses, products, and technologies.

We may be required to seek additional equity or debt financing. In the event that we require additional financing, we may not be able to raise such financing on terms acceptable to us or at all. If we are unable to raise additional capital or generate cash flows necessary to expand our operations and invest in continued innovation, we may not be able to compete successfully, which would harm our business, operations, and financial condition.

A substantial source of our cash is from our deferred revenue, which is included in the liabilities section of our condensed consolidated balance sheets. Deferred revenue consists of the unearned portion of customer Billings, which is recognized as net revenue in accordance with our revenue recognition policy. As of March 31, 2022, we had deferred revenue of \$711.6 million, of which \$317.9 million was recorded as a current liability and is expected to be recognized as net revenue over the next 12 months, provided all other revenue recognition criteria have been met.

As a result of the Transactions, we have incurred and expect that we will incur public company expenses related to our operations, *plus* payment obligations under the Tax Receivable Agreement, which we expect to be significant. MarketWise, Inc. intends to cause MarketWise, LLC to make distributions to MarketWise, Inc. in an amount sufficient to allow MarketWise, Inc. to pay its tax obligations and operating expenses, including distributions to fund any payments due under the Tax Receivable Agreement. If MarketWise, LLC does not have sufficient cash to fund distributions to MarketWise, Inc. in amounts sufficient to cover MarketWise, Inc.'s obligations under the Tax Receivable Agreement, it may have to borrow funds, which could materially adversely affect its liquidity and financial condition and subject it to various restrictions imposed by any such lenders. To the extent that MarketWise, Inc. is unable to make timely payments under the Tax Receivable Agreement for any reason, the unpaid amounts will be deferred and will accrue interest until paid. For additional information regarding the Tax Receivable Agreement, see the section entitled "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Liquidity and Capital Resources—Tax Receivable Agreement" in the Annual Report.

Furthermore, to the extent we have taxable income, we will make distributions to the MarketWise Members in amounts sufficient for the MarketWise Members to pay taxes due on their share of MarketWise income at prevailing individual income tax rates. Such amounts will be reflected in MarketWise, Inc.'s statement of cash flows as cash used in financing activities, and so will not decrease the amount of cash from operations or net income reflected in MarketWise, Inc.'s financial statements. However, such distributions will decrease the amount of cash available to us for use in our business.

### **Share Repurchase Program**

As previously disclosed in our Annual Report, on November 4, 2021, our Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$35.0 million in aggregate of shares of the Company's Class A common stock, with the authorization to expire on November 3, 2023. During the three months ended March 31, 2022, we repurchased 2,143,446 shares totaling \$11,491 in the aggregate, including fees and commissions of \$22.

For each share of Class A common stock the Company repurchases under the share repurchase program, MarketWise, LLC, the Company's direct subsidiary, will redeem one common unit of MarketWise, LLC held by the Company, decreasing the percentage ownership of MarketWise, LLC by the Company and relatively increasing the ownership by the other unitholders.

### **Credit Facility**

On October 29, 2021, MarketWise, LLC, entered into a loan and security agreement (the "Loan and Security Agreement") providing for up to \$150 million of commitments under a revolving credit facility (the "2021 Credit Facility"), including a \$5 million letter of credit sublimit, and allows for revolving commitments under the 2021 Credit Facility to be increased or new term commitments to be established by up to \$65 million. The existing lenders under the 2021 Credit Facility are entitled, but not obligated, to provide such incremental commitments. The 2021 Credit Facility has a term of three years, maturing on October 29, 2024.

The 2021 Credit Facility is guaranteed by MarketWise, LLC's direct and indirect material U.S. subsidiaries, subject to customary exceptions (the "Guarantors"), pursuant to a guaranty by the Guarantors in favor of HSBC Bank USA, National Association, as agent (the "Guaranty"). Borrowings under the 2021 Credit Facility are secured by a first-priority lien on substantially all of the assets of MarketWise, LLC and the Guarantors, subject to customary exceptions.

Borrowings will bear interest at a floating rate depending on MarketWise, LLC's Net Leverage Ratio (as defined in the Loan and Security Agreement). As of March 31, 2022, there were no outstanding advances under the 2021 Credit Facility.

The Loan and Security Agreement contains customary affirmative and negative covenants for transactions of this type, and contains financial maintenance covenants that require MarketWise, LLC to maintain an Interest Coverage Ratio and Net Leverage Ratio (both as defined in the Loan and Security Agreement), and provides for a number of customary events of default, which could result in the acceleration of obligations and the termination of lending commitments under the Loan and Security Agreement. As of March 31, 2022, we were in compliance with these covenants.

### **Cash Flows**

The following table presents a summary of our consolidated cash flows provided by (used in) operating, investing, and financing activities for the periods indicated:

<i>(In thousands)</i>	<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>	
	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 1,068	\$ 92,304
Net cash used in investing activities	(45)	(7,834)
Net cash used in financing activities	(14,347)	(14,169)

### **Operating Activities**

For the three months ended March 31, 2022, net cash provided by operating activities was \$1.1 million, primarily due to net income of \$23.0 million, adjusted for net non-cash items which reduced cash by \$1.7 million, and net changes in our operating assets and liabilities which reduced cash by \$20.3 million, largely due to timing differences in the net receipt of cash. The non-cash items include a change in fair value of derivative liabilities of



\$7.1 million, which was partially offset by stock-based compensation expense of \$2.6 million. The changes in operating assets and liabilities were primarily driven by an increase in deferred revenue of \$1.4 million due to our overall increase in sales, partially offset by an increase in accounts receivable of \$8.6 million due to an increase in the cash reserves currently held by our credit card processor, a decrease in accrued expenses of \$5.4 million, and a net increase in deferred contract acquisition costs of \$3.6 million.

For the three months ended March 31, 2021, net cash provided by operating activities was \$92.3 million, primarily due to net loss of \$615.1 million, adjusted for non-cash items which increased cash by \$596.9 million, and partially offset by net changes in our operating assets and liabilities which reduced cash by \$110.5 million. The non-cash adjustments primarily related to stock-based compensation income of \$595.4 million, which was driven by the increase in fair value of the Class B Units. The changes in operating assets and liabilities were primarily driven by an increase in deferred revenue of \$130.8 million due to our overall increase in sales, partially offset by a net increase in deferred contract acquisition costs of \$49.7 million.

#### ***Investing Activities***

For the three months ended March 31, 2022, net cash used in investing activities was \$0.0 million.

For the three months ended March 31, 2021, net cash used in investing activities was \$7.8 million, primarily driven by the payment of \$7.1 million related to the acquisition of Chaikin, and \$0.7 million to acquire intangible assets.

#### ***Financing Activities***

For the three months ended March 31, 2022, net cash used in financing activities was \$14.3 million, primarily due to \$11.5 million in share repurchases and \$2.9 million in distributions to noncontrolling interests.

For the three months ended March 31, 2021, net cash used in financing activities was \$14.2 million, primarily due to \$13.9 million in distributions to Class A members and \$0.3 million in distributions to noncontrolling interests.

#### **Critical Accounting Estimates**

Our condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with GAAP. The preparation of these condensed consolidated financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue, costs, and expenses, and related disclosures. On an ongoing basis, management evaluates its estimates and assumptions. Our actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

Management believes that, of our significant accounting policies, which are described in Note 2 to our consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021 in our Annual Report, the following accounting policies involve a greater degree of judgment and complexity. Accordingly, these are the policies management believes are the most critical to aid in fully understanding and evaluating our condensed consolidated financial condition and results of operations.

#### ***Revenue Recognition***

We primarily earn revenue from services provided in delivering subscription-based financial research, publications, and SaaS offerings to individual subscribers through our online platforms using the five-step method described in Note 2 to our consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021 in our Annual Report.

Subscription revenues are recognized evenly over the duration of the subscriptions, in an amount that reflects the consideration we expect to be entitled to in exchange for those services. Subscribers are typically billed in advance of the subscriptions. The key estimates related to our revenue recognition are related to our estimated customer lives for our lifetime subscriptions, determination of standalone selling prices, and the amortization period for our capitalized contract costs.

We also offer lifetime subscriptions where we receive an upfront payment upon entering into the contract and receive a lower amount annually thereafter. Certain upfront fees on lifetime subscriptions are paid in installments over a 12-month period and, from time to time, over multiple years. We recognize revenue related to lifetime subscriptions over the estimated customer lives, which is five years. Management has determined the estimated life of lifetime customers based on historic customer attrition rates. The estimated life of lifetime customers was five years for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, and for each of the years ended December 31, 2021, 2020, and 2019.

Our contracts with subscribers may include multiple performance obligations if subscription services are sold with other subscriptions, products, or events within one contract. For such contracts, we allocate net revenues to each performance obligation based on its relative standalone selling price. We generally determine standalone selling prices based on the prices charged to subscribers on a standalone basis.

We capitalize incremental costs that are directly related to the acquisition or renewal of customer contracts, to the extent that the costs are expected to be recovered and if we expect the benefit of these costs to be longer than one year. We have elected to utilize the practical expedient and expense costs to obtain a contract with a subscriber when the expected benefit period is one year or less. Our capitalizable incremental costs include sales commissions to employees and fees paid to marketing vendors that are generally calculated as a percentage of the customer sale. We also capitalize revenue share fees that are payable to other companies, including related parties, who share their customer lists with us for each successful sale we make to a customer from their list. Capitalized costs are amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the expected customer life and the expected benefit related directly to those costs, which is approximately four years. The amortization period for contract costs was approximately four years for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, and for each of the years ended December 31, 2021, 2020, and 2019.

#### ***Transactions and Valuation of Goodwill and Other Acquired Intangible Assets***

When we acquire a business, we allocate the fair value of purchase consideration to the tangible assets acquired, liabilities assumed, and intangible assets acquired based on their estimated fair values as of the acquisition date. The excess of the fair value of purchase consideration over the fair values of these identifiable assets and liabilities is recorded as goodwill.

Such valuations require management to make significant estimates and assumptions, especially with respect to intangible assets. Significant estimates in valuing assets acquired and liabilities assumed include, but are not limited to, future expected cash flows from acquired customers, trade names, acquired technology from a market participant perspective, and determining useful lives and discount rates. Management's estimates of fair value are based upon assumptions believed to be reasonable, but which are inherently uncertain and unpredictable and, as a result, actual results may differ from estimates. While management believes the assumptions and estimates it has made in the past have been appropriate, they are inherently uncertain and subject to refinement. During the measurement period, which is up to one year from the acquisition date, we may record adjustments to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed, with the corresponding offset to goodwill. Upon the conclusion of the measurement period, any subsequent adjustments are recorded to earnings. We did not have significant measurement period adjustments during the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, and for each of the years ended December 31, 2021, 2020, and 2019.

#### ***Stock-Based Compensation***

Historically, we granted Class B Units to certain key employees. Prior to the Transactions, the Class B Units were classified as liabilities as opposed to equity and remeasured to fair value at the end of each reporting period, with the change in value being charged to stock-based compensation expense. Because the Class B Units were classified as liabilities on our condensed consolidated balance sheet, all profits distributions made to the holders of the Class B Units were considered to be stock-based compensation expenses. Expense was recognized using the greater of the expenses as calculated based on (i) the legal vesting of the underlying units and (ii) a straight-line basis.

Because our Class B Units were not publicly traded, we estimated the fair value of our Class B Units. Historically, the fair values of Class B Units were estimated by our board of managers based on our equity value. Our board of managers considered, among other things, contemporaneous valuations of our equity value prepared by an unrelated third-party valuation firm in accordance with the guidance provided by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Practice Guide, Valuation of Privately-Held-Company Equity Securities Issued as Compensation. To estimate the fair value of the Class B Units, a two-step valuation approach was used. First our equity value was estimated using a market approach and a discounted cash flow approach by projecting our net cash flows into the future and discounting these cash flows to present value by applying a market discount rate. This calculated equity value was then allocated to the common units outstanding using an option pricing model by determining the distributions available to unit holders in a hypothetical liquidation. Our board of managers exercised reasonable judgment and considered several objective and subjective factors to determine the best estimate of the fair value of our Class B Units, including:

- our historical and expected operating and financial performance;
- current business conditions;
- our stage of development and business strategy;
- macroeconomic conditions;
- our weighted average cost of capital;
- risk-free rates of return;
- the volatility of comparable publicly traded peer companies; and
- the lack of an active public market for our equity units.

Upon consummation of the Transactions, the vesting of all outstanding awards was accelerated and each Class B Unit was exchanged for Common Units in MarketWise, LLC.

### **Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.**

We are exposed to certain market risks in the ordinary course of our business. These risks primarily include:

#### ***Credit Risk***

Our financial instruments that are exposed to concentrations of credit risk consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents. We had cash and cash equivalents of \$125.7 million and \$139.1 million as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively, which consisted of bank deposits, money market funds, and certificates of deposit. We hold cash with federally insured financial institutions that often exceed federally insured limits. We manage our credit risk by concentrating our cash deposits with high-quality financial institutions and periodically evaluating the credit quality of those institutions.

#### ***Interest Rate Risk***

Cash and cash equivalents are held primarily for working capital purposes. These interest-earning instruments are subject to interest rate risk. To date, fluctuations in interest income have not been significant. The primary objective of our investment activities is to preserve principal while maximizing income without significantly increasing risk. We do not enter into investments for trading or speculative purposes and have not used any derivative financial instruments to manage our interest rate risk exposure. Due to the short-term nature of our investments, we have not been exposed to, nor do we anticipate being exposed to, material risks due to changes in interest rates. A hypothetical 1% change in interest rates during any of the periods presented would not have had a material impact on our condensed consolidated financial statements.

We also have exposure in changing interest rates in connection with our Credit Facility. Interest rate risk is highly sensitive due to many factors, including U.S. monetary and tax policies, U.S. and international economic

factors, and other factors beyond our control. A hypothetical 1% increase or decrease in market interest rates during the three months ended March 31, 2022 would not result in a material change to our condensed consolidated financial statements.

#### ***Currency Exchange Risk***

We do not believe that foreign currency exchange has had a material effect on our business, results of operations, or financial condition. As the impact of foreign currency exchange rates has not been material to our historical results of operations, we have not entered into foreign currency derivative or hedging transactions, but may do so in the future if our exposure to foreign currency becomes more significant.

#### ***Inflation Risk***

We do not believe that inflation has had a material effect on our business, results of operations, or financial condition. However, if our costs were to become subject to significant inflationary pressures, we may not be able to fully offset higher costs through price increases, and our inability or failure to do so could potentially harm our business, financial condition, and results of operations.

### **Item 4. Controls and Procedures.**

#### **Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

Our management, with the participation of our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, evaluated, as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act). Based on that evaluation, and as a result of the material weaknesses described below, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that, as of March 31, 2022, our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective. In light of this fact, our management has performed additional analyses, reconciliations, and other post-closing procedures and has concluded that, notwithstanding the material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting, the condensed consolidated financial statements for the periods covered by and included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q fairly state, in all material respects, our financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the periods presented in conformity with U.S. GAAP.

As previously reported, in connection with the audit of our consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020, our management and auditors determined that material weaknesses existed in our internal control over financial reporting related to: (i) a lack of contemporaneous documentation and account reconciliation, and (ii) the lack of a formal or documented risk assessment process. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of our annual or interim consolidated financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

#### **Remediation Efforts to Address the Material Weaknesses**

We have taken a number of remediation actions during the year ended December 31, 2021 and during the three months ended March 31, 2022, and are continuing with our efforts. Remediation actions taken during the year ended December 31, 2021 and that continue during the three months ended March 31, 2022 include:

- hiring personnel with appropriate levels of experience in accounting, technology, and internal controls;
- engaging a professional accounting services firm to help us commence the documentation and assessment of our internal controls for complying with the Sarbanes-Oxley Act;
- implementing a risk assessment over financial reporting controls; and
- implementing new software tools.

While significant progress has been made to enhance our internal control over financial reporting, we are still in the process of building and enhancing our processes, procedures, and controls. Additional time is required to complete the remediation of these material weaknesses and the assessment to ensure the sustainability of these remediation actions. We believe the above actions, when complete, will be effective in the remediation of the material weaknesses described above. As such, we have concluded that the material weaknesses have not been fully remediated as of March 31, 2022.

#### **Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

Other than as described above, there have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting identified in connection with the evaluation required by Rule 13a-15(d) and 15d-15(d) of the Exchange Act that occurred during the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q that materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

#### **Inherent Limitations on Effectiveness of Controls**

Our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, believes that our disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting are designed to provide reasonable assurance of achieving their objectives and are effective at the reasonable assurance level. However, our management does not expect that our disclosure controls and procedures or our internal control over financial reporting will prevent all errors and all fraud. A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision making can be faulty, and that breakdowns can occur because of a simple error or mistake. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people, or by management override of the controls. The design of any system of controls is also based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions; over time, controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or the degree of compliance with policies or procedures may deteriorate. Because of the inherent limitations in a cost-effective control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected.

## **PART II—OTHER INFORMATION**

### **Item 1. Legal Proceedings.**

Not applicable.

**Item 1A. Risk Factors.**

*The risks described below could have a material adverse impact on our business, financial condition, or operating results. Although it is not possible to predict or identify all such risks and uncertainties, they may include, but are not limited to, the factors discussed below. The risks and uncertainties described below are not the only ones we face. Additional risks and uncertainties that we are unaware of, or that we currently believe are not material, may also become important factors that adversely affect our business or results of operations*

There have been no material changes in the risk factors disclosed in Part 1, Item 1A, of our Annual Report.

**Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.****Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities**

The following table sets forth the information with respect to purchases made by or on behalf of the Company of its common stock during the three months ended March 31, 2022:

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased <sup>(1)</sup>	Average Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of a Publicly Announced Plan	Maximum Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet to be Purchased Under the Plan <i>(in thousands)</i>
January 1 to January 31, 2022	425,039	\$6.31	425,039	\$ 28,984
February 1 to February 28, 2022	684,074	\$5.40	684,074	\$ 25,287
March 1 to March 31, 2022	1,034,333	\$4.92	1,034,333	\$ 20,196
Total	2,143,446		2,143,446	

(1) In November 2021, our Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$35.0 million in aggregate of shares of the Company's Class A common stock, with the authorization to expire on November 3, 2023.

**Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.**

Not applicable.

**Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.**

Not applicable.

**Item 5. Other Information.**

Not applicable.

**Item 6. Exhibits.**

The following exhibits are filed as part of, or incorporated by reference into, this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

<u>Exhibit No.</u>	<u>Description</u>
31.1	<a href="#">Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</a>
31.2	<a href="#">Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</a>
32.1	<a href="#">Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</a>
32.2	<a href="#">Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</a>
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document)

**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

**MARKETWISE, INC.**

Date: May 9, 2022

By:

/s/ Dale Lynch

Name:

Dale Lynch

Title:

Chief Financial Officer